

CURRICULUM
for
DIPLOMA
in
Information Technology
(Three years program-semester system)



Council for Technical Education and Vocational Training
Curriculum Development Division
Sanothimi, Bhaktapur
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Table of Contents

1. BACKGROUND:	4
2. INTRODUCTION:	4
3. COURSE TITLE:	4
4. PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES:	4
5. COURSE DESCRIPTION:	4
6. DURATION:	5
7. TARGET GROUP:	5
8. GROUP SIZE:	5
9. TARGET LOCATION:	5
10. ENTRY QUALIFICATION:	5
11. ENTRY CRITERIA:	5
12. SELECTION:	5
13. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION:	5
14. PATTERN OF ATTENDANCE:	5
15. TEACHER AND STUDENT RATIO:	5
16. TEACHERS AND DEMONSTRATORS:	6
17. INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA AND MATERIALS:	6
18. TEACHING LEARNING METHODOLOGIES:	6
19. MODE OF EDUCATION:	6
20. EXAMINATION AND MARKING SCHEME:	6
21. PROVISION OF BACK PAPER:	6
22. DISCIPLINARY AND ETHICAL REQUIREMENTS:	6
23. PASS MARKS:	7
24. GRADING SYSTEM:	7
25. CERTIFICATION AND DEGREE AWARDS:	7
26. CAREER PATH:	7
27. CURRICULUM AND CREDITS:	7
28. SUBJECTS CODES	7
29. PROVISION OF SPECIALIZATION:	7
29. COURSE STRUCTURE (DIPLOMA IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY):	8
FIRST YEAR	11
FIRST SEMESTER	12
कम्युनिकेसन नेपाली	१३
COMMUNICATION ENGLISH	15
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I	18
ENGINEERING PHYSICS I	21
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY I	26
ENGINEERING DRAWING I	30
COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS	33
COMPUTER PROGRAMMING IN C	35
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II	38
ENGINEERING PHYSICS II	41
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY II	46
LOGIC CIRCUITS	49
OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING IN C++	53
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	57
WEB TECHNOLOGY AND PROGRAMMING I	59
SECOND YEAR	62
THIRD SEMESTER	63

SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN	64
ENGINEERING MATHEMATIC III	66
DATA STRUCTURE & ALGORITHM	68
MICROPROCESSORS	73
ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS.....	75
FOURTH SEMESTER	77
PRINCIPLE OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING.....	78
SOFTWARE ENGINEERING.....	81
MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM.....	84
COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE	88
OPERATING SYSTEM	91
सामाजिक अध्ययन	९३
STATISTICS AND PROBABILITY	96
FIFTH SEMESTER.....	99
COMPUTER NETWORKS	100
DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.....	102
WEB TECHNOLOGY AND PROGRAMMING II	105
KNOWLEDGE ORGANIZATION AND INFORMATION ACCESS	108
PROJECT MANAGEMENT.....	109
TECHNICAL ENGLISH	110
(A) GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM.....	112
(B) COMPUTER SIMULATION AND MODELING.....	114
(C) IMAGE PROCESSING.....	116
(D) DISTRIBUTED PROCESSING	118
MINOR PROJECT	121
SIXTH SEMESTER.....	122
MULTIMEDIA TECHNOLOGY.....	123
E-COMMERCE	125
IT ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT	127
(E) DATA MINING & DATA WAREHOUSING	129
(F) INTERNET/INTRANET	131
(G) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	135
(H) COMPUTER GRAPHICS	137
(I) NUMERICAL METHODS	139
(J) ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING.....	141
(K) BUSINESS INFORMATION SYSTEMS	143
(M) TELECOMMUNICATION.....	148
SOCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL ISSUES IN IT	151
MAJOR PROJECT	154
EXPERTS INVOLVED:	155

1. Background:

Information Technology is emerging field in the engineering and technology sector. Many people in the developed countries, developing countries and under developed countries have been given emphasis for the broader application of Information Technology. This field has been helping the world for the over all development and it has been creating jobs opportunities both in public and private sectors as well as has been creating self employment opportunities immensely.

2. Introduction:

This curriculum is designed with the purpose of producing middle level technical workforce equipped with knowledge and skills related to the areas of Information Technology so as to meet the demand of such workforce in the country to contribute in the national streamline of poverty reduction of our country Nepal. This skills and knowledge included in this curriculum will be successful to deliver the individual needs and the needs in the field of information technology.

3. Course title:

Diploma in Information Technology (DIT)

4. Programme objectives:

This curriculum has following objectives:

1. To produce middle level competent technical workforce/human resources that could provide services public and private organizations as required.
2. To prepare such technicians who are able to work in services public and private organizations in general communication, banking and business sectors in particular.
3. To prepare such technical workforce who will demonstrate positive attitude and respect for the profession and socio-cultural values.
4. To help in meeting the demand of such technical workforce required for the public and private organizations of Nepal.
5. To reduce the dependence on employing such technicians from foreign countries.
6. To create self employment opportunities immensely.

5. Course description:

This course is based on the job required to perform by the information related technician at different related industries and organizations in Nepal. Therefore, this curriculum is designed to provide knowledge and skills focusing on Information Technology related to the occupation. The Diploma in Information Technology program extends over three years. Each year is divided into two semesters. There are six semesters in total within the period of three years. The first year course focuses on foundational subjects; the second year course focuses on basic disciplinary subjects of Information Technology. Similarly, the third year comprises of the disciplinary subjects including electives as well. Moreover, the third year focuses on the application of learned skills and knowledge as the minor and major projects.

The foundation subjects like Physics, Chemistry, and Mathematics are included and which are applicable in the field of Information Technology. It also includes language subjects like Nepali and English applicable for the communication in the same area. The disciplinary subjects offering in this

programme are included in all semesters. It makes provision of major and minor projects as well as elective subjects in the specific areas of Information Technology. The course structure and the subject wise contents that reflect the details of this curriculum. In short, this curriculum will guide its implementers to produce competent and highly employable middle level technical workforce in the field of information technology.

The contents of individual subjects prescribed in the curriculum are incorporated in the light of "must to know and must to do" principle of knowledge and skills for this level.

6. Duration:

The total duration of this curricular program is three years. Each year consists of two semesters of six months each. Moreover, one semester consist of 19.5 academic weeks including evaluation period. Actual teaching learning hours will be not less than 15 weeks in each semester.

7. Target group:

The target group for this programme will be all the interested individuals who have passed SLC with English, Science, and Mathematics or equivalent and related Technical SLC (TSLC).

8. Group size:

The group size will be maximum of 48(Forty eight) in a batch.

9. Target location:

The target location will be all over Nepal.

10. Entry qualification:

- The applicant for entry qualification for diploma in engineering course should have SLC pass or equivalent or Technical SLC (TSLC) in related subject. S/he should have English, Science, and Compulsory Mathematics in SLC.

11. Entry criteria:

- Should submit SLC or equivalent certificates
- Should pass entrance examination as administered by CTEVT
- Applicants fulfilling the minimum requirements will be selected for admission on the basis of merit
- Individuals of lower economic status preferred

12. Selection:

Applicants fulfilling the entry criteria will be selected for admission on the basis of merit.

13. Medium of instruction:

The medium of instruction will be in English and/or Nepali.

14. Pattern of attendance:

Minimum of 90% attendance in each subject is required to appear in the respective final examination

15. Teacher and student ratio:

- For theory: As per the nature of the course.
- For practical / demonstration: 1:10.
- For bench work: 1:5.
- 75 % of the teachers must be full timer.

16. Teachers and demonstrators:

- The teacher must be a master's degree holder in the related area with three years experience in the related field.
- The demonstrator must be bachelor's degree holder in the related area with two years experiences in training activities.

17. Instructional media and materials:

The following instructional media and materials are suggested for the effective instruction and demonstration.

- *Printed Media Materials* (Assignment sheets, Case studies, Handouts, Information sheets, Individual training packets, Procedure sheets, Performance Check lists, Textbooks etc.).
- *Non-projected Media Materials* (Display, Models, Flip chart, Poster, Writing board etc.).
- *Projected Media Materials* (Opaque projections, Overhead transparencies, Slides etc.).
- *Audio-Visual Materials* (Audiotapes, Films, Slide-tape programs, Videodiscs, Videotapes etc.).
- *Computer-Based Instructional Materials* (Computer-based training, Interactive video etc.).

18. Teaching learning methodologies:

The methods of teachings for this curricular program will be a combination of several approaches. Such as Illustrated Lecture, Tutorial, Group Discussion, Demonstration, Simulation, Guided practice, Practical experiences, Fieldwork, Report writing, Term paper presentation, Case analysis, Tutoring, Role-playing, Heuristic and Other Independent learning.

- Theory: Lecture, Discussion, Assignment, Group work.
- Practical: Demonstration, Observation, Guided practice and Self-practice.

19. Mode of education:

There will be inductive and deductive mode of education

20. Examination and marking scheme:

- The subject teacher will internally assess the students' achievement in each subject during the course followed by a final examination at the end of each semester.
- A weightage of 20% for the internal assessment and 80% for the semester wise final examination will be allocated for theoretical components of a subject.
- The final semester examinations of all theory components will be conducted through written tests.
- Generally the method of continuous assessment will be adopted for practical components.
- In some cases semester final examinations are also conducted for practical components as per the needs.
- Student who fails in the internal assessment will not be allowed to sit in the semester final examination and will also not allowed continuing the following semester study.

21. Provision of back paper:

There will be the provision of back paper but a student must pass all the subjects of all six semesters within six years from the enrolment.

22. Disciplinary and ethical requirements:

- Intoxication, insubordination or rudeness to peers will result in immediate suspension followed by review by the disciplinary review committee of the Polytechnic.
- Dishonesty in academic or practice activities will result in immediate suspension followed by administrative review, with possible expulsion.

- Illicit drug use, bearing arms on Polytechnic, threats or assaults to peers, faculty or staff will result in immediate suspension, followed by administrative review with possible expulsion.

23. Pass marks:

The students must secure minimum of 40% marks both in theory and practical (Lab). Moreover, the students must secure minimum of 40% marks in the internal assessment and 40% in the semester final examination of each subject to pass the subject

24. Grading system:

The overall achievement of each student will be measured by a final aggregate percentage of all final semester examinations and graded as follow: -

Marks division:

- Distinction : > or =80 %
- First division : 65 % to < 80 %
- Second division : 50 % to 65 %
- Pass : 40 % to < 50 %

25. Certification and degree awards:

- Students who have passed all the components of all the subjects of all semesters are considered to have successfully completed the course.
- Students who have successfully completed the course will be awarded by a degree of Diploma in Information Technology with completed elective subjects.

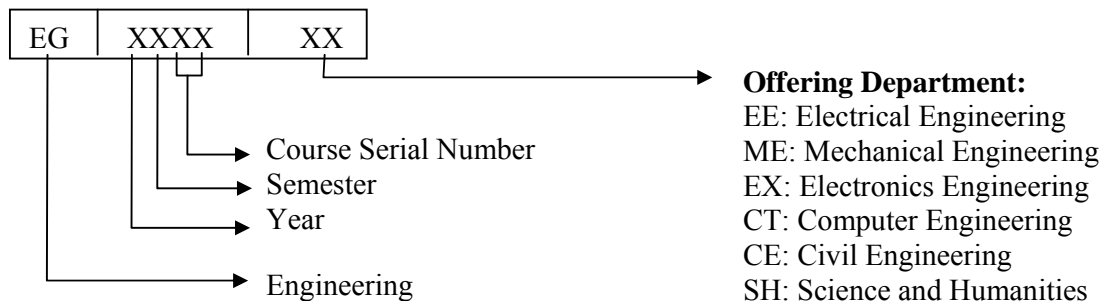
26. Career path:

The graduates will be eligible for the position equivalent to Non-gazetted 1st class (technical) as information Technician or as prescribed by the Public Service Commission of Nepal. The graduate will be eligible for registration with the related Council in the grade as provisioned in the related Council Act (if any).

27. Curriculum and credits:

In this curriculum each subject has its code; full marks; and credit hours divided into lecture hours, tutorial hours, and practical hours.

28. Subjects Codes



29. Provision of specialization:

There will be no provision of specializing but some subjects are offered here as the elective subjects; viz Geographical Information System, Computer Simulation and Modeling, Image Processing, Distributed Processing, Data Mining and Data Warehousing, Internet /Intranet, Artificial Intelligence, Computer Graphics, Numerical Methods, Enterprise Resource Planning, Business Information System (BIS) and Telecommunication.

29. Course structure (Diploma in Information Technology):

Year: I Part: I

S.N	Code No	Subject	Mode				Total Hours		Distribution of Marks						
									Theory			Practical			Total
			L	T	P	Lab	Week	Sem.	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	
1	EG 1101 SH	Communication Nepali	2	À!	À!	!	2	30	10	40	1.5	À!	À!	À!	50
2	EG 1102 SH	Communication English	2	À!	À!	!	2	30	10	40	1.5	À!	À!	À!	50
3	EG 1103 SH	Engineering Mathematics I	4	1	À!	!	5	75	20	80	3	À!	À!	À!	100
4	EG 1104 SH	Engineering Physics I	3	1		2	6	90	20	60	3	10	10	À!	100
5	EG 1105 SH	Engineering Chemistry I	3	1		2	6	90	20	60	3	10	10	À!	100
6	EG 1107 CT	Computer Fundamentals	3	1	3		7	105	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
7	EG 1106 ME	Engineering Drawing I	1	À!	3		4	60	-	À!	À!	60	40	4	100
8	EG 1109 CT	Computer Programming in C	3	2		3	8	120	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
Total			21	6	6	7	40	600	120	440		140	100		800

Year: I Part: II

S.N	Code No	Subject	Mode				Total Hours		Distribution of Marks						
									Theory			Practical			Total
			L	T	P	Lab	Week	Sem.	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	
1	EG 1201 SH	Engineering Mathematics II	3	1	À!	!	4	60	20	80	3	À!	À!	À!	100
2	EG 1202 SH	Engineering Physics II	3	1		2	6	90	20	60	3	10	10	À!	100
3	EG 1203 SH	Engineering Chemistry II	3	1		2	6	90	20	60	3	10	10	À!	100
4	EG 1204 EX	Logic Circuits	3	À!		3	6	90	20	60	3	10	10	À!	100
5	EG 1205 CT	Object Oriented Programming in C++	3	À!		3	6	90	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
6	EG 1207 EE	Electrical Engineering	3	-	3		6	90	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
7	EG 1208 CT	Web Technology & Programming I	3	À!		3	6	90	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
Total			21	3	3	13	40	600	140	500		120	90		850

Year: II Part: I

S.N	Code No	Subject	Mode				Total Hours		Distribution of Marks						
									Theory			Practical			Total
			Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours							
L	T	P	Lab	Week	Sem.										
1	EG 2103 CT	System Analysis & Design	4	-	3	-	7	105	20	80	3	25	À!	À!	125
2	EG 2104 SH	Engineering Mathematics III	3	1	-	-	4	60	20	80	3	À!	À!	À!	100
3	EG 2105 CT	Data Structure & Algorithm	3	1	-	3	7	105	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
4	EG 2106 CT	Visual Programming	3	1	-	3	7	105	20	80	3	30	20		150
5	EG 2107 EX	Microprocessors	3	1	3	-	7	105	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
6	EG 2108 EX	Electronic Devices & Circuits	4	1	-	3	8	120	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
Total			20	5	6	9	40	600	120	480		145	80		

Year: II Part: II

S.N	Code No	Subject	Mode				Total Hours		Distribution of Marks						
									Theory			Practical			Total
			Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours							
L	T	P	Lab	Week	Sem.										
1	EG 2201 EX	Principle of Communication Engineering	4	1	-	3	8	120	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
2	EG 2202 CT	Software Engineering	4	-	-	3	7	105	20	80	3	25	À!	À!	125
3	EG 2203 CT	Management Information System	4	-	3		7	105	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
4	EG 2204 CT	Computer Architecture	4	-	3		7	105	20	80	3	30	20	3	150
5	EG 2205 CT	Operating System	3	-	-	2	5	75	20	80	3	25	À!	À!	125
6	EG 2206 SH	Social Studies	2	-	-		2	30	10	40	2	À!	À!	À!	50
7	EG 2207 SH	Statistics & Probability	3	1	-		4	60	20	80	3	À!	À!	À!	100
Total															

Year: III Part: I

S.N	Code No	Subject	Mode				Total Hours			Distribution of Marks						
										Theory			Practical			Total
			Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours								
			L	T	P	Lab	Week	Sem.								
1	EG 3101 CT	Computer Networks	3	-	3	-	6	90	20	80	3	25			125	
2	EG 3102 CT	Database Management System	3	-	3	-	6	90	20	80	3	30	20	3	150	
3	EG 3103 CT	Web Technology and Programming II	4	-	-	3	7	105	20	80	3	30	20	3	150	
4	EG 3104 CT	Knowledge Organization and Information Access	3	-	-	-	3	45	20	80	3	À!	À!	À!	100	
5	EG 3105 CT	Project Management	3	1	-	-	4	60	10	40	1.5	À!	À!	À!	50	
6	EG 3106 SH	Technical English	3	-	-	-	3	45	10	40	1.5	25	À!	À!	75	
7	EG 3107 CT	Elective - I	4	1	-	3	8	120	20	80	3	30	20	3	150	
		(a) Geographical Information System	!	!					!	!	!					
		(b) Computer Simulation and Modeling	!	!					!	!	!					
		(c) Image Processing	!	!					!	!	!					
		(d) Distributed Processing	!	!					!	!	!					
8	EG 3108 CT	Minor Project				3	3		À!	À!	À!	30	20	3	50	
		Total	23	2	6	9	40	600	120	480		170	80			

Year: III Part: II

S.N	Code No	Subject	Mode				Total Hours			Distribution of Marks						
										Theory			Practical			Total
			Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours	Assessment Marks	Final Marks	Time Hours								
			L	T	P	Lab	Week	Sem.								
1	EG 3201 CT	Multimedia Technology	3	1		3	7	105	20	80	3	25	À!	À!	125	
2	EG 3202 CT	E-commerce	3	1		3	7	105	20	80	3	25	À!	À!	125	
3	EG 3203 CT	IT Entrepreneurship Development	4	1	2		7	105	20	80	3	25	À!	À!	125	
4	EG 3204 CT	Elective - II	4	1		3	8	120	20	80	3	30	20		150	
		(e) Data Mining and Data Warehousing										!	!	!		
		(f) Internet /Intranet										!	!	!		
		(g) Artificial Intelligence										!	!	!		
		(h) Computer Graphics										!	!	!		
		(i) Numerical Methods										!	!	!		
		(j) Enterprise Resource Planning										!	!	!		
		(k) Business Information System (BIS)										!	!	!		
		(l) Decision Support System										!	!	!		
		(m) Telecommunication										!	!	!		
5	EG 3205 CT	Social and Professional issues in IT	3	—	—		3	45	10	40	1.5	À!	À!	À!	50	
6	EG 3206 CT	Major Project	—	—	8		8	120	À!	À!	À!	120	80	À!	200	
		Total	17	4	10	9	40	600	90	360		225	100	3		

First Year
(First and Second Semesters)

First Semester

Subjects:

- | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | EG 1101 SH | Communication Nepali |
| 2 | EG 1102 SH | Communication English |
| 3 | EG 1103 SH | Engineering Mathematics I |
| 4 | EG 1104 SH | Engineering Physics I |
| 5 | EG 1105 SH | Engineering Chemistry I |
| 6 | EG 1106 ME | Engineering Drawing I |
| 7 | EG 1107 CT | Computer Fundamental |
| 8 | EG 1109 CT | Computer Programming in C |

कम्युनिकेसन नेपाली

ई.जी. १९०९ एस.एच.

वर्ष: प्रथम
सेमेष्टर: प्रथम

जम्मा: २ घण्टा/ हप्ता
प्रवचन: २ घण्टा/ हप्ता
विशेष: घण्टा/ हप्ता
प्रयोगात्मक: घण्टा/ हप्ता
प्रयोगशाला: घण्टा/ हप्ता

कोर्षको परिचय

यस विषयमा विद्यार्थीहरूले भावी व्यवसायमा प्रभावकारी ढङ्गले सञ्चार गर्नका लागि आवश्यक पर्ने ज्ञान र सीपसँग सम्बन्धित नेपाली सञ्चारात्मक भाषा, लेखन सीप, र कृति परिचयको ढाँचा गरी जम्मा ३ वटा एकाईहरू सभावेश गरिएका छन् ।

कोर्षको उद्देश्य :

यस पाठ्यांशको अध्ययनबाट विद्यार्थीहरूले निम्नलिखित भाषिक क्षमता विकास गर्न सक्नेछन्:-

- १ आफ्नो व्यावसायिक कार्य क्षेत्रमा प्रभावकारी सञ्चार गर्न
- २ आफ्नो व्यवसायसँग सम्बन्धित विविध लेखन सीप प्रदर्शन गर्न
- ३ कार्य सम्पादनमा आवश्यक परिस्थितिजन्य संवाद गर्न ।

पाठ्यांशको विषयवस्तु

एकाइ १ संचारात्मक नेपाली भाषा

[७]

१.१ भाषिक भेदको परिचय

- मौखिक र लिखित
- औपचारिक र अनौपचारिक
- अमानक र मानक
- सामान्य र प्रयोजनपरक (विशिष्ट) भेदको सोदाहरण परिचय

१.२ दैनिक कार्यमा प्रयोग हुने भाषाको ज्ञान र प्रयोग

- अनुरोध तथा आदेश/निर्देशन गर्ने भाषाको ज्ञान र प्रयोग
- सोझै गरिने कामहरूमा प्रयोग हुने भाषाको ज्ञान र प्रयोग
- प्रश्नात्मक र वर्णनात्मक भाषाको ज्ञान र प्रयोग

एकाइ २ लेखन सीप

[१८]

२.१ बोध, बुँदाटिपोट, सङ्क्षेपीकरण र शब्दभण्डारको ज्ञान र अभ्यास

- अनुच्छेद लेखन
- संवाद लेखन
- बुँदा लेखन
- सारांश लेखन
- पत्र लेखन (निमन्त्रणा पत्र, सूचना, सम्पादकलाई चिठी र निवेदन आदि)

- निबन्ध लेखन
 - प्राविधिक तथा पारिभाषिक शब्दहरूको ज्ञान र प्रयोग
- २.२ शब्द निर्माणको अभ्यास
- उपसर्ग
 - प्रत्यय, (कृत् तथा तद्धित)
 - समास
- २.३ प्राविधिक/पारिभाषिक शब्दहरूको शब्दस्रोत,
- वर्णविन्यास (प्राविधिक शब्दका सन्दर्भमा आवश्यक मात्र)
 - अर्थ र व्युत्पत्तिका लागि शब्दकोशको प्रयोगको अभ्यास
- २.४ प्रतिवेदन लेखन

एकाइ ३ कृति परिचय

[५]

निम्न लिखित ढाँचामा तलका कृतिको परिचय लेख्ने अभ्यास

- ३.१ कृतिहरू:
- सौर्य उर्जा
 - ट्रेड कोर्श (कालिगढ तालिम) : एक परिचय : इ.अ.सं. पश्चिमाञ्चल क्याम्पस पोखरा ।
 - भुकम्पबाट सुरक्षित रहन गर्नु पूर्व तयारी: भूकम्प प्रविधि राष्ट्रिय समाज नेपाल ।
 - इन्जिनियरिङ नेपाली: लालानाथ सुवेदी ।
 - सिंचाई प्रविधि ज्ञान : भोजराज रेग्मी, त्रि. वि. पाठ्यक्रम विकास केन्द्र
- ३.२ कृति परिचयको ढाँचा
- कृतिको नाम:
 - कृतिकारको नाम:
 - कृतिका मुख्य विषय: (एक अनुच्छेद)
 - कृतिको महत्व: (एक अनुच्छेद)
 - कृतिले आफूलाई पारेको प्रभाव : (छोटो एक अनुच्छेद)
 - कृतिको भाषा शैली: (छोटो एक अनुच्छेद)
 - कृतिको कमी, कमजोरी र सुझाव: (छोटो एक अनुच्छेद)

सिकाई सामग्रीहरू

- त्रि. वि. पाठ्यक्रम विकास केन्द्र, अनिवार्य नेपाली शिक्षण निर्देशन, काठमाण्डौ
- लालानाथ सुवेदी, इन्जिनियरिङ नेपाली विद्यार्थी पुस्तक भण्डार, भोटाहिटी, काठमाण्डौ ।
- लालानाथ सुवेदी, नेपाली व्याकरण, बोध/रचना (सम्बन्धित अंश मात्र) विद्यार्थी पुस्तक भण्डार, भाटाहिटी, काठमाण्डौ ।
- गोरखापत्र, कान्तिपुर आदि पत्रिका सम्पादकीय, टिप्पणी र लेखहरू ।
- प्रशिक्षकहरूले आफ्नो पुस्तक तयार गर्न वा बजारमा पाइने सामग्री छानेर पढाउन सक्ने, तर परीक्षा महाशाखालाई यसको पूर्व जानकारी दिनुपर्ने ।

Communication English

Code: EG 1102 SH

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 2 hour /week
Lecture: 2 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of four units related to communicative English; writing skills in English; English sounds and structures; and English conversation practices so as to equip the students with the skills and knowledge of communication in English language in order to have an effective and efficient job performance through occupational communication in the workplace.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this subject, students will be able to:

1. communicate in English language at work/job environment
2. define and use trade related technical terminologies
3. demonstrate various writing skills related to the job
4. demonstrate situational/structural conversation essential for job performance

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Communicative English:

[3]

- 1.1. The structure of English:
 - Introduction
 - Grammatical units:
 - The word
 - The phrase
 - The clause
 - The sentence
 - The grammatical structures:
 - The structure of the phrase
 - The structure of the clause
 - The structure of sentence (functions)
 - The structure of sentence (realizations)
- 1.2. Everyday functions.
- 1.3. Requests and offers.
- 1.4. Direct functions.
- 1.5. Asking about / expressing.
- 1.6. Asking about / stating.
- 1.7. Functions of English.
- 1.8. Using dictionary
- 1.9. Reading comprehension
- 1.10. Collection and definitions of trade related terminologies

- Unit 2. Writing skills in English:** [15]
- 2.1 Writing paragraphs
 - 2.2 Writing dialogues
 - 2.3 Writing Précis
 - 2.4 Writing summaries
 - 2.5 Writing letters:
 - Applications
 - Official letters
 - Business letters
 - Invitation letters
 - 2.6 Writing essays
 - 2.7 Writing reports:
 - General reports
 - Technical reports
 - Needs assessment reports
 - Review reports
 - 2.8 Writing resumes
 - 2.9 Writing bibliographies
 - 2.10 Writing minutes
 - 2.11 Writing notes
 - 2.12 Writing proposals:
 - Technical proposals
 - Academic proposals
 - 2.13 Writing for action
 - 2.14 Writing for job
 - 2.15 Writing technical articles:
 - 2.16 Using technical journals/articles
 - 2.17 Writing instructions
 - 2.18 Introduction to writing technical manuals
 - 2.19 Writing memos
- Unit 3. English sounds and structures:** [4]
- 3.1 Definitions of phonology, sounds of English, morphology, lexicology, syntax, and semantics
 - 3.2 Sounds of English:
 - The vowels
 - The consonants
 - Consonant clusters
 - Vowel sequences
 - Syllable structure
 - Stress
 - Intonation
- Unit 4. English conversation practices and guidance:** [8]
- 4.1. Situational conversation
 - 4.2. Structural conversation
 - 4.3. Familiarization with English spoken skills for employment during the stage of visa application to workstation in abroad.

- 4.4. Guidance for:
- TOEFL preparation
 - IELTS preparation
 - Group discussion and presentation
 - Seminar conduction

Learning materials:

1. Poudel, R.C., A Manual to Communicative English, K.P.Pustak Bhandar, Kathmandu, 1956/57.
2. Shah ,B.L.,Atext book of writing skills in English, First edition Hira Books Enterprises, Kathmandu,
3. Fruehling, R. T. and Oldham N. B., Write to the point, McGraw- Hill, Inc. New York NY 10020
4. Tayior, G., English conversation practice, 1975.
5. Maharjan L. B..A textbook of English sounds and Structures, Vidyarthi Pustak Bhandar, Kathmandu, 2000.
6. Todd, LAN introduction to Linguistics, Longman York press, 1991.
7. References to be selected by the related lecturer(s) from among the texts available in the market that meet the content needs of this subject.
8. The related institute may develop its own textbook and approve from the related authority so as to have a prescribed textbook of this subject.

Engineering Mathematics I

EG 1103 SH

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 5 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of four units related to trigonometry; coordinate geometry; algebra; and calculus necessary to develop mathematical background helpful for the understanding and practicing the related engineering works.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to explain the concepts of the followings and apply them in the field of related engineering area

1. Trigonometric ratios and equations, inverse circular functions and properties of triangles
2. Straight lines, angle between lines, circle and parabola
3. The progressions, permutations and combinations, binomial theorem, exponential and logarithmic series as well as the quadratic and polygonal equations
4. Sets, limit and continuity, derivatives, integration and integrals.

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Trigonometry: [16]

- 1.1. Review of trigonometric ratios:
 - Basic trigonometric formulae
 - Identities and conditional identities.
- 1.2. Trigonometric equations:
 - Periodicity of trigonometric functions
 - General solutions of the following equations:
 - $\sin x = k$, $\cos x = k$ and $\tan x = k$ and using trigonometric equations.
- 1.3. Inverse circular functions:
 - Domain and their graphs
 - Formulae involving inverse circular functions
 - Simple identities and equations involving circular functions
- 1.4. Properties of triangles:
 - The sin law
 - The cosine law
 - The projection law
 - The half angle formulae
 - The area of a triangle
 - The encircles and ex-circles of a triangle

Unit 2. Coordinate Geometry: [16]

- 2.1 Straight lines:
 - The three standard forms of equations of a line.

- The linear equation: $ax + by + c = 0$.
 - Any line through the intersection of two lines.
 - Concurrency of lines.
- 2.2 Angle between two lines:
- Bisectors of angles between two lines
 - Pair of lines
 - Homogeneous equation of second degree
 - General equation of second degree representing two lines
 - Angle between a pair of lines
 - Bisectors of the angles for a line pair
 - Lines joining the origin to the points of intersection of a curve and a line
- 2.3. Circle:
- Standard equation
 - General form
 - Tangents and normal
- 2.4. Parabola:
- Standard equation
 - Tangents and normal

Unit 3. Algebra: **[8]**

- 3.1. Progressions:
- A.P., G.P. and H.P.
- 3.2. Permutations and combinations
- 3.3. The binomial theorem for any index
- 3.4. Series:
- Exponential & logarithmic
- 3.4. Equations:
- Quadratic & polynomial

Unit 4. Calculus: **[20]**

- 4.1 Idea of set, set notations, set operations,
- 4.2. Venn diagram,
- 4.3. The set of real members and its subsets.
- 4.4. The absolute value of a real number.
- 4.5. Functions- algebraic and transcendental.
- 4.6. Graphs of simple function.
- 4.7. Limit of community.
- 4.8. Derivatives from definition of simple functions like:
- x^n , $(ax+b)^n$, $\sin(ax + b)$, e^{ax} , ax , and $\log x$.
- 4.9. Derivatives of sum, difference, product and quotient of functions, chain rule, parametric and implicit functions
- 4.10. Integration, Rules for finding integrals.
- 4.11. Standard integrals and their uses.
- 4.12. Definite integrals- definition and evaluation.
- 4.13. Definite integral as limit of sum.

Learning materials:

1. References to be selected by the related lecturer(s) from among the texts available in the market that meet the content needs of this subject.
2. The related institute may develop its own textbook and approve from the related authority so as to have a prescribed textbook of this subject.

Engineering Physics I

EG 1104 SH

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 2 hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of four units related to mechanics, heat and thermodynamics, optics, and magnetism necessary to develop background in physics that supports for the understanding and practicing the related engineering works.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to explain the basic concepts related to the followings and apply them in the field of the related engineering area.

1. Mechanics.
2. Heat and thermodynamics.
3. Optics.
4. Magnetism.

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Mechanics: [14]

- 1.1 Basic units and measurements:
 - Measurement of physical quantities
 - Introductory ideas about dimensions of physical quantities.
 - Scalar and Vector: definitions and examples, dot and cross product of two vectors
 - Composition and resolution of vectors.
- 1.2 Newton's laws of motion:
 - Newton's laws of motion (First, second and third laws)
 - Principle of conservation of linear momentum
 - Solid friction: Dynamic and rolling friction, laws of solid friction and its verification
- 1.3. Uniform circular motion:
 - Angular displacement and velocity.
 - Centripetal force and acceleration.
 - Motion of bicycle rider and banked track
- 1.4. Gravitation:
 - Newton's law of universal gravitation.
 - Gravitational attraction of earth:
 - Acceleration due to gravity.
 - Variation of acceleration due to gravity with height, depth, and latitude.
 - Motion of satellites:

- Orbital velocity,
- Geostationary satellites.
- Weightlessness.
- 1.5. Work, energy, and power:
 - Definition and units of work, energy and power.
 - Potential and kinetic energy.
 - Conservation of energy.
 - Conservative forces.
 - Transformation of energy.
 - Power efficiency.
- 1.6. Simple harmonic motion (SHM):
 - Simple harmonic motion and its characteristics.
 - Period, frequency, and amplitude of simple harmonic motion.
 - Speed and acceleration in simple harmonic motion.
 - Energy of simple harmonic motion.
 - Simple pendulum.
- 1.7. Rotation of rigid bodies:
 - Forces in equilibrium, torque, couple, C.G. and center of mass.
 - Moment of inertia.
 - Angular momentum and
 - Its conservation.
 - Work done by torque.

Unit 2. Heat and thermodynamics:

[11]

- 2.1 Heat Phenomena and Quantity of Heat:
 - Concept of temperature and thermal equilibrium.
 - Temperature of scales.
 - Quantity of heat gain or heat loss.
 - Specific heat capacity.
 - Determination of heat capacity by the method of mixtures.
 - Newton's law of cooling.
- 2.2 Change of Phase:
 - States of matter.
 - Fusion and vaporization.
 - Evaporation and boiling.
 - Specific latent heats of fusion and vaporization.
 - Melting and boiling points.
 - Saturated and unsaturated vapors.
 - Variation of melting and boiling points with pressure.
 - Triple point and critical point.
 - Dew point and humidity.
- 2.3 Thermal Expansion:
 - Coefficients of linear, superficial and cubical expansions of solid and relation between them.
 - Cubical expansion of liquids.
 - Real and apparent expansions.
 - Variation of density due to expansion.

- Barometric height correction.
- 2.4 Heat Transfer:
 - Thermal conduction conductivity and determination of the coefficient of thermal conductivity.
 - Convection and convection coefficient.
 - Radiation.
 - Perfectly black body.
 - Stefan-Boltzman's law of black body radiation.
- 2.5 Gas Laws:
 - Boyle's law,
 - Charles law and ideal gas equation.
 - Universal gas constant,
 - Avogadro number and Boltzman constant.
 - Volume and pressure coefficients of ideal gas.
- 2.6 Kinetic Theory of Gases:
 - Pressure in an ideal gas from molecular point of view.
 - RMS speed, mean energy of a molecule of an ideal gas.
- 2.7 Thermodynamics:
 - First law of thermodynamics.
 - Different thermodynamic process:
 - Adiabatic,
 - isothermal and
 - Isobaric.
 - Specific and molar heat capacities for different thermodynamic processes, $C_p - C_v = R$.
 - Second law of thermodynamics.
 - Carnot engine, Otto cycle and their efficiencies.

Unit 3. Optics:

[10]

- 3.1 Light and Illumination:
 - Nature of light, sources of light, rays.
 - Luminous flux.
 - Luminous intensity of a point source.
- 3.2 Reflection and Refraction by plane Surfaces:
 - Review of reflection and refraction by plane surfaces.
 - Speed of light in different media.
 - Deviation due to reflection and refraction.
 - Phenomenon of total internal reflection, critical angle.
 - Real and apparent depth.
 - Determination of reflective index.
- 3.3 Reflection by Spherical Surfaces:
 - Review of reflection by spherical surfaces.
 - Method of construction of image by ray diagrams.
 - Real and virtual images.
 - Nature of images formed by spherical mirrors.
 - Spherical aberration: parabolic mirror.
 - Uses of Mirrors: driving mirror of a car, field of view.

- 3.4 Refraction through Prisms and Lenses:
- Deviation due to prism and minimum deviation.
 - Refraction through lenses.
 - Lens maker equation.
 - Converging lens, diverging lens and thin lens equation.
 - Formation of images by lenses.
 - Combination of lenses.
 - Magnification,
 - Power of a lens.
 - Uses of lenses:
 - simple microscope,
 - compound microscope and
 - Telescope
 - Human eye.

Unit 4. Magnetism:

[10]

- 4.1 Magnets and Magnetic fields:
- Magnetic poles, magnetic moment, magnetic axis, and magnetic meridian.
 - Magnetic field.
 - Coulomb's law for magnetism.
 - Magnetic field due to magnetic poles and bar magnets.
 - Intensity and flux density of magnetic field.
 - Neutral point.
 - Tangent law.
 - Deflection and oscillation magnetometer.
- 4.2. Earth's Magnetism:
- Horizontal and vertical components of earth's magnetic field.
 - Declination and angle of dip.
- 4.3. Magnetic properties of materials;
- Molecular and modern theory of magnetism.
 - Para magnetism and diamagnetism:
 - Permeability and
 - Susceptibility.
 - Intensity of magnetization.
 - Domain theory of ferromagnetism.
 - Hysterisis

Engineering Physics Practical I

[30]

1. Determine volume of hallow cylinder by using vernier calipers.
2. Determine density of a steel / glass ball by using screw gauge.
3. Determine thickness of glass plate using spherometer and calculate the area by using millimeter graph paper.
4. Determine the acceleration due to gravity by using simple pendulum.
5. Determine the magnetic movement of a bar magnet by using deflection magnetometer.
6. Determine the refractive index of the material of prism.
7. Determine specific heat capacity of solid by the method of mixtures.
8. Determine specific latent heat of ice by the method of mixtures.
9. Determine specific gravity of different solids by up thrust method.
10. Determine focal length of a converging lens by displacement method.

Learning materials:

1. References to be selected by the related lecturer(s) from among the texts available in the market that meet the content needs of this subject.
2. The related institute may develop its own textbook and approve from the related authority so as to have a prescribed textbook of this subject.

Engineering Chemistry I

EG 1105 SH

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 2 hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of three units related to general chemistry, language of chemistry, and system of classification necessary to develop background in chemistry that supports for the understanding and practicing related engineering works.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this subject, students will be able to explain the basic concepts related to the followings and apply them in the field of related engineering works:

1. General chemistry
2. Language of chemistry
3. System of classification

Course Content:

- Unit: 1: General chemistry:** [8]
- 1.1 Atom and molecule:
 - Definition
 - Dalton's atomic theory and modern position of the theory
 - 1.2 Atomic weight:
 - Definition
 - Determination of atomic weight by Dulong and Petit's method and Related numerical problems
 - 1.3 Molecular Weight:
 - Definition
 - Avogadro's hypothesis
 - Application of Avogadro's hypotheses (Mol. Wt= $2 \times V.D.$, in the deduction of atomicity of elementary gases H_2 , Cl_2 , O_2 , and N_2)
 - Molecular weight determination by Victor Meyer's method and Related numerical problems
 - 1.4 Equivalent weight:
 - Definition
 - Equivalent weight of element, acid, base and salt
 - Equivalent weight determination by hydrogen displacement method and oxide method.
 - Numerical relation between equivalent weight, atomic weight and valency
 - Some related problems of equivalent wt. (From Hydrogen displacement method and oxide method)

- 1.5 Simple mole concept:
- Mole of an atom
 - Mole of a molecule
 - Molar volume and
 - Simple calculation on mole concept

Unit: 2: Language of chemistry: [4]

- 2.1 Symbol:
- Definition
 - Significance (qualitative and quantitative)
- 2.2 Formula:
- Definition
 - Significance (qualitative and quantitative)
 - Concept of valency in terms of combining capacity with H₂, O₂, and Cl₂
 - Variable valency (ref. Fe, Sn, Pb, Cu, Hg, S and N)
 - Radicals (electro- positive and electro - negative)
 - Writing a formula
- 2.3 Chemical equation:
- Definition
 - Types requisites
 - Significance and limitation
 - Balancing of chemical equation by hit and trial method and Partial equation method

Unit: 3: System of classification: [33]

- 3.1 Atomic structure:
- Subatomic particles (electron, proton and neutron)
 - Classical α - rays scattering experiment
 - Rutherford's atomic model and its drawbacks
 - Bohr's atomic model (postulates only)
 - Composition of nucleus
 - Mass number and atomic number
 - Arrangement of electron (Bohr - Bury Scheme)
 - Concept of shell and sub shell,
 - Electronic Configuration and atomic structure of Some elements (Atomic no. 1 to 30)
 - Hund's rule
 - General idea of quantum number and Pauli's exclusion principle
- 3.2 Electronic theory valency:
- Assumptions
 - Types
 - Electrovalency eg. NaCl, MgO, CaS
 - Covalency eg. H₂, O₂, N₂, CH₄, H₂O, NH₃, C₂H₂
 - Coordinate co-valency eg. H₂O₂, SO₂, O₃, SO₃)
 - Electronic dot structure of some compounds eg. H₂SO₄, CaCO₃, K₂SO₃
- 3.3 Oxidation and reduction:
- Classical definition
 - Electronic interpretation

- Oxidizing agent: Definition and eg O_2 , O_3 , oxyacids, halogens, $K_2Cr_2O_7$, $KMnO_4$
 - Reducing agent: Definition and eg. H_2 , H_2S with some examples,
 - auto-oxidation eg. H_2O_2 , HNO_2 , SO_2
 - Idea of oxidation number
 - Balancing chemical equation by oxidation number method
- 3.4 Periodic table:
- Mendeleef's periodic law
 - Mendeleef's periodic table
 - Characteristics of groups and periods in the table
 - Advantages and anomalies of the periodic table
 - Modern periodic law
- 3.5 Electrolysis:
- Definition of electrolyte, non-electrolyte and electrolysis
 - Faraday laws of electrolysis,
 - Application of electrolysis (electroplating and electro refining)
 - Electrolysis of acidulated water
- 3.6 Activity and electrochemical series:
- Definition,
 - Action of water, acid and oxygen on metals.
- 3.7 Corrosion:
- Definition
 - Types
 - Direct and indirect method and prevention against corrosion
- 3.8 Acid, Base and Salt:
- Arrhenius concept of acid and base
 - Lowry and Bronsted concept of acid and base
 - Conjugate acid and base
 - Amphoteric nature of water
 - Lewis concept of acid and base
 - Preparation of acid and base (at least 2 -methods).
 - Properties of acid and base.
 - Definition of Salt
 - Types of salt (normal, acidic and basic)
 - Preparation of salt (at least 3 - methods)
 - Concept of hydrogen ion concentration, pH value and pH Scale
 - Buffer solution.
- 3.9 Volumetric analysis:
- Definition of titration (acidimetry and alkalimetry),
 - Indicator
 - End-point (neutralization point)
 - Standard solution (primary and secondary standard solution), Normal, Decinormal, Molar, Molal solution
 - Requisites of primary standard substance
 - Volumetric equation,

- Express the strength of solution Normality, Molarity, Molality, gram per litre and percentage and related numerical problems

Engineering Chemistry Practical I

[30]

1. Simple Glass Working [6]
 - a. to cut the glass tube into three equal parts and round up their shape edges
 - b. to bore a hole through a cork
 - c. to bend the glass tubing into acute, obtuse and right angle
 - d. to draw a jet and capillary tube
 - e. to fit up a wash bottle
2. To separate sand and copper sulphate crystals in pure and dry state from the mixture of sand and copper sulphate [2]
3. To separate sand and calcium carbonate in pure and dry state from the mixture of sand and calcium carbonate [2]
4. To prepare pure water from supplied impure water by distillation and to test the purity of the sample prepared [2]
5. To neutralize dilute sulphuric acid with sodium carbonate solution, and to recover crystals of sodium sulphate [2]
6. To obtain pure and dry precipitate of barium sulphate by treating excess of dilute sulphuric acid with barium chloride solution [2]
7. To investigate the composition of water by electrolysis by using Hofmann's apparatus [2]
8. To determine the equivalent weight of reactive metal by hydrogen displacement method. [2]
9. To determine the pH of different unknown solution and using pH paper and universal indicator [2]
10. To prepare primary standard solution of sodium carbonate and to use it to standardize an approximate decinormal acid solution [2]
11. To standardize given unknown acid (Approx N/10) solution by preparing standard alkali solution. (Expression of strength in different ways) [2]
12. To standardize given unknown alkali (approximately N/10) solution with the help of by preparing standard acid solution. (Expression of strength in different ways) [2]
13. To carry out conductivity experiments on solids and liquids (CuSO₄, Zn, Mg, Al, Fe, CCl₄, C₆H₆, C₂H₅OH) [2]

Text books:

1. A Text book of Chemistry, Jha and Guglani
2. Foundations of Chemistry, Vol. 1, M.K. Sthpit and R.R. Pradhananga

Reference books:

1. Fundamentals of Chemistry, K.R. Palak
2. Inorganic Chemistry, Bahl and Tuli
3. A Text book of Engineering Chemistry, R.S. Sharma
4. A Textbook of Inorganic Chemistry, L.M. Mitra
5. Elementary practical chemistry, M.K Sthapit

Other learning materials:

1. Other references to be selected by the related lecturer(s) from among the texts available in the market that meet the content needs of this subject
2. **Note:** The related institute may develop its own textbook and approve from the related authority so as to have a prescribed textbook of this subject.

Engineering Drawing I

EG 1106 ME

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 4 hour /week
Lecture: hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 4 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with geometrical construction, orthographic projections and basic techniques of freehand sketch.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. represent different shapes accurately by applying geometrical constructions
2. project point, line, plane and geometrical solids
3. represent three dimensional objects in orthographic from and dimension them
4. use freehand techniques to sketch different shapes.

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction:** [4]
- 1.1 Engineering drawing as graphic language
 - 1.2 Drawing instruments
 - 1.3 Scale: Reduced scale, enlarged scale, full size scale
 - 1.4 Conventional line types
 - 1.5 Sheet size and sheet layout
 - 1.6 Exercise on drawing horizontal, vertical and inclined lines and conventional line types [*Sheet 1*]
- Unit 2. Technical Lettering:** [4]
- 2.1 General procedure for freehand technical lettering: letter stroke, letter proportion, use of pencil and pens, uniformity of letters
 - 2.2 Single stroke vertical capital letters, Single stroke inclined capital letters, Single stroke vertical lowercase letters, Single stroke inclined lowercase letters, vertical and inclined numerals, vertical and inclined fractions
 - 2.3 Lettering using templates
 - 2.4 Exercise on freehand technical lettering and lettering using templates [*Sheet 2*]
- Unit 3. Geometrical Construction:** [12]
- 3.1 Construction on straight lines and angles
Bisection and trisection of a straight line, Bisection and trisection of an angle, To draw perpendicular lines, To draw parallel lines, To divide a straight line into any number of equal parts, To divide a straight line proportionately, To draw an angle equal to given angle
 - 3.2 Construction of polygons
To draw triangles, To inscribe a circle of a triangle and circumscribe a circle about a given circle, To draw squares, To draw a regular polygon, To draw a regular hexagon, To draw a regular octagon, To draw a regular polygon (general method)

- 3.3 Exercise on construction on straight lines and angles and construction of polygons [Sheet 3]
- 3.4 Construction on circular arcs and circles
To determine center of a given arc, To draw a circle passing through three given points, To draw an arc tangent to given two straight lines, To draw an arc tangent to given straight line and a given circle or circular arc, To draw an arc tangent to given two circles or circular arcs, To draw open belt and cross belt tangents, To draw an ogee curve between two parallel lines
- 3.5 Exercise on construction on circular arcs and circles [Sheet 4]
- 3.6 Construction of standard curves
Construction of parabola, ellipse, hyperbola, cycloid, helix, spiral, involute
- 3.7 Exercise on construction of standard curves [Sheet 5]
- Unit 4. Dimensioning: [4]**
- 4.1 Dimensioning terms and notations
- 4.2 Techniques of dimensioning: Size and location dimensioning
- 4.3 Placement of dimensions: Aligned and Unidirectional system
- 4.4 Rules for dimensioning and conventions
- 4.5 Exercise on dimensioning of two dimensional figures including straight line, angles, circles, circular arcs [Sheet 6]
- Unit 5. Projection of Points, Lines and Planes: [8]**
- 5.1 Principle of projection
- 5.2 Principle planes of projections, four quadrants
- 5.3 Projection of point
Projection of point on two planes of projection, Projection of point on three planes of projection
- 5.4 Projection of line
Projection of line perpendicular to VP, Projection of line perpendicular to HP, Projection of line parallel to both VP and HP, Projection of line parallel to VP and inclined to HP, Projection of line parallel to HP and inclined to VP, Projection of line inclined to both VP and HP
- 5.5 Exercise on projection of point and line [Sheet 7]
- 5.6 Projection of plane
Projection of plane parallel to VP, Projection of plane parallel to HP, Projection of plane perpendicular to both VP and HP, Projection of plane perpendicular to VP and inclined to HP, Projection of plane perpendicular to HP and inclined to VP
- 5.7 True Length of an Oblique Line
- 5.8 True shape of an Oblique Plane
- 5.9 Exercise on projection of plane; true length of an oblique line; true shape of an oblique plane [Sheet 8]
- Unit 6. Projection of Geometrical Solids: [4]**
- 6.1 Types of Solids: Polyhedra and Solids of revolution
- 6.2 Projection of geometrical solids: Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid and Cone
- 6.3 Projection of points on the surfaces solids
- 6.4 Exercise on projection of cylinder, prism, cone and pyramid; Projection of points on the surfaces of these solids [Sheet 9]

- Unit 7. Orthographic Projection:** [20]
- 7.1 Principle of Orthographic Projection
 - 7.2 Systems of Orthographic Projection: First Angle and Third Angle
 - 7.3 Making an Orthographic Drawing
 - 7.4 Analysis in Three Views
 - 7.5 Exercise on orthographic projection of rectangular objects with horizontal and vertical plane surfaces [Sheet 10]
- Exercise on orthographic projection of rectangular objects with inclined plane surfaces [Sheet 11]
- Exercise on orthographic projection of objects with cylindrical surfaces [Sheet 12 &13]
- Exercise on orthographic projection and dimensioning [Sheet 14]
- Unit 8. Freehand Sketching:** [4]
- 8.1 Techniques of Sketching: Pencil hardness, paper with grid or lines
 - 8.2 Techniques for horizontal and vertical lines; arcs and circles
 - 8.3 Exercise on freehand sketches of different shapes with lines, arcs, and circles [Sheet 15]

Reference books:

1. Luzadder, W.J., Fundamental of Engineering Drawing, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt-Ltd., New Delhi, Latest edition.
2. Bhatt N. D. and PanchalV.M., Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House, 2001.
3. Gill P.S, Engineering Drawing, S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi, 2004/2005

Computer Fundamentals

EG 1107 CT

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the introduction of the computer, hardware components, computer programming, internet concept and the practical on word processing, Database, Presentation, class work Preparation in the computer.

Course Objective:

After completing this course the student will be able to:

1. understand computer system, its hardware and software
2. use of computers in their daily academic activities
3. explore the world by Internet and email
4. protect their computer by using antivirus software etc.

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[5]
1.1 Basic introduction of computers	
1.2 History of computers and its generation.	
1.3 Importance of computers in 21st century.	
Unit 2. Hardware:	[16]
1.4 Introduction of basic hardware components	
• Power supply, casing, motherboards, CPU, Chipset, realtime clock, BIOS	
1.5 Memories	
• Storage devices: magnetic (Hard Disk, Floppy disk) optical (CDs and DVDs (, pen drive.	
• RAM, ROM, EPROM, VRAM	
1.6 Input / output parts	
• Parallel ports, serial parts, interfacing (IDE,SATA,PATA,ATAPC)	
Unit 3. Programs:	[12]
1.7 Operating system and its importances (DOS, Windows, UNIX, LINUX introduction only)	
1.8 Application programs and its importances. (Office package, photo editing package)	
1.9 Device drivers concepts.	
Unit 4. Concept of internet:	[12]
4.1 Browser programs (Internet explorer, Netscape, Mosilla etc.)	
4.2 Concept of http, www, ftp	
4.3 E-mail concept	
4.4 Connect to internet from home using modem	
4.5 Very basic concept of small office, college networking	
Practical:	[45]
1. Identification of hardware components	

2. Tools required to assembling a computer
3. Safety precaution concept
4. Assembling of a computer properly
5. Loading OS and drivers
6. Hard disk management (partitioning / formatting)
7. Installation of OS and configurations
8. Installation of application programs
9. Installation of utilities programs
10. Practice with
 - Word processing
 - Database
 - Presentation
 - Prepare presentation of class work

Note: Students should present their works and progress report monthly to the teachers.

Reference books:

Fundamentals of Computer by Leon / Leon

Computer Programming in C

EG 1109 CT

Year: I
Semester: I

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 2 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the Computer Fundamentals, Problem Solving Method Introduction to C, Basic Input and Output, Structured Programming Fundamentals, Functions, Arrays, Pointers and Strings Structures Files and Files Handling in 'C'

Course Objective:

After the completion of this course the students will be able to develop the working knowledge of problem solving by using the computer methods, systems and languages. The major emphasis is developing programming skills using C.

Course Contents:

Unit 1.	Computer Fundamentals:	[3]
	1.1 Computer Evolution (History and Generations)	
	1.2 Computer Hardware (Block diagram of digital computer)	
	1.3 Computer Software and its types	
	1.4 Programming Languages	
Unit 2.	Problem Solving Method:	[3]
	2.1 Problem Analysis	
	2.2 Algorithm Development and Flowcharting	
	2.3 Programming	
	2.4 Compilation and Execution	
	2.5 Debugging and Testing	
	2.6 Program Documentation	
Unit 3.	Introduction to C:	[3]
	3.1 Features of C	
	3.2 Data types in C	
	3.2 Operators and Expressions	
	3.3 Basic Elements in C	
Unit 4.	Basic Input and Output:	[3]
	4.1 Character Input/Output	
	4.2 Formatted Input/ Output	
	4.3 Programs using Input/Output statements	
Unit 5.	Structured Programming Fundamentals:	[7]
	5.1 Sequential Structure	
	5.2 Repetitive Structure	
	5.3 Selective Structure	
	5.4 Programs using Decision making and Looping	
Unit 6.	Functions:	[5]
	6.1 Introduction	

- 6.2 Function Components (Function Prototypes, Call and Definition)
- 6.3 Return statement, Passing by value & Passing by reference
- 6.4 Storage classes (Local, Global and Static storage class)
- 6.5 Recursion

Unit 7. Arrays, Pointers and Strings [10]

- 7.1 Introduction & Manipulation of Arrays
- 7.2 Arrays of Strings
- 7.3 Pointers and its Applications
- 7.4 Pointers Arithmetic
- 7.5 Relation between Arrays and Pointers
- 7.6 Arrays as Function arguments
- 7.7 Dynamic memory allocation
- 7.8 String and String handling Functions

Unit 8. Structures [6]

- 8.1 Declaring and Defining Structures
- 8.2 Arrays of Structures
- 8.3 Hierarchical Structures
- 8.4 Union, self referential structure and Bit fields of structure

Unit 9. Files and Files Handling in 'C': [5]

- 9.1 At the end of course, students are recommended to do a simple project covering all the features mentioned above.

Practical: [45]

1. The laboratory exercises should cover all the topics mentioned above.
2. 12 laboratory exercises growing in complexity to the development of program must be conducted including the knowledge depicted from the above topics.
3. Out of 3 laboratory sessions, 2 sessions must be dedicated to developing simple project and 1 laboratory session for evaluation.

Reference books:

1. Bryons S. Gotterfried, "*Programming with C*", TMH
2. K R Venugopal, "*Programming with C*", TMH
3. Yashvant Kanetkar, "*Let us C*"
4. Brain W. Keringhan & Dennis M. Ritchie, "*The C programming Language*"
5. Kelly and Pohl, "*A book on C*", Benjamin/Cummings
6. Herbert Schildt, "*C The complete reference*", TMH

Second Semester

Subjects:

- 1 EG 1201 SH Engineering Mathematics II
- 2 EG 1202 SH Engineering Physics II
- 3 EG 1203 SH Engineering Chemistry II
- 4 EG 1204 EX Logic Circuits
- 5 EG 1205 CT Object Oriented Programming in C++
- 6 EG 1207 EE Electrical Engineering
- 7 EG 1208 CT Web Technology & Programming I

Engineering Mathematics II

EG 1201 SH

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 4 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of five units related to vectors; algebra; calculus; geometry; and statistics necessary to develop mathematical background helpful for the understanding and practicing the related engineering works.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

1. explain the concepts of vectors in plain and vectors in space and apply them in the field of the related engineering area
2. explain the concepts of the complex numbers, linear inequalities and programming apply them in the field of the related engineering area
3. explain the concepts of determinants and matrices and apply them in the field of the related engineering area
4. explain the concepts of determinants and matrices and apply them in the field of the related engineering area
5. explain the concepts of applications of derivatives and areas of curves and apply them in the field of the related engineering:
6. explain the concepts of coordinates in space and planes and apply them in the field of the related engineering area
7. explain the concepts of statistics and apply them in the field of the related engineering area

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Vectors:** [5]
- 1.1. Vectors in plane, addition and subtraction.
 - 1.2. Composition and decomposition of vectors.
 - 1.3. Vectors in space.
 - 1.4. The unit vectors i, j, k
 - 1.5. Product of two vectors-
 - dot product,
 - cross product,
 - 1.6. Simple applications.
- Unit 2. Algebra:** [15]
- 2.1. Complex number in the form $A + ib$.
 - 2.2. Algebra of complex numbers.
 - 2.3. Polar representation of complex numbers.
 - 2.4. De Moivre's theorem and its applications

	2.5. Linear inequalities and their graphs.	
	2.6. System of linear inequalities in two variables,	
	2.7. System of linear inequalities in two variables,	
	2.8. Linear programming: Problems involving two variables under given linear constraints	
	2.9. Determinants and matrices,	
	2.10 Algebra of matrices,	
	2.11 Properties of determinants,	
	2.12. Ad joint and inverse of matrices.	
	2.13. Solution of linear equations using crammers' rule	
	2.14. Row equivalent matrices	
	2.15. Idea of polynomial equations	
Unit 3.	Calculus:	[12]
	3.1. Applications of derivatives-	
	• Tangents and normal to a curve taking slope as derivative	
	• Maxima and minima of a function	
	• Derivative as rate of change	
	3.2 Areas under curves:	
	• Use of definite integral as limit of a sum to find areas under curves	
	• Areas of closed curves and	
	• Areas between curves.	
	3.3 Antiderivatives:	
	• Curve tracing, maxima and minima	
	• Rieman sums & integral	
	• Application of fundamental theorem	
Unit 4.	Geometry:	[4]
	4.1. Coordinates in space,	
	4.2. Coordinates in planes.	
Unit 5.	Statistics:	[9]
	5.1. Statistics:	
	• Introduction to statistics	
	• Measures of Central Tendency	
	• Measures of Dispersion	
	• Moments, Skew ness and Kurtosis	
	• Correlation and Regression	
	5.2. Probability:	
	• Concept of Probability	
	• Concept of conditioned probability	
	• Concept of independent and dependent events	
	• Concept of mutually exclusive events	
	• Concept of theoretical probability distribution	
	5.3 Concept of normal curve and normal distribution	
	5.4. Concept of sampling, estimation and tests of significance	

Learning materials:

1. A Text book of Statistics – B.C. Bajracharya
2. Elementary Statistics – H. C. Saxena
3. Statistical Methods – Mrigendralal Singh
4. References to be selected by the related lecturer(s) from among the texts available in the market that meet the content needs of this subject.
5. The related institute may develop its own textbook and approve from the related authority so as to have a prescribed textbook of this subject

Engineering Physics II

EG 1202 SH

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 2 hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of four units related to electricity, waves, properties of matter, and modern physics necessary to develop background in physics that supports for the understanding and practicing the related engineering works.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

1. explain the basic concepts related to the electricity and apply it in the field of the related engineering area
2. explain the basic concepts related to the waves and apply it in the field of the related engineering area
3. explain the basic concepts related to the properties of matter and apply it in the field of the related engineering area
4. explain the basic concepts related to the modern physics and apply it in the field of the related engineering area

Content Contents:

Unit 1. Electricity:

[16]

1.1. Electrostatics:

- Elementary charge, charging and induction.
- Faraday's ice-pail experiment.
- Idea of electric field
- Lines of forces.
- Coulomb's law.
- Intensity of electric field.
- Electrostatic potential, equipotential.
- Surfaces.
- Potential and field strength.
- Potential gradient.
- Action of point.
- Van de Graaf generator.
- Capacitors.
- Different types of arrangement of capacitors.
- Energy storage.
- Action of dielectrics

1.2. Current electricity:

- Basics:
 - D.C. Current.
 - Strength of Current.
 - Potential difference across a conductor.
 - Ohm's law and its verification.
 - Resistance and resistivity.
 - Mechanical measurements:
 - Galvanometer.
 - Ammeter and voltmeter
 - Potentiometer and measurement of emf.
 - Wheatstone bridge
 - Kirchhoff's law and their use to analyze simple circuits.
 - Heating effect of current:
 - Joules law
 - The rate of heating from the concept of p.d.
 - Thermoelectricity:
 - See-beck effect
 - Peltier effect and
 - Thomson effect.
 - Chemical effect of current:
 - Faraday's law of electrolysis.
 - Accumulator.
- 1.3. Magnetic effect of current and electromagnetism:
- Magnetic forces and magnetic field of current:
 - Force experienced by charge moving in magnetic field.
 - Maxwell's corkscrew rule.
 - Force applied by magnetic field on current carrying conductor.
 - Torque on current carrying coil in magnetic field.
 - Theory of moving coil galvanometer.
 - Biot-Savart's Law
 - Field due to a long straight conductor and due to circular coil.
 - Force between two parallel conductors carrying current.
 - Ampere's law
 - Magnetic field due to the solenoid or toroid and long straight conductor.
 - Electromagnetic induction:
 - Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction and Lenz's law.
 - Phenomenon of self-induction.
 - A.C. generator.
 - D.C. generator.
 - Transformer.
- 1.4 Alternating current:
- Instantaneous and effective values of current and voltage.
 - Phase between current and voltage across different elements of circuit.
 - Capacitive and inductive reactance.
 - Impedance.
 - Resonance.

- Power in a.c. circuit
- Unit 2. Waves:** **[9]**
- 2.1. Wave motion:
- Wave motion.
 - Types of wave motion
 - Characteristics of wave motion
 - Wavelength, frequency and speed of waves
 - Speed of waves in different media.
 - Velocity of sound in air.
- 2.2. Wave phenomena:
- Sound waves.
 - Reflection of sound waves.
 - Interference of sound waves.
 - Diffraction of sound waves.
 - Beats and their formation.
 - Progressive waves.
 - Stationary waves.
 - Waves in strings and pipes: fundamental vibrations and overtones.
 - Intensity of sound.
 - Intensity level.
 - Inverse square law.
- 2.3. Physical optics:
- Interference of light waves and coherent sources.
 - Phase difference and path difference. Young's double slit experiment.
 - Diffraction of light waves.
 - Huygen's principle.
 - Polarization and unpolarized lights, polarization by reflection (Brewster's law)
- Unit 3. Properties of matter:** **[10]**
- 3.1 Elasticity:
- Elasticity, Hook's law, Young's modulus, Bulk modulus.
 - Elasticity of shear.
- 3.2 Surface tension:
- Intermolecular attraction in liquid, surface tension.
 - Cohesion and adhesion, angle of contact.
 - Coefficient of surface tension and surface energy (Only introduction).
- 3.3 Viscosity:
- Stream line and turbulent flows.
 - Idea of liquid layer, Velocity gradient, Viscosity and its coefficient.
 - Comparison of viscosity with solid friction, Viscous forces, Stoke's law, Terminal velocity, determination of coefficient viscosity, Viscous forces at higher relative velocities (qualitative).
 - Temperature dependence of the coefficient of viscosity of liquid and gases.
- Unit 4. Modern physics:** **[10]**
- 4.1 Atomic physics:

- Photons, Photoelectric effect, Einstein's photoelectric equation and stopping potential for photoelectrons.
 - Motion of charged particles in simultaneously applied electric and magnetic fields, e/m for electron, Milliken's oil drop experiment. Bohr model for hydrogen atom. Energy level diagrams and spectral series.
 - X-rays: Production, nature and uses.
 - Laser (introduction only)
- 4.2 Semiconductors:
- Energy states of valent electrons in solids, energy bands.
 - Semiconductors, intrinsic and doped, p-type and n-type semiconductors.
 - Majority and minority carries.
 - Acceptors and donors, p-n junction, diode and depletion layer, forward and reverse bias.
 - Rectifying property of diode, Transistor, transistor action and uses of npn transistor
- 4.3 Nuclear physics:
- Laws of radioactive disintegration: half life, mean life, and decay constant.
 - Stable and radioactive nuclei.
 - Binding energy.
 - Fission and fusion.

Engineering Physics Practical II:

[30]

1. Determine specific resistance of a wire.
2. Determine the frequency of A.C. mains.
3. Study current voltage characteristics of a junction diode.
4. Determine speed of sound by resonance air column method.
5. Determine Young Modulus.
6. Verify Ohm's law.
7. Determine force constant of a helical spring oscillation method.
8. Compare Emfs of two cells by using potentiometer.
9. Study characteristic curves of npn transistor.
10. Determine unknown resistance by Wheatstone bridge method.

Learning materials:

Text books (For Both Parts I and II):

1. Advanced level physics by Nelkon and Parker Vth and later editions
2. A textbook of physics, part I and part II by Gupta and Pradhan

Supplementary text:

1. College Physics by sears, Zemansky and Young, Fourth edition 1985

Text book for laboratory work:

1. Physics Practical Guide by U.P. Shrestha, RPB

Text book for numerical problems:

1. Numerical exercise in physics volume I and volume II -
Prepared by Physics Dept., Pulchowk Campus, and published by Institute of Engineering.

Other learning materials:

1. References to be selected by the related lecturer(s) from among the texts available in the market that meet the content needs of this subject
2. The related institute may develop its own textbook and approve from the related authority so as to have a prescribed textbook of this subject.

Engineering Chemistry II

EG 1203 SH

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 2 hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of three units related to nonmetals and their compounds; metals and their compounds; and organic compounds and synthetic materials necessary to develop background in chemistry that supports for the understanding and practicing related engineering works.

Course Objectives:

After the completion of this subject, students will be able to explain the basic concepts related to the followings and apply them in the field of related engineering works:

1. Nonmetals and their compounds
2. Metals and their compounds
3. Organic compounds and synthetic materials

Course Content:

Unit: 1: Non-metals and their compounds: [20]

- 1.1 Water:
 - Source of water
 - Hard and soft water
 - Removal of temporary and permanent hardness of water
 - Water treatment of domestic and industrial purpose
- 1.2 Ammonia:
 - Lab preparation
 - Manufacture by Haber's process
 - Properties and uses
- 1.3 Nitric acid:
 - Manufacture by Ostwald's process
 - Properties and uses.
 - Nitrogen cycle
 - Fixation of Nitrogen
 - Chemical fertilizers
 - Oxides of nitrogen as pollutant (general concept)
 - Acid rain (due to oxides of nitrogen and oxide of Sulphur "Sulphur dioxide")
- 1.4 Halogens (Chlorine):
 - Lab preparation
 - Properties and uses
- 1.5 Hydrochloric acid:

- Lab preparation
- Properties and uses
- 1.6 Hydrogen Sulphide:
 - Lab preparation
 - Properties and uses
- 1.7 Sulphuric acid:
 - Manufacture by contact process)
 - Properties and uses
- 1.8 Carbon and its compounds:
 - Allotropes of carbon (reference of diamond & graphite & their structure).
 - Oxides of carbon (Ref. carbon dioxide & carbon mono oxide as pollutants)- general idea only

Unit: 2: Metals and their compounds: [15]

- 2.1 General study of metals and their components:
 - Combined & free state of metals
 - Chemistry of Metallic Carbonates, Sulphates, Chlorides and Nitrates
- 2.2 Alkali metals:
 - General characteristics of Alkali metals
 - Properties & uses of sodium
- 2.3 Alkaline earth metals:
 - General characteristics of the Alkaline earth metals
 - Properties & uses of calcium
- 2.4 Aluminum:
 - Properties and uses
- 2.5 Coinage metals:
 - General properties of coinage metals
 - Properties and uses
- 2.6 Zinc:
 - Properties & uses
- 2.7 Iron:
 - Properties & uses
- 2.8 Lead:
 - Properties & uses
- 2.9 Alloys:
 - Definition
 - Purpose of making alloys
 - Composition,
 - Properties and uses of alloys of steel, aluminum, copper and zinc

Unit: 3: Organic compounds and synthetic materials: [10]

- 3.1. Organic compounds
 - Organic compounds:
 - Historical background, classification, and nomenclature
 - Functional groups and homologous series
 - Comparison of aliphatic and aromatic compounds
 - Saturated hydrocarbon: Properties of Methane
 - Unsaturated hydrocarbon: Properties of Ethylene and Acetylene

- Aromatic compounds: Properties of Benzene

3.2. Synthetic materials:

- Polymer and polymerization
 - Definition
 - Types of polymer
- Rubber:
 - Types (Natural and Synthetic)
 - Preparation and uses.
- Polyvinyl chloride (PVC):
 - Preparation and uses
- Polythene:
 - Preparation and uses

Engineering Chemistry Practical II:

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----|
| 1. | To compare the hardness of different types of water | [2] |
| 2. | To prepare Bakelite (resin) in the laboratory | [2] |
| 3. | To determine the condition in which corrosion takes place | [2] |
| 4. | To investigate the action of acids on some metals (Zn, Mg, Fe, Al, Sn & Cu)(acids:- HCl, H ₂ SO ₄ (dil.)& HNO ₃ (dil) | [2] |
| 5. | To prepare and study the properties of hydrogen gas | [2] |
| 6. | To prepare and study the properties of ammonia gas | [2] |
| 7. | To prepare and study the properties of hydrogen Sulphide gas. (This gas should not be prepared individually in woulf bottle but in Kipp's apparatus commonly) | [2] |
| 8. | To detect the acid radicals (Cl ⁻ , NO ₃ ⁻ , SO ₄ ²⁻ , CO ₃ ²⁻) by dry and wet ways | (4) |
| 9. | To detect the basic radicals (Cu ⁺⁺ , Al ⁺⁺⁺ , Fe ⁺⁺⁺ , Zn ⁺⁺ , CO ⁺⁺ , Ni ⁺⁺ , Ca ⁺⁺ , Ba ⁺⁺ , Mg ⁺⁺)by wet ways | [6] |
| 10. | To detect the acid and basic radicals (complete salt analysis) | [6] |

Textbooks:

1. Foundations of chemistry, Vol-2, M.K. Sthapit and R.R. Pradhananga
2. A text Book of chemistry, Jha & Guglani
3. A text Book of Organic Chemistry, B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahl
4. Elementary qualitative analysis, M.K.Sthapit and C.B.Tuladhar
5. Elementary practical chemistry, MK.Sthapit

Reference books:

1. Inorganic chemistry, Bahl & Tuli
2. Elementary Organic Chemistry, P.N. Bargava
3. Fundamentals of chemistry, K.R. Palak
4. A text Book of Inorganic Chemistry, L.M. Mitra

Logic Circuits

EG 1204 EX

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course is specially designed for the students of diploma level who have completed either SLC of equivalent SLC (technical SLC). This course is focused to study, design and applicable by devices/ equipment that are based on digital techniques.

Course Objective:

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

1. learn design methods for combinational logic circuit
2. verify truth tables of basic gates universal gates
3. learn design concert of sequential logic circuits
4. design problem based / predefined logic based circuits

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[2]
1.1 Analog Signal and Digital Signal	
1.2 Advantages of Digital over Analog Signals	
1.3 Representation of Digital Signal	
1.4 Applications of Digital Signal	
Unit 2. Number Systems and Codes:	[4]
2.1 Two State Devices	
2.2 Decimal Number System	
2.3 Binary Number System	
2.4 Octal Number System	
2.5 Hexadecimal Number System	
2.6 Conversions among Different Number Systems	
2.7 Fractions Conversion	
2.8 BCD Code	
2.9 Gray Code	
2.10 Alphanumeric Code	
• ASCII Code	
• EBCDIC Code	
Unit 3. Arithmetic Logic Operations:	[7]
3.1 Binary Arithmetic	
• Binary Addition	
• Binary Subtraction	
• Binary Multiplication	
• Binary Division	

3.2	9's and 10's Complement Method	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 9's Complement Subtraction • 10's Complement Subtraction 	
3.3	1's Complement and 2's Complement Method	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1's Complement Subtraction • 2's Complement Subtraction 	
Unit 4.	Logic Gates:	[6]
4.1	Basic Gates: AND, OR, NOT	
4.2	Universal Gates: NAND, NOR	
4.3	Exclusive Gates: XOR, XNOR	
4.4	Logic Equations	
4.5	Truth Tables	
4.6	The Universal Properties of the NAND Gates	
4.7	The Universal Properties of the NOR Gates	
4.8	Pulse Operation in Logic Gates	
4.9	Combination of Logic Gates	
4.10	Building Logic Circuits from Logic Equations	
4.11	Forming Logic Equations from Logic Circuits	
Unit 5.	Boolean Functions and Logic Simplification:	[7]
5.1	Boolean Algebra and its Properties/Laws	
5.2	Boolean Expression in Logic Gates	
5.3	Simplification of Boolean Expressions	
5.4	DeMorgan's Theorems	
5.5	Karnaugh Map	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • K-Map Simplification for Two Input Variables • K-Map Simplification for Three Input Variables • K-Map Simplification for Four Input Variables 	
5.6	Sum of Product (SOP) Simplification	
5.7	Product of Sums (POS) Simplification	
5.8	Maps with <i>Don't Care</i> Conditions	
Unit 6.	Combinational Logic Circuits:	[9]
6.1	Adders	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Half Adder • Full Adder • Parallel n-Bit Adders 	
6.2	Subtractors	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Half Subtractors • Full Subtractors • Parallel n-Bit Subtractors 	
6.3	Encoders	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decimal to Binary Encoder • Decimal to BCD Encoder • ASCII Encoder • Encoder IC Packages 	
6.4	Decoders	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Binary to Decimal Decoder • Four Bit Binary Decoder • BCD to Decimal Decoder • Seven Segment Display Decoder • Decoder IC Packages 	
6.5	Multiplexers	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Transmissions 	

- 4-to-1 Multiplexer
 - 8-to-1 Multiplexer
 - Multiplexer IC Packages
- 6.6 Demultiplexers
- Demultiplexer and Decoder Relations
 - 1-to-4 Demultiplexer
 - 1-to- 16 Demultiplexer
 - Demultiplexer in IC Packages

Unit 7. Sequential Logic Circuits:

[7]

- 7.1 Latch and Flip-Flops
- RS Flip-Flop and its Truth Table
 - D Flip-Flop and its Truth Table
 - JK Flip-Flop and its Truth Table
 - T Flip-Flop and its Truth Table
 - Master-Slave Flip-Flops
 - Applications of Flip-Flop
- 7.2 Shift-Registers
- Flip-flop as a One-bit Memory Device
 - Right/Left Shift Registers
 - Serial-in Serial-out (SISO) Shift Register
 - Serial-in Parallel-out (SIPO)Shift Register
 - Parallel-in Serial-out (PISO)Shift Register
 - Parallel-in Parallel-out (PIPO)Shift Register
 - Applications of Shift Registers
- 7.3 Counters
- Synchronous Counters
 - Ripple Counters
 - M- Modulus Counters
 - Decade Counters
 - Ring Counters
 - Applications of Counters

Unit 8. Digital Displays:

[3]

- 8.1 LED Display
- 8.2 LCD Display
- 8.3 Gas Display
- 8.4 7- Segment Display
- 8.5 Alphanumerical Display
- 8.6 Digital Clock Display Design

Practical:

[45]

1. Experiments on logic operation and verify with truth tables of basic gates: AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR
2. Verify the universal properties of the NAND gate and NOR gate.
3. Experiments on logic operation and verify with truth tables of basic gates: XOR, XNOR Gates
4. Building logic circuits from logic equations
5. Realize the pulse operation in different logic gates
6. Realize and verify truth tables applying DeMorgan's Theorems
7. Realize and verify truth tables of binary half adder/Subtractor and full adder/Subtractor
8. Realizing the function of decimal to 3-4 bit binary binary encoder
9. Realizing the function of 4 bit binary binary decoder
10. Realizing the function of 4-to-1 multiplexer and 1-to- 4 demultiplexer circuits.

11. Realizing the function of latches and flip-flops, RS,D,JK,T flip-flops
12. Realizing the function shift-registers: SISO,SIPO,PISO and PIPO
13. Realizing the function ripple counters
14. Realizing the function synchronous counters
15. Realizing and designing of seven-segment display-decoder logic circuit

Reference books:

1. Principle of Digital Electronics- P. Malvino
2. Digital Fundamentals- T. Flyod
3. Logic Circuits- M.Mano

Object Oriented Programming in C++

EG 1205 CT

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the object oriented programming technique using the C++ programming language.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. analyze the problem with object oriented approach
2. design the problem using object oriented design methods
3. implement the problem in C++ in object oriented way
4. understand various object oriented concepts such as class/object, abstraction, inheritance, operator overloading, dynamic binding, templates etc in C++ programming language

Course Contents:

- Unit1. Object Oriented Programming: [4]**
- 1.1. Software Evolution
 - 1.2. Basics of object oriented programming
 - Procedure oriented programming
 - Object oriented programming
 - Procedure oriented versus Object oriented programming
 - 1.3. Elements of Object Oriented programming
 - Class & Object
 - Abstraction & Encapsulation
 - Inheritance
 - Polymorphism
 - Dynamic binding
 - Message passing
 - 1.4. Object oriented languages
 - 1.5. Advantage and Disadvantage of OOP
- Unit2. Introduction to C++ [2]**
- 2.1. History and Evolution of C++
 - 2.2. Why C++
 - 2.3. Features of C++
 - 2.4. C++ Vs C
- Unit3. C++ Language Basics: [7]**
- 3.1. Character set, tokens (keywords, identifiers, operators)
 - 3.2. Commenting
 - 3.3. Variable declaration
 - 3.4. Data type
 - 3.5. Type Conversion and promotion rules

- 3.6. Input/Output basics
- 3.7. Preprocessor directives
- 3.8. Control structures
- 3.9. Array, Pointer, String
- 3.10. Dynamic memory allocation
- 3.11. Functions
 - Function overloading
 - Default argument
 - Inline function
 - Pass by reference
 - Return by reference
- 3.12. const construct
- 3.13. Structure and Unions

Unit4. Object and Class: [8]

- 4.1. Class syntax (similarities with structures)
- 4.2. Data Encapsulation (public, private modifiers)
- 4.3. Object and the member access
- 4.4. Defining member function (inside and outside of the class)
- 4.5. Constructor and Destructor
- 4.6. Objects as function arguments
- 4.7. Returning objects from functions (nameless object)
- 4.8. Array of objects
- 4.9. Pointer to objects
- 4.10. Dynamic memory allocation for objects and object array
- 4.11. this pointer (returning object using this pointer)
- 4.12. static data and function members
- 4.13. Constant data member of a class
- 4.14. Constant member functions and constant objects
- 4.15. friend function and friend class

Unit5. Overloading Operators: [5]

- 5.1. Overloadable operators
- 5.2. Syntax of operator overloading
- 5.3. Unary operator overloading
- 5.4. Binary operator overloading
- 5.5. Operator overloading using member operator functions (unary and binary)
- 5.6. Operator overloading using friend operator functions (unary and binary)
- 5.7. Index operator overloading
- 5.8. Data conversion
 - Basic to basic (explicit and implicit)
 - Basic to user defined and vice versa
 - User defined to user defined

Unit6. Inheritance: [5]

- 6.1. Base and derived class (definition with diagrams)
- 6.2. protected access specifier (show whole class syntax including protected)
- 6.3. Syntax of derived class declaration (visibility modes)
- 6.4. Types of inheritance
 - Single
 - Multiple
 - Hierarchical
 - Multilevel
 - Hybrid
 - Multipath (virtual base class)

- 6.5. Scope of inherited member functions and variables
- 6.6. Constructors in derived and base class
- 6.7. Destructor in Derived and base class
- 6.8. Member function and data overriding
- 6.9. Ambiguity in member access in overriding members
- 6.10. Virtual base class

Unit7. Virtual functions: [3]

- 7.1. Pointer to derived class object
- 7.2. Array of pointers to derived class objects with function overriding
- 7.3. Need of virtual functions
- 7.4. Virtual functions definition
- 7.5. Pure Virtual functions and Abstract classes
- 7.6. Virtual Destructor

Unit8. Input/Output Streams and Files: [7]

- 8.1. Input/Output Stream class hierarchy
- 8.2. Unformatted Input/Output
- 8.3. Formatted Input/Output
 - ios Stream class member functions and flags
 - Standard manipulators
 - User defined manipulators
- 8.4. File I/O with streams
- 8.5. File stream class hierarchy
- 8.6. Operations on files
- 8.7. ASCII and Binary files
- 8.8. Opening file, file modes and closing files
- 8.9. File read/write using stream and using read & write function
- 8.10. File pointers and their manipulators
- 8.11. Testing for errors during file operations

Unit9. Templates: [4]

- 9.1. Function Template
- 9.2. Overloading function template
 - Overloading with functions
 - Overloading with other template
- 9.3. Class Template
- 9.4. Function definition outside of the class template

Practical:

[45]

The lab exercise shall different aspects and features of the C++ programming language.

1. Programming with the structured components of the C++ language
2. Simple class and its implementation
3. Creating classes for data types such as complex no, date, time, distance etc and implement them in a program
4. Using constructors and destructors along with the objects
5. Using static and constant member functions and data
6. Using friends functions to act as bridge between the objects
7. Programs to overload different operators
8. Program to convert data from user defined to fundamental data and vice versa, and user defined to user defined type
9. Program to inherit the base class to add new functionality in the base class

10. Using virtual functions pointer to objects in program
11. Binary and ASCII file manipulation
12. Program to create and use function and class templates

Reference books:

1. Robert Lafore, "Object Oriented Programming in C++", Fourth Edition, Waite Group/Galgotia Publication, India
2. Deitel & Deitel, "C++ How to program", Second Edition, Pentice Hall India
3. Herbert Schildt, "C++: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, India

Electrical Engineering

EG 1207 EE

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course focuses on familiarization of fundamental concepts in DC and AC electrical networks.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. identify the basics of circuit elements and their networks
2. understand the fundamentals of electricity and electromagnetism
3. understand the use of DC and AC supply
4. develop the understanding of electric sources and loads

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Electromagnetism and Electromagnetic Induction: [6]**
- 1.1. Definition of magnetic field, magnetic flux, flux density, field intensity and permeability of magnetic material
 - 1.2. Magnetic field due to current carrying conductor, force on a current carrying conductor
 - 1.3. Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, induced EMF, lenz's law
 - 1.4. Magnetic circuit concept, analogy to electric circuit
 - 1.5. Hysteresis loop for magnetic material, hard and soft magnetic material
- Unit 2. Electric Circuit Fundamentals: [6]**
- 2.1. Electric current and voltage
 - 2.2. Circuit elements: Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor
 - 2.3. Voltage and current sources
 - 2.4. Independent and dependent sources
 - 2.5. Series and parallel circuits
 - 2.6. Electric power and energy
- Unit 3. DC Circuit Analysis: [7]**
- 3.1. Ohm's law
 - 3.2. Kirchhoff's current and voltage laws
 - 3.3. Thevenin's theorem
 - 3.4. Norton's theorem
 - 3.5. Superposition theorem
 - 3.6. Maximum power transfer theorem
 - 3.7. Loop and nodal equations for electric networks
- Unit 4. Single Phase AC Circuit Analysis: [8]**
- 4.1. Generation of sinusoidal EMF
 - 4.2. Instantaneous, peak, average and RMS values

- 4.3. Application of complex number, review of complex number calculation and use of j operator
- 4.4. Phasor representation of AC quantities
- 4.5. AC excitation for RL, RC and RLC circuits
- 4.6. Resonance in RLC series circuit
- 4.7. Power in AC circuits: active power, reactive power, apparent power, power triangle and power factor

Unit 5. 3-Phase AC Circuits: [6]

- 5.1. Generation of 3-phase sinusoidal voltage
- 5.2. Advantage of 3-phase system
- 5.3. Line and phase quantities (current, voltage)
- 5.4. Star and delta connection of 3-phase source and load.
- 5.5. Power in 3-phase circuits

Unit 6. Electric Machines: [8]

- 6.1. Transformers: Construction and working principle of single phase transformer
- 6.2. DC motor and generator: Construction, generation of voltage and torque production
- 6.3. Single phase AC motor
- 6.4. 3-phase induction motor: Construction and working principle
- 6.5. 3-phase synchronous generator: Construction and working principle

Unit 7. Cells and Batteries: [4]

- 7.1. Primary and secondary cells: definitions and examples, internal resistance of cell
- 7.2. Lead acid cell: construction, chemical reaction during charging and discharging, methods of charging (constant voltage and constant current charging)
- 7.3. Dry cell, Mercury cell, Ni-Cd cell, Li-ion cell
- 7.4. Series and parallel connection of cells

Practical: [45]

1. Verification of Ohm's law
2. Verification of Kirchhoff's current and voltage laws
3. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem
4. Measurement of active, reactive and apparent power in single phase ac circuit
5. Measurement of active, reactive and apparent power in three phase ac circuit
6. Measurement of internal resistance of batteries
7. Performance of DC motors

Reference books:

1. *A textbook of Electrical Technology* by B.L Theraja and A.K. Theraja
2. *Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering* by J. B. Gupta
3. *Principles of Electrical Engineering* by Vincent Del Toro
4. *Foundations of Electrical Engineering* by R.J. Cogdell

Web Technology and Programming I

EG 1208 CT

Year: I
Semester: II

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the web technology its parts and programming in web technology.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. be familiar with the basic technique of web technology and web page design
2. apply recent software used in web technology

Course Contents:

- Unit1. Introduction: Internet & Web:** [5]
- 1.1. History and growth of Internet and Web
 - 1.2. Introduction to WWW
 - 1.3. Web Browsers and Search Engines
 - 1.4. Internet protocols and applications
 - 1.5. Overview of various internet & web technologies
- Unit2. HTML/DHTML:** [15]
- 2.1. Introduction
 - 2.2. Objectives
 - 2.3. Structure of HTML/DHTML
 - 2.4. Document
 - 2.5. Switching between opened Windows and browser (Container tag, Empty tag, Attribute)
 - 2.6. Basic Tags of HTML: HTML, HEAD, TITLE, BODY (Setting the Fore color and Background color, Background Image, Background Sound)
 - 2.7. Heading tag (H1 to H6) and attributes(ALIGN),
 - 2.8. FONT tag and Attributes (Size: 1 to 7 Levels, BASEFONT, SMALL, BIG, COLOR)
 - 2.9. Paragraph Formatting (P)
 - 2.10. Break Line BR
 - 2.11. Comment in HTML (<! >)
 - 2.12. Formatting Text (B, I, U, EM, BLOCKQUOTE, PREFORMATTED, SUB, SUP, STRIKE)
 - 2.13. Ordered List- OL (LI, Type- 1, I, A, a; START, VALUE)
 - 2.14. Unordered List - UL (Bullet Type- Disc, Circle, Square, DL, DT, DD)
 - 2.15. ADDRESS Tag
 - Creating Links: Link to other HTML documents or data objects
 - Links to other places in the same HTML documents
 - Links to places in other HTML documents
 - Anchor Tag and Hyperlink <A HREF> and <A NAME>,

- Inserting Inline Images <IMG ALIGN, SRC, WIDTH, HEIGHT, ALT, Image Link
 - Horizontal Rules <HR ALIGN, WIDTH, SIZE, NOSHADE>
- Unit3. Web Page Authoring Using HTML: [5]**
- 3.1. Tables:
Creating Tables, Border, TH, TR, TD, CELLSPACING, CELLPADDING, WIDTH, COLSPAN, CAPTION, ALIGN, CENTER
- 3.2. Frames:
Percentage dimensions, Relative dimensions, Frame – Src, Frameborder, height and width, Creating two or more rows Frames <FRAMESET ROWS >, Creating two or more Columns Frames <FRAMESET COLS >, <FRAME NAME SRC MARGINHEIGHT MARGINWIDTH SCROLLING AUTO NORESIZE>, <NOFRAMES>, </NOFRAMES>
- Unit4. Forms: [5]**
- 4.1. Definition
- 4.2. Use – Written to a file, Submitted to a database such as MSAccess or MySql
- 4.3. E-mailed to someone in particular
- 4.4. Forms involve two-way communication
- 4.5. Form Tags: FORM, <SELECT NAME, SIZE, MULTIPLE / SINGLE> <OPTION> </SELECT>, <TEXTAREA NAME ROWS COLS >, </TEXTAREA>, METHOD, CHECKBOX, HIDDEN, IMAGE, RADIO, RESET, SUBMIT, INPUT <VALUE, SRC ,CHECKED, SIZE, MAXLENGTH, ALIGN>
- Unit5. HTML Editors & Tools: [5]**
- 5.1. Use of different HTML editors and tools like Dreamweaver, Microsoft Front Page etc.
- 5.2. Graphical and Animation Tools: Use of Different graphical and animation tools like Abode Photoshop and Flash etc.
- 5.3. Adding Sounds and Animation to the web page (using embed tag)
- Unit6. Document Object Model: [10]**
- 6.1. Concept and Importance of Document Object Model
- 6.2. Dynamic HTML documents and Document Object Model.
- 6.3. Cascading Style Sheets
- Introduction to Cascading Style Sheet (CSS),
 - Three ways of introducing the style sheets to your document.
 - Basic Syntax; Creating and saving cascading style sheets. <STYLE> tag.
 - Examples showing the linking of external style sheet files to a document; Inline and Embed, <DIV> tag; COLOR, BACKGROUND-COLOR, FONT-FAMILY, FONT-STYLE, FONT-SIZE and FONT-VARIANT; FONTWEIGHT, WORD-SPACING, LETTER-SPACING, TEXTDECORATION, VERTICAL-ALIGN, TEXT-TRANSFORM; TEXT-ALIGN, TEXT-INDENT, LINEHEIGHT
 - Introduction to Margin, Padding and Border MARGINS (all values), MARGIN-PROPERTY, PADDING (all values), PADDINGPROPERTY; BORDER (all values), BORDER-PROPERTY, BACKGROUNDIMAGE, BACKGROUNDREPEAT
 - Additional Features, Grouping Style Sheets, Assigning Classes
 - Introduction to Layers, <LAYER>, <ILAYER> tag

Practical:

[45]

The Laboratory work includes all the implementation of chapter 2 to chapter 6 and finally a student should develop a Web page design project. The topic could be either initiated by the student or selected from a list provided by the instructor.

Reference books:

1. Pfaffenberger, "World Wide Web Bible", BPB Publication
2. Mccoy, "Mastering Web Design", BPB Publication
3. Evans, "10 Minute Guide to HTML", Prentice Hall of India Limited (PHI)
4. Achyut S Godbole and Atul Kahate, "Web Technologies", Tata McGraw Hill
5. C. Xavier, "Web Technology & Design", New Age International Publishers.
6. Ann Navarro, "Effective Web Design", BPB publications.
7. Raj Kamal, "Internet & Web Design", Tata McGraw Hill
8. E Stephen, Will Train, "HTML 4.0", BPB publication
9. C. Xavier, "World Wide Web Design with HTML", Tata McGraw Hill

Second Year

(Third and Fourth Semesters)

Third Semester

Subjects:

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. EG 2103 CT | System Analysis & Design |
| 2. EG 2104 SH | Engineering Mathematics III |
| 3. EG 2105 CT | Data Structure & Algorithm |
| 4. EG 2106 CT | Visual Programming |
| 5. EG 2107 EX | Microprocessors |
| 6. EG 2108 EX | Electronic Devices & Circuits |

System Analysis and Design

EG 2103 CT

Year: II
Semester: I

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course presents an introduction to Digital system design techniques and its practical application in Electronic system.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. understand the system development life cycle
2. provide a comprehensive framework for system development

Course Contents:

Unit 1. System analysis and design Overview:	[5]
1.1 System development Life cycle	
1.2 Design of an information system	
1.3 System analysis and System analyst	
1.4 Role and attributes of system analyst	
1.5 Tools Used by System Analyst	
Unit 2. Gathering of information system:	[5]
2.1 Source of information	
2.2 Strategy to gather information	
2.3 Methods of searching for Information	
2.4 Interview and Questionnaires techniques	
2.5 Case example of –Hostel Information System	
Unit 3. System Requirements specification:	[5]
3.1 Example of system requirement specification	
3.2 Data Dictionary	
3.3 Steps use in system analysis	
3.4 Modularizing Requirements Specifications	
3.5 Conclusions	
Unit 4. Feasibility Analysis:	[6]
4.1 Goals of the project	
4.2 Examining Alternative Solutions	
4.3 Evaluation Proposed solutions	
4.4 Cost-benefit analysis	
4.5 Payback Period	
4.6 Feasibility Report	
4.7 System Proposal	
Unit 5. Data flow diagrams:	[6]

5.1	DFD' Symbols	
5.2	Describing a system with DFD	
5.3	Leveling of DFD	
5.4	Physical and Logical DFD with example	
Unit 6.	Logical Database design:	[5]
6.1	Entity-Relationship model	
6.2	Example of E-R model	
6.3	Normalization	
6.4	Example of Database Design	
Unit 7.	Input –Output Design:	[4]
7.1	Input form design	
7.2	Input screen Design	
7.3	Menu Design	
7.4	Output Design	
Unit 8.	Implementation:	[4]
8.1	System testing	
8.2	Software maintenance	
8.3	Training to users	
8.4	Documentation	
Unit 9.	Case Study:	[5]

Practical: [45]

Visit well established organization and perform system analysis and design of that organization and submit the report.

Reference books:

1. V. Rajaraman, "Analysis and design of information Systems"
2. Elias M. Awad, "Systems Analysis and design"
3. Vinod Kumar Garg and S. Srinivasan , "Workbook on Systems analysis and design"

Engineering Mathematic III

EG 2104 SH

Year: II
Semester: I

Total: 4 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This subject consists of five units related to analytical solid geometry, partial differential equations, infinite series, Fourier series, and Fourier integral necessary to develop mathematical background helpful for the understanding and practicing diploma in electronics and information technology engineering.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. provide the basic mathematical idea for the analysis of electronics circuits
2. help in the development of program for the technical applications

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Analytical Solid Geometry:	[7]
1.1 Curves in space,	
1.2 Tangent line, and tangent plane,	
1.3 Ellipsoid, hyperboloids, and paraboloids,	
1.4 Projection of areas.	
Unit 2. Partial Differential Equations:	[11]
2.1 Review of Ordinary Differential Equations,	
2.2 Analysis of P.D.E of 1 st and 2 nd order,	
2.3 Linear equations of the 1 st order and the general solutions,	
2.4 P.D.E of 2 nd order, its derivation and basic concepts,	
2.5 Solution of general P.D.E with constant coefficients, complimentary solution and integral solution,	
2.6 Wave equations	
Unit 3. Infinite Series:	[10]
3.1 Definitions of sequence and infinite series,	
3.2 Condition for convergence of an infinite series,	
3.3 Test of convergence, alternating series test,	
3.4 Power series and its interval of convergence,	
3.5 Expansion of functions using Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems.	
Unit 4. Fourier Series:	[8]
4.1 Periodic function,	
4.2 Trigonometric series,	
4.3 Fourier series of the functions of period 2p,	
4.4 Euler's formula,	
4.5 Fourier series of a function having arbitrary period,	
4.6 Even and odd functions and their Fourier series,	

4.7 Half range functions.

Unit 5. The Fourier Integral:

[9]

5.1 Fourier integral and inversion formula,

5.2 Frequency and phase spectra,

5.3 Fourier analysis of step and delta function.

Reference books:

1. Thomas and Finney, *Calculus and Analytical Geometry*, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
2. E. Kreyszig, *Advanced Engineering Mathematics*, Wiley-Easter Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
3. Chandrika Prasad, *Mathematics for Engineer*, Prasad Mudranalaya, Allahabad, 1996.
4. E. Kreyszig, *Advanced Engineering Mathematics*, Wiley-Easter Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
5. A.V. Oppenheim, *Discrete-Time Signal Processing*, Prentice Hall, India Limited, 1990.
6. K. Ogata, *Discrete-Time Control System*, Prentice Hall, India Limited, 1993.

Data Structure & Algorithm

EG 2105 SH

Year: II
Semester: I

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the basic fundamentals of Data Structures and Algorithms. Students will learn how to model data in a computer, how to specify and use standard ADTs, and how to implement such ADTs with standard data structures and will learn how efficient or expensive various combinations of data structures and algorithms are.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will be able to:

1. learn how the choice of data structures and algorithm design methods impacts the performance of programs.
2. implement ADTs such as stacks, queues, lists, trees, and algorithms such as searching, and sorting
3. gain experience writing programs in C/C++

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:		[3]
1.1 Abstract Data Type		
• Definition		
• Methods of Specifying ADT		
• ADT data structure		
1.2 Array implementation of Data Structure		
Unit 2. Stack and Queue:		[6]
2.1 Stack as an ADT and Operation		
• Continuous implementation of Stack with varying and fixed TOS		
2.2 Application of Stack		
• Converting Infix to Post fix expression		
• Evaluating Post Fix expression		
2.3 Queue as an ADT and Operation		
• Definition		
• Algorithm of Enqueue and dequeue		
• Linear Queue		
• Circular Queue		
• Priority Queue		
• Applications of Queue		
Unit 3. Link list as an ADT:		[8]
3.1 Definition		
3.2 Structure of link list		
3.3 Advantage and disadvantages of link list		
3.4 Operations in Singly Linked list		
• Insertion at the beginning and end, after the node, before the node		

3.5	Doubly linked list	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deletion at the beginning and end, after the node, before the node • Definition • Structure of doubly linked list • Insertion at the beginning and end, after the node, before the node • Deletion at the beginning and end, after the node, before the node • Advantages and disadvantages 	
Unit 4.	Recursion:	[3]
4.1	Definition	
4.2	Properties of recursion	
4.3	TOH and its solution	
4.4	Solution of Fibonacci sequence and factorial	
Unit 5.	Trees:	[6]
5.1	Tree concepts	
5.2	Binary tree	
5.3	Application of binary tree	
5.4	Node representation	
5.5	Operation in Binary Tree	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insertion • Deletion 	
5.6	Algorithm of tree search	
5.7	Tree traversals	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pre order • In order • Post order 	
5.8	Height, level and depth of tree and its importance	
5.9	AVL balance tree	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition • Detection of unbalance • Single and double rotation in balancing 	
5.10	B-tree	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition • Structure of B tree • Applications 	
Unit 6.	Sorting:	[6]
6.1	Definition	
6.2	Types of sorting	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal and external 	
6.3	Algorithm of exchange sort	
6.4	Algorithm of bubble sort	
6.5	Algorithm of queue sort	
6.6	Algorithm of insertion sort	
6.7	Algorithm of selection	
Unit 7.	Search:	[6]
7.1	Definition	
7.2	Components of searching	
7.3	Sequential search	
7.4	Binary search	
7.5	Tree search	
7.6	Hashing	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition • Hash function and hash table <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collision resolution algorithm 	

- Open Addressing
- Linear and quadratic probing
- Chaining

Unit 8. Graph:

[7]

- 8.1 Definition
- 8.2 Components of Graph
- 8.3 Vertices and edges
- 8.4 Directed and Undirected
- 8.5 Connected and Unconnected
- 8.6 Path and Cycle
- 8.7 Adjacency sets and tables
- 8.8 Array based
- 8.9 Linked based and mixed implementation
- 8.10 Graph traversal and spanning forests
 - Forest and tree
 - Tree edges
 - Forward edges
 - Cross edges
 - Back edges
 - Algorithm of graph traversal
 - Depth First traversal
 - Breadth First traversal

Practical:

[45]

1. Implement stack
2. Implement layer and circular queue
3. Solve TOH & Fibonacci sequence
4. Implement linked list: singly and doubly
5. Implement trees
6. Implement sort
7. Implement search
8. Implement graphs: graph traversal
9. Implement Hashing
10. Implement Heap

References books:

A. Micheal Berman, “Data Strcutures Via C++” Objects by Evolution, Oxford

Visual Programming

EG2106CT

Year: II
Semester: I

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the graphical user interface aspect of programming with event handling concept.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to

1. use the integrated development environment for program development
2. write visual programs with event handling
3. write visual programs with file handling and database management
4. understand the working of visual programs

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[5]
1.1 The Integrated Development Environment	
1.2 The Elements of User Interface	
1.3 Event Driven Programming	
1.4 Properties, Methods and Events of Common Controls	
1.5 Developing Application (MDI, SDI)	
Unit 2. The Language Basics:	[9]
2.1 Data types	
2.2 Variables, Constants and their scopes	
2.3 Expressions and Mathematical operators	
2.4 Type conversion	
2.5 Array and Collections	
2.6 Loops and Conditions	
2.7 Procedures (Subroutine, Functions)	
2.8 Argument passing by reference and value	
2.9 Recursion	
Unit 3. The Form and Basic Controls:	[13]
Creating forms	
Loading, closing, showing and hiding forms	
Label	
Textbox	
Command button	
Option button/check box/Frame	
List/Combo box	
Scrollbar	
Picture box/Image box	
Adding menu to form	
Timer	
The common dialog control	

Different properties, methods and events of form and controls
Adding other active X controls

- Unit 4. Drawing:** [6]
Coordinate systems and Units
Drawing lines and circles
Drawing different shapes
Specifying and using color
PSet and Point Methods
The Paint Event
Processing Images
- Unit 5. Working with files:** [5]
5.1 Opening text/binary files
5.2 Closing files
5.3 Sequential file access
5.4 Random file access
5.5 Storing and recovering information from file
- Unit 6. Working with database:** [7]
Introduction to database and Database Management Systems
Creating tables and fields in database
Using Visual database manager or access to create a database
The data control and binding it with other controls
Entering, validating and accessing fields in database
Using DAO and ADO data objects in programming

Practical: [45]

The lab exercise shall cover the language basics, GUI design, use of different controls, drawing different shapes, file handling, Database programming, calling windows API etc using Visual Basic language.

1. Overview of Visual Basic IDE
2. Application Development using wizards
3. Using Arrays in application
4. Using subroutine and functions
5. Creating and adding forms/menu in application
6. Using basic controls such as text box, command button, combo box, list box etc in application
7. Drawing lines, circles and other shapes
8. Using files to store and retrieve data for application
9. Using Active X Controls such as tree view, Rich Edit, Flex Grid, etc in application
10. Using DAO to create database applications
11. Using ADO to create database applications
12. Using Windows API functions in VB application

References books:

1. Michael Halvorson, "Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0 Professional Step by Step", Second Edition, Microsoft Press
2. Francesco Balena, "Programming Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0", Microsoft Press
3. Microsoft Corporation, "Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0 Programmer's Guide", Microsoft Press
4. Any book on Visual Basic 6 or newer version can be used during study

Microprocessors

EG2107EX

Year: II
Semester: I

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with fundamentals of microprocessor, basic low level microprocessor programming, interfacing and introduction to basic programmable devices.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand the working principle of a computer
2. understand the working principle of microprocessor
3. understand the process of writing and executing low level language
4. know how to interface devices with a computer

Course Contents:

- Unit1. Introduction to Microprocessor: [8]**
- 1.1. History of computer development
 - 1.2. Analog and digital computer
 - 1.3. Microprocessor, microcomputer, microcontroller
 - 1.4. Stored program concept and von-Neumann's architecture
 - 1.5. General architecture of a microcomputer system showing control buses
 - 1.6. History of x86 microprocessors
 - 1.7. Block diagram of a typical microprocessor and microcontroller
 - 1.8. Programming languages
 - 1.9. Instruction set of microprocessors
 - 1.10. Introduction to Simple as Possible (SAP1,SAP2,SAP3) computers
- Unit2. Microprocessor architecture and the instruction set: [8]**
- 2.1. Internal architecture of 8085 microprocessor
 - 2.2. Instruction and data formats
 - 2.3. Instruction classifications
 - 2.4. Addressing modes in 8085
 - 2.5. 8085 Instruction set
- Unit3. Assembly language programming for 8085: [9]**
- 3.1. Introduction to assembly language and assemblers
 - 3.2. Simple assembly language programs
 - 3.3. Programs using loops, counters, delays
 - 3.4. Table processing
 - 3.5. Subroutine and stack
 - 3.6. Code conversion ASCII/BCD/Binary

- Unit4. Interfacing I/O and memory devices:** [10]
- 4.1. 8085 machine cycles and bus timing
 - Fetch and execute cycles
 - Memory read/write machine cycle
 - I/O read/write machine cycle
 - 4.2. Address Decoding
 - Unique and non-unique address decoding
 - Address decoding for I/O and memory devices
 - 4.3. Interfacing I/O devices
 - Interfacing Input Devices
 - Interfacing Output Devices
 - Address decoding using block decoders
 - Interfacing Memory-mapped I/O
 - 4.4. Memory Interfacing
 - Memory structure and its requirement
 - RAM and ROM chips
 - Address decoding using NAND and block decoders
 - 4.5. Direct memory access
- Unit5. 8085 Interrupt processing:** [6]
- 5.1. Programmed I/O
 - 5.2. Interrupt Driven I/O
 - 5.3. The 8085 Interrupt
 - 5.4. 8085 Vectored Interrupts
 - 5.5. Restart and software instructions
- Unit6. Introduction to general purpose programmable peripheral devices:** [4]
- 6.1. 8255 Programmable Peripheral Interface
 - 6.2. 8254(8253) Programmable Interval Timer
 - 6.3. 8259 Programmable Interrupt Controller
 - 6.4. 8251 USART

Practical: [45]

The practical exercise shall cover the low level program from simple programs for data transfer to complex programs for table processing

1. Basics of microcomputer system through the 8085 microprocessor trainer kit
2. Programs that uses data transfer instructions
3. Programs that uses arithmetic instructions
4. Programs that uses logical instructions
5. Programs with conditional and unconditional branching
6. Programs with conditional and unconditional subroutine call and stack
7. Programs involving loops and counters
8. Programs that involves masking and checking numbers
9. Programs to manipulate table of numbers
10. Program for BCD and ASCII manipulation
11. Programs to perform multiplication and division
12. Programs to read and write from the port

Reference books:

2. Ramesh S. Gaonkar, "8085 Microprocessor programming and interfacing", New Age
3. John Uffenbeck, "The 8080, 8085 & Z-80 Programming, Interfacing and Troubleshooting", PHI
4. Albert Paul Malvino, Jerald A. Brown, "Digital Computer Electronics", McGraw-Hill

Electronic Devices and Circuits

EG 2108 EX

Year: II
Semester: I

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with different electronic devices and circuits.

Course Objectives:

On completion of this course the students will be able to:

- 1 differentiate between passive and active devices, understand their characteristics
- 2 identify basic types of vacuum tubes their characteristics and applications
- 3 identify and explain the working principles of various semiconductor devices, relate their characteristics and applications
- 4 explain the characteristics of CB, CE and CC configuration circuits

Course Contents:

Unit1.	Basic Passive Devices: R, C and L:	[4]
	Construction, types, color coding and characteristics.	
Unit2.	Introduction to electron vacuum tubes: Diode, Triode and Pentode:	[4]
Unit3.	Semiconductor Devices (Especially Si Devices):	[9]
	3.1 Energy levels, valence and conduction bands, conduction of electrons and holes in solids.	
	3.2 Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor devices (Si), impurities, doping, majority and minor charge carriers in P – type and N – type materials. Definition is characteristic.	
	3.3 Diffusion and drift currents – definition and characteristics.	
	3.4 PN Junction and depletion layer and potential barrier – definition and characteristics.	
	3.5 Forward and reverse biasing of PN junction diode – IV characteristics, principles of operation, and effects of temperature and junction capacitance.	
	3.6 Forward and reverse breakdown of PN junction diode – Zener and avalanche effects – Principles of operation and IV characteristics.	
	3.7 Electrical analysis of PN junction diode with IV characteristics and mathematical expressions with equivalent model circuit diagrams.	
Unit4.	Power Supplies:	[5]
	4.1. Basic rectifying circuits – Types, working principles, characteristics and applications.	
	4.2. Analysis of simple DC voltage power supplies – Principles, characteristics and ripple (voltages) factors.	
	4.3. Simple voltage regulation using Zener diodes – Principles, circuits, characteristics and application.	
Unit5.	Triangular Junction Transistors (npn and pnp) – Types, construction, working principle as an amplifier and characteristics:	[14]

- 5.1. Classification of amplifiers: CB, CE and CC amplifier circuits – Working principles, basic circuits to investigate input and output IV characteristics and their results.
- 5.2. Other characteristics of BJT – Saturation and cutoff modes: Definition, circuits, principles and characteristics.
- 5.3. Types of amplifier circuits: Class A, class B and class C – Definition characteristics and applications.
- 5.4. Specifications and data book.

Unit6. Field Effect Transistor (JFET and MOSFETS) – Types, construction, working principles as an amplifier and characteristics: [12]

- 6.1. Basic circuits for investigating input and output IV characteristics – Working principles, characteristics and applications.
- 6.2. Saturation, cut off breakdown and ohmic regions of operation – Investigation of IV characteristics curves.
- 6.3. Specifications and data book.

Unit7. Special Semiconductor Devices – Working principles, functional circuits, characteristics and applications: [12]

- 7.1. UJT, PUT, SCR, Diar and Triac.
- 7.2. Photo voltaic effects and solar cells.
- 7.3. Photodiode, phototransistor, LED, LDR, optocouplers and isolators.
- 7.4. Tunnel diode, schottyky diode, GaAs Transistors, MESFET.
- 7.5. Charge coupled devices, Hall effects, solid state relay ad thermister.

Practical: [45]

- 1 Diode characteristics – PHJ diode and Zener diode
- 2 BJT characteristics – C.E. input and output characteristics
- 3 FET characteristics – C.S. input and output characteristics
- 4 HW and FW rectifier – waveforms and characteristics
- 5 UJT characteristics – IV characteristics
- 6 PUT characteristics – IV characteristics
- 7 SCR characteristics – IV characteristics
- 8 Tunnel diode characteristics – IV characteristics
- 9 Photo diode characteristics – IV characteristics

Reference books:

1. Basic Electronics Solid State - B.L. Theraja
2. Electronic Principles - Sanjay Sharma
3. Electronic Devices - Thomas L. Floyd
4. Principles of Electronics - Albert Paul Malvino
5. Electronics Vil ! to Vol 7 - Harry Moleaf
6. Basic Radio Vol 1 to Vol 6 - Marvin Tepper

Fourth Semester

Subjects:

1. EG 2201 EX Principle of Communication Engineering
2. EG 2202 CT Software Engineering
3. EG 2203 CT Management Information System
4. EG 2204 CT Computer Architecture
5. EG 2205 CT Operating System
6. EG 2206 SH Social Studies
7. EG 2207 SH Statistics & Probability

Principle of Communication Engineering

EG 2201EX

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the graphical user interface aspect of programming with event handling concept.

Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the students will be able to:

1. explain principles and characteristics of communication services/systems
2. understand principles and necessity of signal modulation in information transmission
3. understand principles of various modulation techniques
4. explain working principles, characteristics and applications of different types of modulators and demodulators

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction:** [5]
- 1.1 History of communication
 - 1.2 Modulation, Need for modulation and demodulation in communication systems
 - 1.3 Analog communication system: definition, block diagram
 - 1.4 Classification of telecom systems and their basic characteristics (telephone, telex, facsimile, video telephone, radio paging, cellular telephone, satellite telephone etc.)
 - 1.5 Electromagnetic spectrum and its various ranges: VLF, LF, MF, HF, VHF, UHF etc.
 - 1.6 Communication channel: definition, types (wire, wireless), examples
 - 1.7 Noise in communication: definition, types (external, internal)
 - 1.8 Fundamental limitations of communication system
 - Noise limitations
 - Bandwidth limitations
 - Equipment limitations
- Unit 2. Amplitude Modulation:** [6]
- 2.1 DSB-AM: Derivation of expression for an amplitude modulated wave. Carrier and side band components. Modulation index. Spectrum and Bandwidth of AM Wave. Relative power distribution in carrier and side bands. characteristics, applications
 - 2.2 Elementary idea of DSB-SC, SSB, ISB and VSB modulations, their comparison and areas of applications.
- Unit 3. Frequency Modulation:** [6]
- 3.1 Definition, principle, characteristics, applications
 - 3.2 Stereo FM (introduction only)

- 3.3 Expression for frequency modulated wave and its frequency spectrum (without Proof and analysis of Bessel function), Modulation index, maximum frequency deviation, BW of FM signals, Carson's rule.
- 3.4 Comparison of FM and AM in communication systems
- Unit 4. Phase modulation:** [3]
- 4.1. Derivation of expression for phase modulated wave, modulation index, comparison with frequency modulation.
- 4.2. Generation of FM wave using Phase modulator; generation of PM wave using frequency modulator (block diagrams)
- Unit 5. Principles of Amplitude Modulators:** [8]
- 5.1 Working Principles and typical applications of
- Square law Modulator
 - Base modulator
 - Collector modulator
 - Ring Modulator
 - Balanced Modulator
- Unit 6. Principles of Frequency Modulators:** [8]
- 6.1 Working principles and applications of reactance modulator, varactor diode modulator, VCO and Armstrong phase modulator.
- 6.2 Stabilized Reactance modulator-AFC (Block diagram).
- Unit 7. Demodulation of AM wave:** [6]
- 7.1 Principles of demodulation of AM wave using diode detector(envelope detector) circuit; concept of Clipping and formula for RC time constant for minimum distortion (no derivation)
- 7.2 Principle of demodulation of AM Waves using synchronous detection.
- Unit 8. Demodulation of FM wave:** [8]
- 8.1 Basic principles of FM detection using slope detector
- 8.2 Working principle of the following FM demodulators: Foster-Seeley discriminator, Ratio detector, Phase locked Loop (PLL) FM demodulators
- 8.3 Effects of noise on FM carrier-Noise triangle, Role of limiter, Need for pre-emphasis and de- emphasis
- Unit 9. Pulse Modulation:** [10]
- 9.1 Electrical representation of binary data (unipolar, polar, bipolar signaling etc.)
- 9.2 Statement of sampling theorem; Nyquist rate, Nyquist interval
- 9.3 Basic ideas about PAM, PPM, PWM
- 9.4 Pulse code Modulation (PCM)
- Quantisation and quantisation error
 - Block diagram of TDM-PCM communication system and function of each block
 - Advantages of PCM systems
 - Concepts of differential PCM (DPCM)
 - Delta Modulation (DM)
 - Basic principle of delta modulation system
 - Advantages of delta modulation over PCM system
 - Limitations of delta modulation
 - Concept of adaptive delta modulation (ADM)

Practical:

[45]

1. To observe amplitude modulated wave for different modulating signals and measure the modulation index of the wave obtained.
2. To generate a DSB-SC signal and observe the pattern on CRO for different levels of modulating signal.
3. To observe FM wave using VCO circuit for different modulating signals.
4. To obtain modulating signal from an AM detector (envelope detector). Observe the pattern for different RC time constant. (See diagonal clipping, negative peak clipping).
5. To obtain modulating signal from a FM detector.
6. To observe the characteristics of pre emphasis and de emphasis circuits.
7. To observe the sampled signal and compare it with the analog input signal. Note the effect of varying the sampling pulse width and frequency on the sampled output.
8. To verify the sampling theorem
9. To observe and note the pulse modulated signals (PAM, PPM, PWM) and compare them with the corresponding analog input signal
10. To measure the Quantization noise in a 3 bit/4 bit coded PCM signal
11. To feed an analog signal to a PCM modulator and compare the demodulated signal with the analog input. Also note the effect of low pass filter at the demodulated output.
12. To study the process of delta modulation.

References books:

1. Electronic Communication Systems, by G. Kennedy and B. Davis, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
2. Electronic Communications, by D.Roddy & J. Coolen
3. Communication Systems, by Sanjay Sharma, -S.K. Kataria and sons
4. Principles of Communication Engineering by Anokh Singh, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi
5. An Introduction to analog and digital communications, by Simon Haykin. , John Wiley and Sons.
6. Radio Engineering by G.K. Mittal , Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
7. Electronics Communication by KS Jamwal, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi
8. Latest Publications on the subject

Software Engineering

EG 2202 CT

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course aims to guide the students in both the theoretical and practical aspects of developing computer solutions for real-world problems. One will study the tools and techniques used in analysis and design of software systems, and apply those tools within a recognized software development methodology and within the context of a case study.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand the theory and foundations of software engineering
2. understand some key aspects of a software engineering process
3. apply fact-finding and problem-solving skills
4. determine the requirements for a software system
5. understand key aspects of models and processes for design of a software system
6. understand the process of analysis and design using the object-oriented approach
7. be aware of current trends in the area of software engineering

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:

[4]

- 1.1 Software Engineering Fundamental
 - General definition
 - Program versus software
 - Software process
 - Software characteristics
 - Software applications
- 1.2 Some terminologies:
 - Deliverables and milestones
 - Product and process
 - Measures, metrics and measurement
 - Software process and product metrics
 - Generic and customized software product
- 1.3 Roles of management in software development
 - People, product, process and project

Unit 2. Software Development Life Cycles Models:

[5]

- 2.1 Build and fix model
- 2.2 The waterfall model
- 2.3 Prototyping model
- 2.4 Iterative enhancement model
- 2.5 Spiral model
- 2.6 Rapid application development model (RAD)
- 2.7 Selection criteria of a lifecycle model

Unit 3.	Software Requirement Analysis & Specification:	[5]
3.1	Requirement engineering	
3.2	Requirement elicitation	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interviews • Brainstorming series • Use case approach 	
3.3	Requirement analysis	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data flow diagram • Data dictionary • Entity-Relationship diagram • Software prototyping 	
3.4	Requirement documentation	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nature of SRS • Characteristics of a good SRS • Organization of SRS 	
Unit 4.	Software Project Planning:	[6]
4.1	Size estimation	
4.2	Cost estimation	
4.3	Models	
4.4	The constructive cost model (COCOMO)	
4.5	COCOMO II	
4.6	The Putnam resource allocation model	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Nordan/rayleigh curve • Productivity Vs Difficulty • The tradeoff between Time Vs Cost • Development sub cycles 	
4.7	Software risk management	
Unit 5.	Software Design:	[6]
5.1	Design concepts, importance and objectives	
5.2	Modularity	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cohesion • Coupling • Relation between cohesion and coupling 	
5.3	Strategy of design	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bottom-up approach • Top-down approach • Hybrid approach 	
5.4	Function oriented design	
5.5	IEEE recommended practices for software design	
5.6	Object oriented design	
Unit 6.	Software Metrics:	[5]
6.1	Software metrics: what & why?	
6.2	Token count	
6.3	Data structure metrics	
6.4	Information flow metrics	
6.5	Metrics analysis	
Unit 7.	Software Reliability:	[4]
7.1	Basic Concepts	
7.2	Software quality	
7.3	Software reliability model	
7.4	Capability maturity model (CMM)	
Unit 8.	Software Testing:	[6]

- 8.1 Testing process
- 8.2 Some important terminologies
- 8.3 Functional testing
 - Boundary value analysis
 - Equivalence class testing
 - Decision table based testing
 - Special value testing
- 8.4 Structural testing
 - Path testing
 - Cyclomatic complexity
 - Graph metrics
 - Data flow testing
 - Mutation testing
- 8.5 Levels of testing
- 8.6 Debugging techniques, tools and approaches
- 8.7 Testing tools

Unit 9. Software Maintenance:

[4]

- 9.1 Introduction
- 9.2 Maintenance process
- 9.3 Maintenance model
- 9.4 Estimation of maintenance costs
- 9.5 Regression testing
- 9.6 Reverse engineering
- 9.7 Software Re-engineering
- 9.8 Configuration management
- 9.9 Documentation

Practical:

[45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Recommended books:

1. Software Engineering: The Production of Quality Software by Shari Pfleeger, 2nd Edition, Macmillan, 1991, ISBN 0-02-395115-X.
2. Fundamentals of Software Engineering by Ghezzi, Jayazeri and Mandrioli, Prentice-Hall.
3. Quality Software Project Management by Robert T. Futrell, Donald F. Shafer, Linda I. Shafer
4. Software Engineering by Ian Sommerville, Addison-Wesley, ISBN 0-201-17568-1
5. Software Engineering with Student Project Guidance by Barbara Mynatt
6. Software Engineering by Roger Jones
7. Practical Software Engineering by Stephen R. Schach, Aksen Associates and Richard D. Irwin Inc. (ISBN 0-256-11455-2),

Management Information System

EG 2203 CT

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

The primary objective of the Management Information Systems Department is to prepare students for exciting and challenging careers in the information systems arena. The MIS major prepares students for such entry level positions as systems analysts, programmer-analysts, and database analysts by providing them with a thorough grounding in the principles of information system design and construction. The MIS curriculum includes coverage of computer programming, database design and implementation, networks and data communications, systems analysis, systems implementation, managerial decision making, and managerial aspects of organizational information systems.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand information systems
2. plan information systems
3. manage information systems
4. discuss on specific modern trends like BPR, ERP and E-Business.

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Foundation Concepts in Information System: [5]**
- 1.1 Introduction of IS
 - 1.2 IS Framework for business professional
 - 1.3 Types of IS and its components
 - 1.4 IS Vs IT
 - 1.5 Emerging trends in IT
 - 1.6 Managerial challenges of IT
 - 1.7 IS resources:
 - Hardware resources
 - Software resources
 - Network resources
 - Data resources
 - 1.8 Case study
- Unit 2. Data and Resource Management: [4]**
- 2.1 Introduction of DRM
 - 2.2 Foundation data concepts
 - 2.3 Product specifications
 - 2.4 DBMS concepts
 - 2.5 Types of DBMS and databases
 - 2.6 Designing databases
 - 2.7 Databases objects
 - 2.8 Normalization
 - 2.9 Data model

	2.10	Data Mining and Warehousing	
	2.11	Case study	
Unit 3.		Telecommunications and Network for Business:	[4]
	3.1	Introduction	
	3.2	Evolution of computer networks	
	3.3	Trends in Telecommunications	
	3.4	Types of networks	
	3.5	Network media	
	3.6	Network architecture and protocols	
	3.7	Quality of service (QoS)	
	3.8	internet revolution	
	3.9	IP telephony and VOIP	
	3.10	Network planning, design and management	
	3.11	Case Study	
Unit 4.		Introduction to e-Business System:	[6]
	4.1	Introduction of functional business system	
	4.2	IT in business	
	4.3	Marketing system and function	
	4.4	The market environment	
	4.5	Manufacturing system	
	4.5	Human resource management (HRM)	
	4.6	Accounting systems	
	4.7	Financial management system:	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial analysis and planning • Financial intelligence • Cash management • Online investment management • Capital budgeting 	
	4.9	Case Study	
Unit 5.		Enterprise Information System:	[6]
	5.1	Introduction	
	5.2	Evolution of EIS	
	5.3	Customer relationship management (CRM)	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction • Phases of CRM • Benefits and challenges • Trends in CRM 	
	5.4	Enterprise resource planning (ERP)	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Benefits and challenges of ERP • Costs of ERP • Causes of ERP failure • Trends in ERP 	
	5.5	Supply chain management	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction • Role of SCM • Benefits and challenges of SCM • Trends in SCM 	
	5.6	Case Study	
Unit 6.		Intelligent Information System:	[6]
	6.1	Introduction	
	6.2	Business analysis	

	6.3	Business intelligence	
	6.4	Business intelligence architecture	
	6.5	Data Mining	
	6.6	Methods and framework	
	6.7	OLAP and multidimensional databases	
	6.8	Clustering	
	6.9	Decision trees	
	6.10	Artificial intelligence and neural network	
	6.11	Decision support in business	
	6.12	Trends of decision support	
	6.13	Knowledge management system	
	6.14	Case Study	
Unit 7.		Developing Business/IT Strategies:	[4]
	7.1	Planning fundamentals	
	7.2	Business/IT planning	
	7.3	The ROI process in business/IT planning	
	7.4	An enterprise-wide architecture	
	7.5	Information engineering	
	7.6	Change management	
	7.7	System development life cycles	
	7.8	Prototyping and advanced development	
	7.9	Data flow diagram	
	7.10	E-R diagram	
	7.11	Case Study	
Unit 8.		Information Security and Ethical Challenges:	[6]
	8.1	Introduction	
	8.2	Information security threats	
	8.3	Information security policy	
	8.4	Inter networked security defense	
	8.5	Other security measures	
	8.6	System control and audits	
	8.7	Ethical responsibilities of business professionals	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business ethics • Technological ethics • Ethical guidelines 	
	8.8	Computer crime	
	8.9	Hacking	
	8.10	Software piracy	
	8.11	Intellectual property right (IPR)	
	8.12	Computer viruses and worms	
	8.13	Privacy issues	
	8.14	Health issues (Ergonomics)	
	8.15	Other challenges	
	8.17	Case Study	
Unit 9.		Enterprise and Global Management of IT:	[4]
	9.1	Business and IT	
	9.2	The impact of IT on managers, organizations	
	9.3	Managing IT	
	9.4	Managing IS function	
	9.5	Failures of IT management	
	9.6	Managing global IT (The International Dimension)	
	9.7	Case Study	

Practical:

[45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Textbooks and Readings:

1. Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm (9th Edition) by Kenneth C. Laudon, Jane P. Laudon .
2. Business: Its Legal, Ethical, and Global Environment by Marianne M. Jennings
3. Analysis & Design of Information System by James A. Senn
4. Essential of Management Information Systems by Laudson
5. Information Technology for Management by Efraim Turban

Computer Architecture

EG 2204 CT

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course is an introduction to computer architecture and organization. It covers topics in both the physical design of the computer (organization) and the logical design of the computer (architecture).

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. explain the over view of computer organization
2. explain the principle of CPU system
3. explain the principle of memory system
4. explain the principle of data flow

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Basic computer architecture:

[6]

- 1.1 Introduction
 - History of computer architecture
 - Overview of computer organization
 - Memory Hierarchy and cache
 - External Memory
 - Organization of hard disk
- 1.2 Instruction codes
 - Stored program organization-Indirect address
 - Computer Registers
 - Common bus system
 - Computer instruction
 - Instruction set
- 1.3 Timing and Control-Instruction Cycle:
 - Fetch and decode
 - Limiting errors
- 1.4 Type of Instruction
 - Register reference Instruction
 - Memory reference instruction
 - Input and output interrupt

Unit 2. Micro programmed control:

[8]

- 2.1 Basic Computer Design of Accumulator
 - Control of AC register
 - Adder and logic circuit
 - ALU organization
- 2.2 Control Memory-Address Sequencing

- Conditional Branching
- Mapping of Instruction-Subroutines
- 2.3 Micro program
 - Symbolic Micro program
 - Binary Micro program
- 2.4 Design of control unit
 - Basic requirement of control unit
 - Structure of control unit
 - Hard wired control unit
 - Micro program sequencer

Unit 3. Central processing Unit:

[12]

- 3.1 General Register Organization:
 - Control word. Stack organization. Instruction
 - Formats-Addressing Modes
- 3.2 Data transfer and Manipulation:
 - Data Transfer Instructions
 - Data Manipulation Instructions
 - Arithmetic Instructions
 - Logical and Bit Manipulation Instructions
 - Shift Instructions.
- 3.3 Program control:
 - Status bit conditions
 - Conditional Branch Instructions
 - Subroutine Call and Return
 - Program Interrupt
 - Types of Interrupts.
- 3.4 Reduced Instruction set
 - Computer (RISC):
 - CISC Characteristics
 - RISC Characteristics
 - Overlapped Register
 - Windows-Berkeley RISC I.

Unit 4. Computer arithmetic and memory organization:

[10]

- 4.1 Addition and Subtraction:
 - Hardware Implementation-
 - Hardware Algorithm
 - Addition and Subtraction with Signed-2's Complement
- 4.2 Data Multiplication Algorithms:
 - Booth Multiplication Algorithm
 - Array Multiplier.
- 4.3 Division Algorithms:
 - Divide overflow
 - Hardware Algorithm
 - Floating Point Arithmetic Operations
 - Basic considerations-Register Configuration
- 4.4 Memory concept
 - Main Memory-
 - Auxiliary Memory
 - Associative Memory:
- 4.5 Memory Hardware Organisation

- Match Logic-
 - Read operation and Write operation.
 - Cache memory
 - Associative Mapping
 - Direct Mapping
 - Set-Associative Mapping
 - Writing into Cache-Cache Initialization.
 - Virtual Memory-Address space and Memory space-
- 4.6 Address mapping Using Pages
- Associative Memory page table
 - Page Replacement-Memory Management Hardware
 - Segmented-Page Mapping-

Unit 5. Pipeline, vector processing and multiprocessors:

[9]

- 5.1 Parallel Processing
- Pipelining-Arithmetic
 - Pipeline-Instruction
- 5.2 Pipeline Examples
- Four Segment Instruction Pipeline-
 - Data Dependency
 - Handling of Branch Instructions.
 - RISC Pipeline
 - Three Segment Instruction
 - Delayed load-Delayed branch.
- 5.3 Vector Processing:
- Vector operations-
 - Matrix Multiplication-
 - Memory Interleaving-
 - Super computers. array processors:
 - Attached Array Processor-SIMD Array processor.

Practical:

[45]

8085 Assembly Language program:

1. Multi byte Addition and Subtraction
Multi byte decimal addition and subtraction
2. Adder and subtractor circuit
3. Study of 8259 programmable interrupt controller - Development of interrupt service routine
4. Keyboard/display controller- Keyboard scan- blinking and rolling display
5. Parallel data transfer
6. Study of Microcomputer development system

Text books:

1. Morris Mano.M., Computer System architecture, PHI, 1993.

Reference books:

1. Hamacher.V.C.,Vranesic.Z.G and Zaky.S.G.,Computer Organisation, McGraw Hill, New York,III Edition,1990.
2. Hayes," Computer System Architecture",Mc Graw Hill,1998.

Operating System

EG 2205 CT

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 5 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 2 hours/week

Course Description:

This course acquired with the underlying principles and general trends in operating system.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. apply various types operating systems
2. define the process of operating system
3. familiarize with deadlock
4. describe the memory management
5. apply different types of I/O devices
6. implement file systems
7. manage the security

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[4]
1.1 Operating system as an extended machine	
1.2 Operating system as a resource manager	
1.3 Operating system history	
1.4 Various types of Operating system	
Unit 2. Process:	[8]
2.1 Definition	
2.2 Process states	
2.3 Process Control block	
2.4 Operation on processes	
2.5 Introduction to inter process communication	
2.6 Introduction to process scheduling	
Unit 3. Deadlock:	[6]
Resources: preemptible and non-preemptible	
Conditions for deadlock	
Deadlock handling including Ostrich algorithm, detection and recovery, avoidance and prevention.	
Unit 4. Memory Management:	[6]
Introduction	
Memory management for monoprogramming	
Memory management for multiprogramming	
Swapping	
Virtual memory	
Segmentation	

- Unit 5. I/O devices:** [6]
1.10 Introduction
1.11 Review of IO mapped IO and memory mapped IO
1.12 Review of polled IO and interrupt IO
1.13 IO software layers
1.14 Disks as an IO devices
- Unit 6. File systems:** [8]
File naming
File structure
File types, access, attributes and operations
Directories
File system implementation- layout, contiguous implementation, linked list implementation, inked list with FAT, and I nodes
- Unit 7. Security:** [4]
Threats, intruders and accidental data loss user authentication
Attacks from inside and outside the system
- Unit 8. Additional topics:** [3]
8.1 Distributed operating system
8.2 Network operating system

Practical: [30]

1. The lab modules may be designed as per the instructors convenience covering the following topics
2. Process creation and management, interprocess communication, simulation of process scheduling and deadlock management.

Text book:

1. Modern Operating System A. S. Tanenbaum

References books:

1. Operating system design and implementation, 3rd edition, Tanenbaum and Woodhull
2. Operating Systems, 2nd edition, H. M. Dietel
3. Operating System Concepts 7th Edition by A. Silberschatz, P. B. Galvin and G. Gagne

सामाजिक अध्ययन
(EG 2206 SH)

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 2 hour /week
Lecture: 2 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

कोषको परिचय

यस विषयमा विद्यार्थीहरूले सामाजिक विशेषताहरू, मानव र समाजसंग भएका विभिन्न सम्बन्धहरू, सामाजिक तथा साँस्कृतिक परिवर्तन सम्बन्धी कार्यहरू, वातावरण र पर्यावरण, समाजसेवा र सामुदायिक विकास एकाईहरू, सामाजिक अनुसन्धान, गांमीण श्रोतहरू, नेपालको उत्पत्ति नेपालका कुराहरू र आर्थिक अवस्था, परराष्ट्रनीति तथा शासन व्यवस्था र जनसंख्या शिक्षासंग सम्बन्धित इकाईहरू समावेश गरिएका छन् ।

कोषको उद्देश्य :

यस पाठ्यांशको अध्ययनबाट विद्यार्थीहरूले निम्नलिखित कुरा सक्नेछन्:-

- १ सामाजिक विशेषताहरूको व्याख्या गर्न,
- २ मानव र समाजसंग भएका विभिन्न सम्बन्धहरूको चर्चा गर्न,
- ३ सामाजिक तथा साँस्कृतिक परिवर्तन सम्बन्धी कार्यहरू को व्याख्या गर्न,,
- ४ वातावरण र पर्यावरण को व्याख्या गर्न,,
- ५ समाजसेवा र सामुदायिक विकासको व्याख्या गर्न,
- ६ सामाजिक अनुसन्धानका कार्य गर्न,
- ७ गांमीण श्रोतहरू पहिचान गर्न,
- ७ नेपालको उत्पत्ति नेपालको आर्थिक अवस्था, परराष्ट्रनीति तथा शासन व्यवस्थाको व्याख्या गर्न
- ८ जनसंख्या शिक्षाको वयान गर्न,

पाठ्यांशको विषयवस्तु

१. सामाजिक विज्ञान (Social Science)
 - (क) समाजशास्त्र र ग्रामीण र समाजशास्त्रको परिचय
 - (ख) समाजशास्त्रको प्रकृति र वैज्ञानिक पद्धति
 - (ग) सामाजिक विज्ञान र भौतिक विज्ञान विचको अन्तर
 - (घ) विज्ञान र इन्जिनियरिङ्ग
 - (ङ) विज्ञान र प्रविधि
 - (च) विज्ञान र धर्म
 - (छ) विज्ञान र समाज
२. मानव र समाज (Man and Society)
 - (क) समाज, संस्कृति र व्यक्तित्व, बानी, परम्परा र फेशन
 - (ख) जाति, भाषा, धर्म, पेशा, रहनसहन
 - (ग) सामाजिक वर्ग व्यवस्था
 - (घ) समाजमा महिलाहरूको स्थिति
३. सामाजिक तथा साँस्कृतिक परिवर्तन (Social Cultural Changes)
 - (क) सामाजिक तथा साँस्कृतिक परिवर्तनका अर्थ

- (ख) सामाजिक तथा साँस्कृतिक परिवर्तनका सिद्धान्तहरू
 - (ग) सामाजिक परिवर्तनका विशेषताहरू
 - (घ) सामाजिक तथा साँस्कृतिक परिवर्तनका कारक तत्वहरू
 - (ङ) औद्योगीकरण र सामाजिक परिवर्तन
 - (च) ग्रामीण सामाजिक परिवर्तन
 - (छ) औद्योगिक र ग्रामीण समाजका लक्षणहरू
 - (ज) शहरीकरण
४. वातावरण र पर्यावरण (Environment and Ecology)
- (क) वातावरण र पर्यावरणको अर्थ
 - (ख) वातावरण पर्यावरण संरक्षणको आवश्यकता र महत्व
 - (ग) वातावरण र कानूनको सामान्य इतिहास
५. समाज सेवा र सामुदायिक विकास (Social Services and Community Development)
- (क) सामुदायिक विकास परियोजनाको अर्थ र उद्देश्य
 - (ख) सामुदायिक विकास कार्यक्रम
 - (ग) जनसहभागिता र सामुदायिक विकास
 - (घ) समाज सेवाको अर्थ, क्षेत्र र उद्देश्य
 - (ङ) सामाजिक कार्यकर्ताको अर्थ, प्रकार, गुण र भूमिका
६. सामाजिक अनुसन्धान (Social Research)
- (क) परिभाषा, प्रकृति, उद्देश्य र प्रकार
 - (ख) सामाजिक अनुसन्धानका प्रेरकर्ताहरू
 - (ग) सामाजिक अनुसन्धानका प्रमुख चरण
७. ग्रामीण श्रोतहरू (Rural Resources)
- (क) मानवशक्ति
 - (ख) जलश्रोत
 - (ग) भूमि
 - (घ) जनसम्पदा
 - (ङ) खनिजशक्ति
 - (च) सौर्यशक्ति
 - (छ) वायुशक्ति
८. नेपाल शब्दको उत्पत्ति (Origin of Nepal Word)
९. विश्व मानचित्रमा नेपाल (Nepal in the World Map)
१०. आर्थिक अवस्था (Economic System)
- (क) कृषि, व्यापार, उद्योग, यातायात र सञ्चार
 - (ख) आर्थिक व्यवस्थाका विशेषताहरू
- मिश्रित अर्थ व्यवस्था, साभा, योजनावद्ध विकास, कृषिजन्य अर्थ व्यवस्था
११. परराष्ट्र नीति (Foreign Policy)
- (क) नेपाल असंलग्न परराष्ट्र नीतिको अर्थ
 - (ख) नेपालको परराष्ट्र नीतिका विशेषताहरू
 - (ग) नेपाल भारत सम्बन्ध
 - (घ) नेपाल चीन सम्बन्ध
 - (ङ) संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ र नेपाल
 - (च) सार्क र नेपाल
१२. शासन र व्यवस्था (Rulling System)
- (क) व्यवस्थापिका
 - (ख) कार्यपालिका

- (ग) न्यायपालिका
 - (घ) संविधान
 - (ङ) नेपाल अधिराज्यको संविधान र यसका विशेषताहरू
 - (च) विकेन्द्रीकरण, महत्व, आवश्यकता र विशेषताहरू
१३. जनसंख्या शिक्षा (Population Education)
- (क) जनसंख्या शिक्षाको परिचय र विषयवस्तु
 - (ख) जनसंख्या शिक्षाको उद्देश्यहरू
 - (ग) जनसंख्याको आकार, संरचना, वितरण, वृद्धि, प्रभाव र नियन्त्रण

सन्दर्भ सामग्री:

१. आधारभूत समाजशास्त्र तथा मानवशास्त्र, कमलराज शर्मा, देवी शर्मा, पोखरा ।
२. अर्थशास्त्रका तत्वहरू, सावित्री श्रेष्ठ, अक्षलोक प्रकाशन, काठमाडौं, दोस्रो संस्करण ।
३. अर्थशास्त्रका सरल सिद्धान्त, ईश्वरमान श्रेष्ठ, अक्षलोक प्रकाशन, काठमाडौं ।
४. अर्थशास्त्र, मुरारीमोहन जोशी, कृष्णदेव यादव, नेशनल बुक सेण्टर, काठमाडौं ।
५. महत्वपूर्ण राजनीतिक शब्दज्ञान, सिद्धेश्वरमान श्रेष्ठ, अक्षलोक प्रकाशन, काठमाडौं, नवौं संस्करण २०६३ ।
६. मुद्रा, बैङ्किङ्ग, राजश्व, अन्तरराष्ट्रिय व्यापार तथा नेपालको अर्थशास्त्र, प्रा.महेश्वरमान श्रेष्ठ, रत्न पुस्तक भण्डार, काठमाडौं ।
७. नेपाल परिचय, सावित्री श्रेष्ठ, सिद्धेश्वरमान श्रेष्ठ, निरन्तर प्रकाशन, काठमाडौं, तेस्रो संस्करण ।
८. राजनीति शास्त्रको परिचय सिद्धेश्वरमान श्रेष्ठ, निरन्तर प्रकाशन, काठमाडौं, दोस्रो संस्करण ।
९. सामाजिक अभियान, प्रा.राजेन्द्रप्रसाद अधिकारी, सह-प्राध्यापक सिद्धेश्वरमान श्रेष्ठ, अक्षलोक प्रकाशन, काठमाडौं तेस्रो संस्करण, २०६३ ।

Statistics and Probability

EG 2207 SH

Year: II
Semester: II

Total: 4 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with a practical knowledge of the principles and concept of probability and statistics and their application to simple engineering problems.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand the principles and concept of probability to simple engineering problems
2. understand statistics and their application to simple engineering problems

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[4]
1.1 Origin and Definition of Statistics	
1.2 Importance and Scope of Statistics	
1.3 Limitation of statistics	
Unit 2. Basic concept of Statistical Studies:	[6]
2.1 Data, type and Sources of data	
2.2 Population and Sample	
2.3 Variables and Parameter	
Unit 3. Organizing a Raw Data:	[6]
3.1 Classification of Data	
3.2 Meaning and Importance of table	
3.3 Parts of Table	
Unit 4. Pictorial Representation of a Data Set:	[5]
4.1 Introduction	
4.2 Difference between Diagram and Graphs	
4.3 Bar diagram, Histogram, Pie diagram, Steam leaf display	
4.4 Graphical Representation of Data	
4.5 Limitation of Diagram and Graphs	
Unit 5. Summarizing a Data set:	[8]
5.1 Introduction	
5.2 Central Tendency (mean, median, and mode)	
5.3 Variability of Dispersion (range, inter quartile range, and standard deviation)	
Unit 6. Concepts of Probability:	[8]
6.1 Introduction of probability	
6.2 Definition of probability	
6.3 Basic terms of probability theory	
6.4 Counting rule (permutation and combination)	

6.5 Additive and multiplicative law of probability

Unit 7. Theoretical probability distribution: [4]

Random variables
Binomial distribution
Poisson distribution
Normal Distribution

Unit 8. Bivariate data analysis: [4]

8.1 Introduction
8.2 Correlation (Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation)
8.3 Linear regression

References books:

1. A Text book of Statistics – B.C. Bajracharya
2. Elementary Statistics – H. C. Saxena
3. Statistical Methods – Mrigendralal Singh

Third Year
(Fifth and Sixth Semesters)

Fifth Semester

Subjects:

- | | | |
|---|------------|--|
| 1 | EG 3101 CT | Computer Networks |
| 2 | EG 3102 CT | Database Management System |
| 3 | EG 3103 CT | Web Technology and Programming II |
| 4 | EG 3104 CT | Knowledge, Organization and Information Access |
| 5 | EG 3105 CT | Project Management |
| 6 | EG 3106 SH | Technical English |
| 7 | EG 3107 CT | Elective – I |
| | | (a) Geographical Information System |
| | | (b) Computer Simulation and Modeling |
| | | (c) Image Processing |
| | | (d) Distributed Processing |
| 8 | EG 3108 CT | Minor Project |

Computer Networks

EG 3101 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with fundamentals of computer network, its architecture, its standards and protocols used in computer network.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand the architecture of computer network
2. know various hardware devices and software used in computer networks
3. setup small home/office network

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction to computer network:	[2]
1.1. Introduction, definition, features, issues	
1.2. Applications of computer networks	
Unit 2. Network architecture:	[6]
2.1. Network topologies	
2.2. Network types: LAN, MAN, WAN	
2.3. Layered network architecture, protocols, interfaces, services	
2.4. OSI Reference model	
2.5. TCP/IP Reference model	
2.6. Standardization organizations	
Unit 3. Network hardware and software:	[3]
3.1. Network workstation and server: hardware and software requirements	
3.2. Client server and peer-to-peer model	
3.3. Network devices: Repeater, Hub, NIC, Bridge, Switch, Router, Gateway	
Unit 4. Physical layer:	[5]
4.1. Digital signals, line coding formats	
4.2. Transmission impairment: attenuation, distortion, noise, interference	
4.3. Channel bandwidth and throughput; propagation time, transmission time	
4.4. Transmission media	
• Guided: coaxial, twisted-pair, fiber-optic	
• Unguided: radio, microwaves, infrared	
Unit 5. Data link layer:	[5]
5.1. Introduction to data link layer and its issues	
5.2. Flow control at data link layer	
5.3. Error control issues at data link layer	
5.4. Data link layer protocols: HDLC, PPP	
Unit 6. LAN architecture/standards:	[5]
6.1. Introduction to LAN standards and architecture	

- 6.2. Media access control, MAC address
- 6.3. CSMA/CD, Token ring, Token bus and IEEE 802.3, 802.4, 802.5
- 6.4. Introduction to wireless LAN, Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, Wi-Max
- Unit 7. Network Layer:** [8]
 - 7.1. Internetworking
 - 7.2. Switching: Circuit switching and packet switching
 - 7.3. Addressing issues at network layer
 - 7.4. IP address; Different classes; Private and Public address
 - 7.5. Subnet mask and Subnetting; Classless addressing; Network address translation (NAT)
 - 7.6. Routing and its necessity; static and dynamic routing; interior and exterior routing
 - 7.7. Introduction to dynamic routing protocols: RIP, IGRP, OSPF
 - 7.8. Network layer protocols: ARP, RARP, IP, ICMP
 - 7.9. Introduction to IPv6 and its necessity
- Unit 8. Transport layer:** [4]
 - 8.1. Transport layer issues: Congestion control, Flow control, Quality of service
 - 8.2. Transport layer addressing, sockets
 - 8.3. Segmentation and reassembly
 - 8.4. Connection oriented and connectionless service
 - 8.5. Transport layer protocols: TCP, UDP
- Unit 9. Application Layer:** [4]
 - 9.1. Application layer and its function
 - 9.2. Electronic mail: SMTP
 - 9.3. File transfer: FTP
 - 9.4. Dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP)
 - 9.5. DNS, HTTP, WWW
- Unit 10. Network security:** [3]
 - 10.1. Cryptography, Digital signature
 - 10.2. Firewalls
 - 10.3. Virtual private network

Practical: [45]

In practical, students should be able to set up small networks. Also, they should be able to configure network hardware and network software. Following lab exercises may be helpful.

1. Installation of network interface card and various network devices like hub, switch, router etc.
2. Cabling: construction of straight-through and cross-over cable and verify the physical layer connectivity
3. Installation and configuration of workstation PC
4. Setup peer-to-peer networking and verify it
5. Install and configure server for client server networking; also verify it
6. Familiarization with basic network commands: Observing IP address and MAC address, Setting IP address and default gateway in PC, Verifying network layer connectivity
7. Configure the PC to obtain IP from DHCP, Release the leased IP, Renew IP (for this there should a DHCP server)
8. Create multiple networks and route packets across multiple networks using static routing
9. Dynamic routing (e.g. RIP) and default route
10. Configure HTTP, FTP, DHCP server and verify it
11. Configuration of DNS and e-mail server
12. Design of local area network (LAN)
13. Case study: Organizational visit to study existing network system

References books:

1. "Computer Networks", A. S. Tanenbaum
2. "Data Communications and Networking", Behrouz A. Forouzan

Database Management System

EG 3102 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 6 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : 3 hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the basic fundamentals of database management system. Students will get the necessary knowledge for designing, developing, querying and normalizing relational databases; and knowledge of object oriented and distributed database systems

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will be able to:

1. describe the architecture for database systems
2. implement a relational database schema from initial written specifications
3. utilize SQL and relational algebra for database manipulation
4. know how to manage data and deal with issues like: integrity, security & concurrency
5. know basic concepts, of object oriented and distributed data model

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction:** [4]
Data and Information
Concept and applications of database system
Characteristics of database approach.
DBMS architecture
Data abstraction
- Unit 2. Data Models:** [4]
Physical, logical and view model
Mapping data models
Mapping cardinalities
E-R Model
- Entities and Entities set
 - Attributes
 - Relationships and relationship sets
 - Keys
 - Strong and weak entities sets
 - E-R diagram
- Unit 3. Relational Model:** [4]
Structure of relational database
Relational algebra
- Fundamental Operations
 - The select Operation
 - The Projection Operation
 - Composition of relational Operation
 - The union Operation

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The set difference Operation • The natural join Operation 	
Unit 4.	Introduction to SQL:	[4]
	Basic Structure	
	Data Definition Language(DDL)	
	Data Manipulation Language(DML)	
	Aggregate Functions	
	Null values	
	Nested Sub queries	
	Joined Relations	
Unit 5.	Relational Database Design:	[10]
	5.1 Integrity constrains	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Domain constraints • Functional dependencies • Referential integrity • Trigger 	
	5.2 Normalization	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First Normal Form • Second Normal Form • Third Normal Form 	
Unit 6.	Filing and File Structure:	[5]
	6.1 Storage Devices	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cache, Main memory, flash memory • Magnetic Disk storage, Optical Storage and Tape storage 	
	6.2 Organization of records	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fixed length records • Variable length records • Byte string representation • Fixed length representation 	
	6.3 File Organization	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The sequential file organization • The index sequential file organization • Hashing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hash file organization • Hash Function • Hash Indices 	
Unit 7.	Security:	[4]
	Authorization	
	Granting of Privileges	
	Access control and authorization	
	Introduction to Encryption and decryption	
Unit 8.	Concurrency Control:	[6]
	8.1 Transaction	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transaction concept • Transaction state 	
	8.2 Schedule and Serializability	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conflict Serializabilty • View Serializabilty • Recoverable Schedule • Cascade less Schedule 	
	8.3 Deadlock handling	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deadlock detection 	

- Recovery from deadlock
 - Deadlock prevention
- Unit 9. Object Oriented Model and Distributed Model:** [4]
- 9.1 Introduction
 - 9.2 Design of object oriented model
 - 9.3 Structure of distributed model
 - Replication and fragmentation

Practical: [45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

References books:

1. H.F Korth and A. Silberschitz, “ Database System Concepts” McGraw Hill
2. Gary W. Hansen, James V. Hansen. “Database Management and Design” Prentice Hall of India.
3. Elmasri and Navathe , “ Fundamental of Database Systems” McGraw Hill
4. Thomas Connolly and Carolyn Begg, “Database Systems”, a practical approach to design implementation and management., Pearson Education

Web Technology and Programming II

EG 3103 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : 3 hours/week

Course Description:

To be Familiar with the advanced technique of web technology and web page design. The Students will be familiar with recent software used in web technology.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to

1. understand the basic of scripting languages
2. understand the fundamentals of database, database engines, and their uses in web programming
3. familiar with XML & AJAX

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[2]
1.1 Server Side and Client Side Scripting	
1.2 Advantages and Disadvantages	
Unit 2. Client Side Script :Java Script:	[10]
2.1 Introduction	
2.2 Adding JavaScript code to HTML page	
2.3 JavaScript Data type-Variant subtypes	
2.4 Programming Constructs And functions	
2.5 Event Handling and JavaScript objects	
2.6 Functions, Dialog boxes	
2.7 Predefined JavaScript objects	
2.8 Using Frames, History object, predefined and user defined objects	
2.9 Image, Event and form Objects	
Unit 3. Server Side Script: PHP or JSP or any other server side script:	[20]
Syntax and Variables	
Adding Server Side Script to HTML	
Control And Functions	
Passing Information Between Pages	
Strings	
Arrays and Array Function	

Numbers
Basic Sever Side Script Gotchas
Object oriented Programming with Server Side scripting
Advanced Arrays Functions
String and Regular Expression Functions
File System and System Functions
Sessions, Cookies and HTTP
Types and Type Conversions
Security
Understanding Server Side script Configuration Configuring
Exceptions Handling and Error Handling
Debugging

Unit 4. Database and Database Connectivity: MYSQL/ Oracle/ any other Database [12]

Introduction

Database

- SQL Standards
- SQL Query
- Database Design
- Privileges and Security

Database Connectivity

- Connecting Server Side Script to Database
- Making SQL queries
- Fetching Data sets
- Getting data about Data
- Multiple Connections
- Building in Error Checking
- Creating SQL database with Server Side Script
- Displaying Queries in tables
- Building Forms from queries

Unit 5. eXtensible Markup Language (XML): [14]

- 5.1 Introduction
- 5.2 Features of XML: XML can be used with existing protocols, Supports a wide variety of applications, Compatible with SGML, XML documents are reasonably clear to the lay person
- 5.3 Structure of XML: Logical Structure, Physical Structure
- 5.4 XML Markup: Element Markup i.e (<foo>Hello</foo>), Attribute Markup i.e. (<!element.nameproperty="value">)
- 5.5 Naming Rules: used for elements and attributes, and for all the descriptors, Comments Entity
- 5.6 Declarations :<! ENTITY name "replacement text">
- 5.7 Element Declarations: <!ELEMENT name content>
- 5.8 Empty Elements: <!ELEMENT empty.element EMPTY>

- 5.9 Unrestricted Elements: <!ELEMENT any.element ANY>
- 5.10 Element Content Models : Element Sequences i.e. <!ELEMENT counting(first, second, third, fourth)>, Element Choices <!ELEMENT choose(this.one | that.one)>, Combined Sequences and Choices
- 5.11 Element Occurrence Indicators :-Discussion of Three Occurrence Indicators? (Question Mark)* (Asterisk Sign) + (Plus Sign)
- 5.12 Character Content: PCDATA (Parseable Character data) <!ELEMENT text (#PCDATA),Document Type Declaration (DTD) and Validation
- 5.13 Developing a DTD: Modify an existing SGML DTD, Developing a DTD from XML Code, either automatically or manually
- 5.14 Viewing XML in Internet Explorer, Viewing XML using the XML Data Source Object.XSL (Extensible Style Sheet Language) or CSS (Cascading Style She[5]et);

Unit 6. Asynchronous JavaScript And XML(AJAX): [2]

- 6.1 Basic Concept of AJAX

Practical: [45]

The laboratory work includes all the implementation of chapter 2 to chapter 6 and finally a student should develop a dynamic Web page design project which should include database. The topic could be either initiated by the student or selected from a list provided by the instructor.

References books (Depends Up on Which Server Side Scripting and database chosen):

1. Bayross “Web Enabled Commercial Application Development Using HTML, DHTML, JavaScript, Perl CGI” BPB Publication
2. Allen Hornberger, “Mastering in PHP”, BPB Publication
3. Converse and Park with Morgan “PHP MYSQL Bible” WILEY Publication
4. Duthie “ASP .NET Step by Step” PHI
5. Sybex “ASP, ADO and XML Complete” BPB Publication
6. Russell “Mastering Active Server Pages “ (BPB)
7. The Complete Reference Oracle
8. Ivan Bay Ross, “HTML,DHTML,Java script,Perl CGI” , BPB Publication

Knowledge Organization and Information Access

EG 3104 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 3 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals to provide a strategic road map for implementing knowledge management in a company.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand the IT infrastructure and knowledge management architecture of the company
2. deploy the knowledge management system

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction:** [8]
Introduction to knowledge management (KM), KM's value proposition, Imperatives for KM, its needs, potential business benefits of KM, Transition from IM to KM, Topologies of knowledge, Difference between IT tools and KM tools, Difficulties in KM implementation, The 10-step roadmap for implementing KM in a company.
- Unit 2. Leveraging the Existing Infrastructure:** [5]
Building a knowledge platform based on the existing IT infrastructure, Aligning business strategy and KM in the company.
- Unit 3. KM System Analysis, Design, and Development:** [15]
Infrastructural foundations of the company's knowledge platform Collaborative platform, Seven layers of KM architecture, Audit, Analyze, and identify existing assets in the company, Design a right-sized and well-balanced KM team, Creating a KM blueprint customized for a company and robust enough to be "future proof", Develop the KM system, Understand how it can be integrated with existing technology standards.
- Unit 4. Deployment:** [10]
Deploy the system using the results-driven incrementalism (RDI) methodology, Select pilot projects, maximize payoffs, Common pitfalls, Understand the reward structures, Cultural change, Leadership needed for making KM successful, Deciding CKO or equivalent manager.
- Unit 5. Real-Options Evaluation:** [7]
Decide which measurement to use in a company, Real-option analyses, balanced scorecards, Quality function deployment, Tobin's q-and its use, Lean metrics to calculate ROI on a KM project.

References books:

1. Amrit Tiwana, "*The Knowledge Management Toolkit*", Pearson Education Asia, 2002.

Project Management

EG 3105 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 4 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

Main objective of this course is to provide exposure to the student in the area of Software Project Management as a new management framework uniquely suited to the complexities of modern software development process.

Course Objective:

After completing this course the students will be able to understand the software development process to meet client's requirement under cost effective processes.

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Software Management Practice and Software Economics: [12]**
Conventional Software Management Theory and Practice, Software Economics and Cost Estimation, Improving Software Economics, Software Process, Team Effectiveness and Software Environment; Quality Target, Principles of Conventional Software Engineering, Principles of Modern Software Management, Iterative Process
- Unit 2. Software Process Primitives and Process Management Framework: [14]**
Software Process Life-Cycle Phases, Various Elements of the Software Process (Management, Engineering and Pragmatic), Technical and Management Perspective of Software Architecture, Software Process Workflow and Iteration Workflow, Status Monitoring - Software Process Checkpoints and Milestones
- Unit 3. Techniques of Planning, Controlling and Automating Software Process: [15]**
Iterative Process Planning (Process Work Breakdown Structure, Planning Guidelines, Cost and Schedule Estimation Process, Iteration Planning Process), Project Organization and Responsibilities, Process Automation - Tools and Environment, Project Control and Process Automation, Process Customization.
- Unit 4. Modern Approach to Software Project and Economics: [4]**
Elements of Modern Software Projects and Management Principles, Next-Generation Software Economics and Cost Models, Modern Process Transition - Paradigm Shifts

References books:

1. Royce, W., *Software Project Management - A Unified Framework*, Addison-Wesley, 2000, ISBN: 81-7808-013-3
2. Conway, K., *Software Project Management - From Concept to Deployment*, IDG Books, 2001, ISBN: 81-7722-109-4

Technical English

EG 3106 EX

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 3 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical : hours/week
Lab : hours/week

Course Description:

This course is designed to meet the requirement of Diploma Level studies under CTVT programme.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to

1. understand read, write, listen English well
2. present technical writing in their own way
3. get acquaintance with some of the required words, Antonyms and synonyms

Course Contents:

Unit 5. Reading Passage:	[10]
1.1 Predicting Content	
1.2 Skim	
1.3 Summary	
1.4 Note making	
Unit 6. Writing:	[15]
2.1 paragraph writing	
2.2 Letter writing	
• Letter to the editor	
• Leave letter	
2.3 Writing simple technical reports	
Unit 7. Listening:	[8]
3.1 Synonyms and antonyms	
3.2 Word formation	
3.3 Fill in the blanks	
3.4 American English/British English	
Unit 8. Focus on language:	[6]
4.1 Prepositions	
4.2 Phrasal verbs	
4.3 Note making	
4.4 Cause and effect	
4.5 purpose and function	

Unit 9. Speaking:

[6]

- 5.1 Different speech functions
- 5.2 Introducing a guest
- 5.3 Vote of thanks

References books:

1. English for technical communication volume 1 & 2 combined edition by K.R Lakshminarayanan
2. SciTech publications (India) Pvt. Ltd Chennai & Hyderabad
3. Communication skills for engineers and professional by:- Prajapati Prasad 5th revised edition & published by Enlarged edition S.K. Kataria and Son's Delhi.

(a) Geographical Information System

EG 3107 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course provides introduction and scope of GIS. The topics of this course are GIS data system, GIS analysis and Digital Elevation Model.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. explain GIS, background, development and components of GIS
2. explain data capturing for GIS techniques and data bank management
3. analyze of various spatial and non-spatial data in GIS
4. explore Digital Elevation Model

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction to Geographical Information System (GIS):	[10]
1.1 Definition	
• Objective of GIS	
• Historical Background	
1.2 Introduction to earth surface	
• Longitude	
• Latitude	
1.3 Basic concept of spatial information	
Unit 2. GIS Data System:	[18]
2.1 Data structure	
• Types of data structure	
• Raster and Vector formats	
• Advantages and disadvantages of various data structures	
2.2 Data input	
• Data pre-processing	
• Methods of data capture	
2.3 Digitization and scanning methods	
2.4 Map projections	
2.5 Ellipsoids	
Unit 3. GIS Analysis:	[16]
3.1 Handling digital Geographical Information Data	
3.2 Analysis of single data planes in Raster format	
3.3 Analysis of Multiple data planes in Raster format	
3.4 Uses of topographic data in Raster format	
3.5 Data structures for thematic maps	
Unit 4. Digital Elevation Model (DEM):	[16]
4.1 Introduction and need of DEM	
4.2 Data sources and products of DEM	

- 4.3 Digital Terrain Modeling (DTM)
- 4.4 Input verification
- 4.5 Storage and methods of data analysis for spatial modeling
- 4.6 Methods of GIS and Spatial interpolation

Practical:

[45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Text books:

1. Jeffrey Star and John Estes, "Geographical Information System - An Introduction", Prentice Hall, 1990
2. Chestern, "Geo Informational Systems - Application of GIS and Related Spatial Information Technologies", ASTER Publication Co., 1992

References books:

1. Agarwal C.S., "Remote Sensing", Wheeler Publishing, 2000
2. Burrough,P.A., "Principles of GIS for Land Resources Assessment", Oxford Publication, 1980

(b) Computer Simulation and Modeling

EG 3107 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with the basic fundamentals of Data Structures and Algorithms. Students will learn how to model data in a computer, how to specify and use standard ADTs, and how to implement such ADTs with standard data structures and will learn how efficient or expensive various combinations of data structures and algorithms are.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will be able to:

1. learn how the choice of data structures and algorithm design methods impacts the performance of programs
2. implement ADTs such as stacks, queues, lists, trees, and algorithms such as searching, and sorting
3. gain experience writing programs in C/C++

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:	[12]
1.1 System	
• Definition	
• System Environment	
• Sub systems	
• Events and activities	
• Stochastic system	
1.2 System Modeling	
1.3 Definition of computer simulation	
1.4 Importance of modeling and simulation	
• Discrete and continuous system	
• Types of Model	
▪ Static physical model	
▪ Static mathematical model	
▪ Dynamic physical model	
▪ Dynamic mathematical model	
1.5 Steps in simulation study	
Unit 2. Discrete and Continuous system:	[12]
2.1 Queuing system	
• Numerical computation technique for discrete models	
• Discrete events and time representation	
• Generation of arrival pattern	
2.2 Differential and partial differential equations	
2.3 Analog Computer and Simulation	
2.4 Digital-Analog Simulator	

2.5 Feedback Systems

Unit 3. System Simulation:		[6]
3.1	Numerical Computation technique for Continuous Models	
3.2	Numerical Computation technique for Discrete Models	
3.3	Distributed Lag model	
Unit 4. Random Number Generation:		[10]
4.1	Properties of Random Number	
4.2	Generation of Pseudo-Random Number	
4.3	Techniques for generating Random Numbers	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Linear Congruential Methods• Combined Linear Congruential Generation	
4.4	Test for Random Number	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Test for Uniformity<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Frequency Tests• Run Tests• Autocorrelation Test• Gap Test• Poker Test	
Unit 5. Analysis of Simulation Output:		[10]
5.1	Estimation Methods	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Nature of Problem• Confidence Interval	
5.2	Simulation Run Statistics	
5.3	Replication of Runs	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mean waiting time• Mean inter-arrival time	
5.4	Estimation of Internal Bias	
Unit 6. General Purpose System Simulation (GPSS):		[10]
6.1	GPSS Programs	
6.2	GPSS blocks	
6.3	Action Times	
6.4	Succession of Events	
6.5	Facilities and Storage	
6.6	Applications	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Manufacturing shop• Simulation of Supermarket	

Practical: [45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

References books:

1. G. Gordon, "System Simulation", Second Edition, Prentice Hall India
2. Jerry Banks, John S, Barry L, David M, "Discrete-Event System Simulation" Third Edition, Prentice Hall India

(C) Image Processing

EG 3107 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course is an introduction to Image processing. It covers topics to understand the image processing theory and techniques.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. explain the fundamental aspects of image processing
2. explain the digital image properties
3. explain the pre image processing technique
4. explain image data compression

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Fundamental of image processing system: [14]**
- 1.1 Introduction
 - Human image perception process
 - Structure of Human Eye
 - Light and color spectrum
 - Visual characteristic of color, Hue , brightness and Value
 - 1.2 Image digitization
 - Sampling
 - Quantization
 - Neighbors of a pixel
 - Distance measure
 - Color images
 - 1.3 Types of images
 - Photographic films
 - Film characteristics
 - Video images
 - CCD cameras and CMOS sensors
 - CRT and LCD monitors
- Unit 2. Image enhancement: [12]**
- Definition
 - Spatial domain methods
 - Frequency domain methods
 - Histogram modification technique
 - Neighborhood averaging
 - Media filtering
 - Low pass filtering
 - Averaging of multiple images
 - Image sharpening by differentiation and high pass filtering.

	Image transform	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to Fourier transform • Properties of two dimensional FT 	
Unit 3.	Image restoration:	[10]
3.1	Definition	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Degradation model • Discrete formulation • Circulant matrices • Block circulant matrices • Effect of diagonalization of circulant and block matrices 	
3.2	Unconstrained and constrained restorations	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inverse filtering • Restoration in spatial domain 	
Unit 4.	Image encoding:	[12]
4.1	Objective and subjective fidelity criteria	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic encoding process • The mapping • The quantizer • The coder differential encoding • Contour encoding • Image encoding relative to fidelity criterion 	
4.2	Image Data Compression	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Image data properties • Predictive compression methods • JPEG and MPEG compression methods 	
Unit 5.	Image analysis:	[12]
5.1	Image analysis techniques	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spatial feature extraction • Amplitude and Histogram features • Transform features • Edge detection 	
5.2	Gradient operators	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Boundary extraction • Edge linking • Boundary representation • Boundary matching • Shape representation. 	

Practical: **[45]**

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Text books:

1. Rafael, C. Gonzalez., and Paul, Wintz. "Digital Image Processing ", Addison - Wesley Publishing Company, 1987
2. William, K.Pratt., "Digital Image Processing "John Wiley and Sons , 1978.

Reference books:

1. Rosenfeld, and Kak , A.C., " Digital Image Processing " Academic press, 1979.
2. Anil.K.Jain., "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing".PHI, 1995

(d) Distributed Processing

EG 3107 CT

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course is an introduction to Distributed processing. It covers topics to understand the interaction between hardware and software parts as well as benefits and challenging aspects of parallelism and distributed system (architecture).

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. explain the fundamental aspects of parallel and distributed processing
2. explain the taxonomies of parallel systems
3. explain the performance measures for parallel systems
4. write efficient parallel application programs
5. explain fundamental of distributed system

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Fundamental of distributed System: [15]**
- 1.1 Introduction
 - History of computer
 - Parallel Computer structure
 - Motivation of parallesim
 - Moore's law
 - Grand challenge problems
 - 1.2 Parallel and Distributed Computers
 - Flynn's Taxonomy
 - Distributed Memory Multicomputers
 - Shared Memory Multiprocessors
 - Networks of Workstations
 - Cluster and Grid Computing
 - 1.3 Message Passing Computing
 - Process Creation
 - Message Passing Routines
 - Point-to-Point and Collective Communication
 - 1.4 Performance Measures
 - Granularity
 - Speed Up and Efficiency
 - Amdahl's Law
 - Gustafson's Law and Isoefficiency
- Unit 2. Parallel Programing Techniques: [15]**
- 2.1 Simple Data Partitioning
 - Sum of Numbers
 - Bucket Sort

2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Numerical Integartion Divide-and-Conquer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Merge sort • Adaptive Quadrature • Barnes-Hut Algorithm 	
2.3	Scheduling and Load Balancing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • List Scheduling • Static Load Balancing • Dynamic Load Balancing 	
2.4	Synchronous Computations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Parallel Programming • Global and Local Synchronization • Solving Linear Equations • Cellular Automata 	
Unit 3.	Algorithms and Applications:	[12]
3.1	Introduction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Algorithms and Applications 	
3.2	Sorting Algorithms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rank Sort • Compare and Exchange • Bubble Sort • Bitonic Mergesort. 	
3.3	Numerical Algorithms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Matrix Algorithms 	
3.4	Reduced Instruction set <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computer (RISC): • CISC Characteristics • RISC Characteristics • Overlapped Register • Windows-Berkeley RISC I. 	
Unit 4.	Synchronization/communication in distributed memory:	[6]
4.1	Send/receive (blocking vs. non-blocking): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CSP • Hardware Algorithm • Addition and Subtraction with Signed-2's Complement 	
Unit 5.	Pipeline, vector processing and multiprocessors:	[12]
5.1	Parallel Processing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pipelining-Arithmetic • Pipeline-Instruction 	
5.2	Pipeline Examples <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four Segment Instruction Pipeline- • Data Dependency • Handling of Branch Instructions. • RISC Pipeline • Three Segment Instruction • Delayed load-Delayed branch. 	
5.3	Vector Processing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vector operations- • Matrix Multiplication- • MemoryInterleaving- • Supercomputers.array processors: 	

- Attached Array Processor-SIMD Array processor.

Practical:

[45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Text Books:

1. Barry Wilkinson and Michael Allen. Parallel Programming: Techniques and Applications Using Networked Workstations and Parallel Computers (2nd Edition), Prentice Hall PTR (2005)

References books:

1. A. Grama, A. Gupta, G. Karypis and V. Kumar. Introduction to Parallel Computing (2nd edition), Addison Wesley (2002).
2. I. Foster. Designing and Building Parallel Programs, Addison Wesley (1995).

Minor Project

EG 3108 EX

Year: III
Semester: I

Total: 3 hour /week
Lecture: hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course description:

This course is designed to meet the requirement of Diploma Level studies under CTVT programme.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. provide the knowledge of Visual Programming carrying out a project during the project students learn visual programming tool
2. provide the knowledge on planning, design, development and implementation of project
3. provide the knowledge to formulate project documentation and oral presentation for his/her final year project

Course Contents:

Minor Project:

- Preliminary selection of topic
- Discussion with department regarding the practicality of the project (e.g. cost, usefulness, market)
- Finalization of topic
- Submission of the detail proposal (Extensive literature review including survey)
- Start of minor project work in laboratory /home
- Monitoring of the work progress by supervisors and report to department
- A Midterm progress report should be submitted by the Student on the date fixed by department
- Presentation of minor project along with final report (this presentation will be used as an internal assessment by department)
- Final presentation of Minor Project Should Conduct by Examination Center in the presence of external examiners

The Minor Project Document shall include the following items

- Project team members
- Project Supervisors
- Technical Descriptions of the minor project
- Project task and time schedule
- System aspect of the project
- Baseline performance of the project
- Performance analysis methodology
- Reusability of modules in the software
- Implementation Area

Sixth Semester

Subjects:

1. EG 3201 CT Multimedia Technology
2. EG 3202 CT E-commerce
3. EG 3203 CT IT Entrepreneurship Development
4. EG 3204 CT Elective – II
 - (e) Data Mining and Data Warehousing
 - (f) Internet /Intranet
 - (g) Artificial Intelligence
 - (h) Computer Graphics
 - (i) Numerical Methods
 - (j) Enterprise Resource Planning
 - (k) Business Information System (BIS)
 - (l) Decision Support System
 - (m) Telecommunication
5. EG 3205 CT Social and Professional issues in IT
6. EG 3206 CT Major Project

Multimedia Technology

EG 3201 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

The main objective of this course covering three main domains of Multimedia Systems: Devices, Systems and applications

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. understand basics of audiovisual properties
2. understand communication, synchronization of audio video system

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction:** [4]
What is Multimedia? Multimedia and Personalized Computing, Multimedia on the MAP, Medium, Multimedia system and properties, Data Streams Characteristics, Data Stream Characteristics for Continuous Media, Information Units
- Unit 2. Sound / Audio System:** [3]
Concepts of sound system, Music and speech, Speech Generation, Speech Analysis, Speech Transmission
- Unit 3. Images and Graphics:** [4]
Digital Image Representation, Image and graphics Format, Image Synthesis, Analysis and Transmission
- Unit 4. Video and Animation:** [4]
Video signal representation, Computer Video Format, Television, Computer- Based animation, Animation Language, Methods of controlling Animation, Display of Animation, Transmission of Animation
- Unit 5. Data Compression:** [4]
Storage Space, Coding Requirements, Source, Entropy and Hybrid Coding, JPEG, Lossy Sequential DCT- based Mode, Expanded Lossy DCT-based Mode, Hierarchical mode, MPEG, Video and Audio Encoding, DVI, Audio and still Image Encoding
- Unit 6. Communication Systems in Multimedia:** [4]
Application Subsystem, Transport subsystem, Quality of service and resource management, Trends in collaborative Computing, Trends in Transport Systems, Multimedia Database Management System
- Unit 7. Documents, Hypertext and MHEG (Multimedia and Hypermedia Information Coding Expert Group):** [5]
Documents, Hypertext and Hypermedia, Document Architecture SGML(standard generalized markup language), Document Architecture ODA, MHEG
- Unit 8. User Interfaces:** [4]
Basic Design Issues, Video and Audio at the User Interface, User- friendliness as the Primary Goal
- Unit 9. Synchronization:** [4]

Notation of Synchronization, Presentation Requirements, Model for Multimedia Synchronization, Specification of Synchronization

Unit 10. Abstractions for programming: [4]
Abstractions Levels, Libraries, System Software, Toolkits, Higher Programming Languages, Object –oriented approaches

Unit 11. Multimedia application: [5]
Program and Structure, Media Preparation, Media Composition, Media Integration, Media Communication, Media Consumption, Media Entertainment, Trends in multimedia applications

Practical: [45]

There shall be application lab exercises covering all features of multimedia system

References books:

1. Multimedia: Computing, Communications and Applications, Ralf Steinmetz and Klara Nahrstedt, Pearson Education Asia
2. Multimedia Communications, Applications, Networks, Protocols and Standards, Fred Halsall, Pearson Education Asia
3. Multimedia Systems, John F. Koegel Buford, Pearson Education Asia

E-Commerce

EG 3202 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 3 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course aims to guide the students in both the theoretical and practical aspects of developing computer solutions for real-world problems. One will study the tools and techniques used in analysis and design of software systems, and apply those tools within a recognized software development methodology and within the context of a case study.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to understand the community concept and development of E-Commerce sites.

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction: [5]**
Technologies for E-Commerce, Personal web server, Internet information server, ASP page Contain scripts, Contain objects and components, Database access, Application of E-Commerce.
- Unit 2. System Configuration: [6]**
Designing the server farm: Community servers, Database server, Multiple server support, staging and development server management; Server management: Development environment, Web server setup, Server backups, Security, Database setup, Load planning, Browser Consideration
- Unit 3. Sample Application and Guest Register: [10]**
Building the data table: Utilizing a SQL-based relational database, Designing the database table, Building stored procedures; Building the HTML form: Programming the script code, End user interaction, Administrating reporting; Testing the application; Guest registration basics, Building the database: Designing the relational database, Building the stored procedures; Building the user interface, Building the management interface, Testing the application
- Unit 4. User Content Contributions: [5]**
Designing the application, Building the database, Building the user interface: Author sign up, Author login and validation, Author management, Book management; Testing the application
- Unit 5. Personalization and Search, Promotion and Traffic Tracking: [4]**
Designing the application, Building the database, Building the user interface Testing, the user interface
- Unit 6. Discussion Forums: [5]**
Designing the application, Building the database: Tables, Stored procedures; Building the user interface, Building the management interface, Testing, the user interface

Unit 7. Polls and Surveys: [5]
Designing the application, Building the database: Table structure, stored procedures; Building the management interface, Building the user, interface, testing the user interface

Unit 8. Best Practices and Scalability: [5]
System architecture: System hardware, Load balancing, Three-tier architecture, Considerations; Database best practices: Configuring and utilizing SQL server, Redundancy and reliability, Database design; IIS best practices, programming

Practical: [45]

The laboratory exercises should cover all the features mentioned above.

References books:

1. Noel Jerke, "*E-Commerce Developer's Guide to Building Community and using Promotional Tools*", BPB Publications, 2001.
1. Stephen Walther and Jonathan Levine, "*Sams Teach Yourself E-Commerce Programming with ASP in 21 days*", Techmedia, 2000.
2. Vivek Sharma, Rajiv Sharma, "*Developing e-Commerce Sites: An Integrated Approach*", Pearson Education, 2000

IT Entrepreneurship Development

EG 3203 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 7 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: 2 hours/week
Lab: hours/week

Course Description:

This course is intended to familiarize students with various uses of human resource for earning a decent means of living by enhancing the individual potential to canalize for growth and development. This course deals with the techniques of complete surveying and opportunity identification, project report preparation, study of managerial and legal aspects of small business and environmental impact on business plan.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to:

1. familiarization with various uses of human resource for earning a decent means of living
2. understanding the concept & process of entrepreneurship - its contribution & role in the growth and development of individual and the nation
3. acquiring entrepreneurial quality, competency and motivation
4. learning the process & skills of creation and management of entrepreneurial venture
5. enhancing the individual potential so that it can be canalized for growth and development
6. further, it becomes helpful in using these inputs to developing social prosperity and enhancing the individual and the national income

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Entrepreneurship:** [4]
- 1.1 Concept/Meaning
 - 1.2 Need
 - 1.3 Competencies/qualities of an entrepreneur
- Unit 2. Entrepreneurial Support System:** [8]
- 2.1 District Industry Centers (DICs)
 - 2.2 Commercial Banks
 - 2.3 State Financial Corporations
 - 2.4 Small Industries Service Institutes, Small Industries Development Bank of Nepal, Agriculture Development Bank, National Small Industries Corporation, and other relevant institutions/organizations at State level
- Unit 3. Market Survey and Opportunity Identification (Business Planning):** [10]
- 3.1 How to start a small scale industry
 - 3.2 Procedures for registration of small scale industry
 - 3.3 List of items reserved for exclusive manufacture in small scale industry
 - 3.4 Assessment of demand and supply in potential areas of growth
 - 3.5 Understanding business opportunity
 - 3.6 Considerations in product selection
 - 3.7 Data collection for setting up small ventures
- Unit 4. Project Report Preparation:** [6]
- 4.1 Preliminary Project Report

- 4.2 Techno-Economic feasibility report
- 4.3 Project Viability
- Unit 5. Managerial Aspects of Small Business: [10]**
 - 5.1 Principles of Management (Definition, functions of management viz planning, organisation, coordination and control)
 - 5.2 Operational Aspects of Production
 - 5.3 Inventory Management
 - 5.4 Basic principles of financial management
 - 5.5 Marketing Techniques
 - 5.6 Personnel Management
 - 5.7 Importance of Communication in business
- Unit 6. Legal Aspects of Small Business: [6]**
 - 6.1 Elementary knowledge of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Patent Rules, Excise Rules
 - 6.2 Factory Act and Payment of Wages Act
- Unit 7. Environmental considerations: [6]**
 - 7.1 Concept of ecology and environment
 - 7.2 Factors contributing to Air, Water, Noise pollution
 - 7.3 Air, water and noise pollution standards and control
 - 7.4 Personal Protection Equipment (PPEs) for safety at work places
- Unit 8. Miscellaneous: [10]**
 - 8.1 Human relations and performance in organization
 - 8.2 Industrial Relations and Disputes
 - 8.3 Relations with subordinates, peers and superiors
 - 8.4 Motivation – Incentives, Rewards, Job Satisfaction
 - 8.5 Leadership
 - 8.6 Labour welfare
 - 8.7 Workers participation in management

Practical: [30]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Recommended books:

1. A Handbook of Entrepreneurship, Edited by BS Rathore and Dr JS Saini; Aapga Publications, Panchkula (Haryana)
2. Entrepreneurship Development by CB Gupta and P Srinivasan, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
3. Environmental Engineering and Management by Suresh K Dhamija, SK Kataria and Sons, New Delhi 99
7. Handbook of Small Scale Industry by PM Bhandari
8. Marketing Management by Philip Kotler, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
9. Total Quality Management by Dr DD Sharma, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
10. Principles of Management by Philip Kotler TEE Publication

(e) Data Mining & Data Warehousing

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course is an introduction to Data mining. It covers topics to understand the fundamental aspects of data warehousing and data mining.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. explain the basic aspects of data mining and decision support fundamentals and techniques
2. explain the data collection, cleaning, and aggregation issues
3. utilize a data mining query language
4. utilize statistical techniques for analyzing data

Course Contents:

- | | | |
|----------------|--|-------------|
| Unit 1. | An Overview of Database Systems: | [10] |
| 1.1 | Review of traditional processing & its limitations <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Evolution of Database systems• Database Applications & users• Main characteristics of the Database approach | |
| 1.2 | Database Languages <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Structured Query Language (SQL)• Functional Dependencies• Data Manipulation Language | |
| Unit 2. | Data warehousing: | [14] |
| 2.1 | Data warehouse design <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Definition• star schemas• fact tables• dimensions• dimension hierarchies• Data mart | |
| 2.2 | OLAP and Data mining <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Definition | |
| 2.3 | Data warehouse physical design <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Partitioning• Parallelism• Compression• indexes | |

Unit 3. Data warehouse construction:	[10]
3.1 Introduction	
3.2 Data extraction	
• Data transformation	
• Loading and refreshing.	
Data warehouse support by Oracle	
3.3 OLAP architectures	
• SQL extensions for OLAP	
Unit 4. Data mining models:	[16]
4.1 Statistical Method	
• Probability (averaging, mean square deviation)	
• Maximum likely hood methods	
• Baysaien	
4.2 Decision tree	
• Information gain	
• Decision tree learning	
• Classification	
4.3 Neural network	
• Supervised neural networks	
• Perception	
• Back	
4.4 Cluster analysis	
• k means	
• Hierarchical clustering	
Unit 5. Data mining applications:	[10]
5.1 Techniques for mining large databases	
• text mining	
• web mining	
• visual data mining	
5.2 Data mining support in SQL Server	
5.3 Oracle	
5.4 Data mining standards	
• Privacy and security issues.	

Practical: **[45]**

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Text books:

1. J. Han, M Kamber, Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Morgan Kaufmann, 2001, ISBN 1-55860-489-8.

Reference books:

1. Decision Support Systems and Intelligent Systems By Turban, E., et. al. (Prentice Hall)
2. I. Foster. Designing and Building Parallel Programs, Addison Wesley (1995),

(f) Internet/Intranet

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: 3 hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

The purpose of this course is to provide the practical knowledge and skills to design and setup Internet and Intranet. The focus of the course is on the practical application of internetworking technologies to private Intranets for Information management and public Internets for electronic commerce. Students will learn theoretical details, strategies for designing sites, techniques for creating their technical infrastructures, methods for developing content, and techniques for site deployment and management. Students will develop various Intranet and Internet applications and setup servers as part of practical sessions.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. understand basic principle of internet & intranet
2. understand basic features of application layer and transport layer protocols
3. understand security in computer net works
4. apply security in computer net works

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction:

[10]

- 1.1 History of Internet and Intranet
- 1.2 Growth of World Wide Web
- 1.3 Network Protocol
- 1.4 Overview of OSI and TCP/IP Model
- 1.5 A service Description
- 1.6 The Network Edge
 - End Systems, Clients and Servers
 - Connectionless and Connection oriented Services
- 1.7 The Network Core
 - Circuit Switching ,packet switching and Virtual circuit switching
- 1.8 Delay and Loss in Packet-Switched Networks
- 1.9 Internet Access overview
 - Residential Access
 - Company Access
 - Mobile Access
- 1.10 Physical Media
 - Twisted Pair Copper Wire
 - Coaxial Cable
 - Fiber Optics
 - Terrestrial Radio Channels
 - Satellite Radio Channels
- 1.11 ISPs and Internet Backbones
 - Tier 1 ISPs

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tier 2 ISPs • Tier 3 ISPs 	
Unit 2.	Application Layer Protocol:	[12]
2.1	Principles of Application layer protocols	
2.2	Relationship Between Application layer and Transport	
2.3	Client and Server Sides of an Application	
2.4	Process Communicating Across a Network	
2.5	Addressing Processes	
2.6	User Agents	
2.7	Application Layer Protocols	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Web and HTTP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overview of HTTP • Non-persistent and Persistent Connection • HTTP Message Format • User Interaction: Authorization and Cookies • The Conditional GET • File Transfer Protocol (FTP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction • FTP Commands and Replies • Mail Transfer and Mail Access Protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simple Mail Transfer Protocol(SMTP) • Post Office Protocol 3(POP 3) • Internet Mail Access Protocol(IMAP) • Web Based Email • Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) • Telnet • Domain Name System(DNS) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Provided by DNS • Overview of How DNS Works 	
2.8	Web Caching	
2.9	Peer to Peer File Sharing	
Unit 3.	Transport Layer:	[6]
3.1	Introduction and Transport Layer Services	
3.2	Relationship Between Transport and Network Layer	
3.3	Transport Layer Protocol	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connectionless Transport :User Datagram Protocol(UDP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UDP segment Structure • Advantages and Disadvantages of Using UDP • Where to use UDP • Connection Oriented Transport: Transmission Control Protocol(TCP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Principles of Reliable Data Transfer • TCP Segment Structure 	
Unit 4.	Network Layer and Routing:	[17]
4.1	Introduction and Service Models	
4.2	The Internet Protocol	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Major Components • IP V4 Datagram Structure • Classes ,IP V4 Addressing and Subnetting • IP Datagram Fragmentation with Analysis 	
4.3	Routing in Internet	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction of Routing • Exterior Routing Protocol(EGP) and Interior Routing Protocol(IGP) • Types 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Static Routing • Dynamic Routing • Distance Vector Routing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Routing Information Protocol(RIP) - Interior Gateway Routing Protocol(IGRP) - Enhanced Gateway Routing Protocol(EIGRP) - Border Gateway Protocol • Link State Routing Protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) 	
4.1	Moving a Datagram From Source to Destination: Addressing ,Routing and Forwarding	
4.2	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	
4.3	Network Address Translation (NAT)	
4.4	What's Inside a Router	
4.5	Internet Protocol version 6 (IPV6) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction of IPV6 and its features • IPV6 Datagram Format • Translating From IPV6 to IPV4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dual Stack approach and • Tunneling 	
Unit 5.	Intranets:	[2]
5.1	Introduction	
5.2	Resources in Intranet	
5.3	Services in Intranet	
5.4	Usage, Benefit and Disadvantages of Intranet	
Unit 6.	Multimedia networking:	[3]
6.1	Introduction of Multimedia Networking	
6.2	Multimedia Networking Applications	
6.3	Examples of Multimedia Applications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Streaming Stored Audio and video • Streaming Live Audio and Video • Real Time Interactive Audio and Video 	
6.4	Hurdles for multimedia in Today's Internet	
6.5	How Should Internet evolve to support Multimedia Better?	
Unit 7.	Security in computer networks:	[8]
7.1	Introduction of Network Security	
7.2	Desirable Properties of Secure Communication	
7.3	Principles of Cryptography <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of Private keys • Symmetric key Cryptography <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mono alphabetic cipher • Poly alphabetic cipher • Data Encryption Standard • Public key Encryption <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of public and private Keys 	
7.4	Authentication	
7.5	Message Integrity and Basic Concept of generating Digital Signature	
7.6	Role of Key Distribution center(KDC)	
7.7	Access Control: Firewalls <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction • Types of Firewall <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Packet Filtering Firewalls and • Application Level Gateways 	

- Attacks and Countermeasures
 - Mapping
 - Packet Sniffing
 - Spoofing
 - Denial of Service (DOS) Attack and Distributed DOS
 - Hijacking
- Secure Socket Layer (SSL)

Unit 8. Electronic Commerce: [2]

- 8.1 Introduction
- 8.2 E-marketing
- 8.3 Credit Card Verification
- 8.4 Payment Gateways

Practical: [45]

1. Assigning various class of IP address to end user devices, Subnetting.
2. Installation of Various Network Operating Systems (Windows Server /Linux).
3. Configuring DNS
4. Configuring HTTP server, FTP Server
5. C configuring DHCP service
6. Configuring NAT
7. Use of Various type of Packet Capture Software(Ethereal etc)

References books:

1. Computer Networking *James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross*
2. Computer Networks *Tanenbaum*
3. Internet and Intranet Engineering *Daniel Minoli*

(g) Artificial Intelligence

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with basics of artificial intelligence, knowledge representation, inference and reasoning, machine learning and applications of artificial intelligence.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able:

1. provide basic knowledge of Artificial Intelligence
2. proved the knowledge of Machine Learning, Natural Language, Expert Systems and Neural Network

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Goals in problem-solving: [7]**
1.1 Goal schemas, use in planning, Concept of non-linear planning, Means–end analysis, Production rules systems, forward and backward chaining, Mycin-style probabilities and its application
- Unit 2. Intelligence: [6]**
2.1 Introduction of intelligence, Modeling, humans vs. engineering performance, Representing intelligence using and acquiring knowledge
- Unit 3. Knowledge Representation: [7]**
3.1 Logic, Semantic networks, Predicate calculus, Frames
- Unit 4. Inference and Reasoning: [10]**
4.1 Inference, theorems, Deduction and truth, maintenance, Heuristic search, State-space representations, game playing. Reasoning about uncertainty Probability, Bayesian networks, Case-based Reasoning
- Unit 5. Machine Learning: [10]**
5.1 Concepts of learning (based on Winston), Learning by analogy, Inductive bias learning, Neural networks, Genetic algorithms, Explanation based learning, Boltzmann Machines
- Unit 6. Application of artificial intelligence: [20]**
6.1 Neural networks: Network Structure, Adaline, Madaline, Perceptron, Multi-layer Perceptron, Radial Basis Function, Hopfield network, Kohonen Network, Elastic net model, back-propagation
6.2 Expert Systems: Architecture of an expert systems, Knowledge acquisition, induction, Knowledge representation, Declarative knowledge, Procedural knowledge, Knowledge elicitation techniques, Intelligent editing programs, Development of expert systems
6.3 Natural language Processing: Levels of analysis: Phonetic, syntactic, semantic, pragmatic, Machine Vision: Bottom-up approach, edge extraction, line

detection, line labeling, shape recognition, image interpretation, need for top-down, hypothesis-driven approaches.

Practical:

[45]

- 1 Laboratory exercises should cover the design and development of artificial intelligence using the LISP and Prolog software.
- 2 Laboratory exercises must be designed to develop Search, Inference including forward and backward chaining in Object-Oriented Language, Design and implementation of Artificial Neural Networks

References books:

1. E. Rich & K. Knight, "*Artificial Intelligence*", McGraw-Hill, 1991
2. Haykin "*Neural Networks: A Comprehensive Fundamentals*", Macmillan, 1994
3. E. Turban, "*Decision Support and Expert Systems*", Macmillan, 1993
4. R. Shingal, "*Formal Concepts in Artificial Intelligence*", Chapman & Hall, 1992
5. G. Gazdar & C. Mellish, "*Natural Language Processing in Prolog: and introduction to computational linguistics*", Addison-Wesley, 1989
6. D. Crookes, "*Introduction to Programming in Prolog*", Prentice Hall, 1988.
7. P. H. Winston, "*Artificial Intelligence*", Addison-Wesley, 1984
8. Beale & Jackson "*Neural Computing*", Aam Higler, 1990
9. Hecht-Neilson "*Neurocomputing*", Addison-Wesley, 1990
10. G. F. Luger & W. A Stubblefield, "*Artificial Intelligence*", Benjamin Cummings, 1993
11. James A. Freeman, David M. Skapura, "*Neural Networks: Algorithms, Applications, and Programming Techniques*", Pearson Education Asia, 2001

(h) Computer Graphics

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with graphics hardware, geometry and line generation, graphical primitives, polygons, transformations, segments, windows and clipping, three dimensional views, hidden surfaces and lines, light, color and shading, and introduction to animation.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to

- 1 acquire the knowledge of different algorithm of geometrical properties and the object transformation
- 2 understand graphical hardware and lighting properties

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction: [2]**
1.1 History of Computer Graphics, Application of Computer Graphics
- Unit 2. Graphics Hardware: [5]**
2.1 Mouse (Mechanical and Optical), Keyboard, Light pen, Touch panel (Optical, Sonic, and Electrical), Tablets(Electrical, Sonic, Resistive), Monochromatic and color CRTs, Raster and Vector Display Technology
- Unit 3. Geometry and Line Generation: [12]**
3.1 Introduction, Lines, Line Segments, Perpendicular Lines, Distance between a Point and a Line, Vectors, Pixels and Frame Buffers, Vector Generation, Bresenham's Algorithm, Antialiasing of Lines, Thick Line Segments, Character Generation, Display the Frame Buffer
- Unit 4. Graphical Primitives: [4]**
4.1 Introduction, Display Devices, Primitive Operations, The Display File Interpreter, Normalized Device Coordinates, Display-File Structure, Display-File Algorithms, Display Control, Text, The Line-Style Primitive
- Unit 5. Polygons: [4]**
5.1 Introduction, Polygons, Polygons Representations and Entering, Polygon Interfacing Algorithms, Filling Polygons, Initialization and Antialiasing
- Unit 6. Transformations: [6]**
6.1 Matrices, Scaling Transformations, Rotations, Homogenous Coordination and Translation, Coordinate Transformations, Rotations about an Arbitrary Point, Inverse Transformations, Transformation Routines
- Unit 7. Segments: [5]**
7.1 The Segment Table, Segment Creation, Closing a Segment, Deleting a Segment, Renaming a Segment, Visibility, Image Transformation

- Unit 8. Windows and Clipping:** [5]
8.1 The Viewing Transformation, Viewing Transformation Implementation, Clipping
8.2 The Cohen-Sutherland Outcode Algorithm, The Sutherland-Hodgman Algorithm, The Clipping of Polygons, Adding Clipping, Generalized Clipping, Multiple Windowing
- Unit 9. Three Dimensions:** [5]
9.1 3D Geometry, 3D Primitives, 3D Transformations, Rotations about an Arbitrary Axis, Parallel Projection, Perspective Projection, Viewing Parameters, Special Projections, Conversion to View Plane Coordinates, Clipping in Three Dimensions, Clipping Planes, The 3D Viewing Transformation
- Unit 10. Hidden Surfaces and Lines:** [4]
10.1 Back-Face Removal, Back-Face Algorithms, Z Buffers, Scan-Line Algorithm
- Unit 11. Light, Color and Shading:** [6]
11.1 Diffuse Illuminations, Point-Source Illuminations, Specular Reflection, Shading Algorithms
- Unit 12. Introduction to Animation:** [2]

Practical: [45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

References books:

1. T. I. James D. Foley, A. Van Dam. S.K. Feiner, and J.F. Hughes : Computer Graphics, Principles and practice., PHI
2. D. Harn and M.P. Baker: Computer Graphics, PHI

(I) Numerical Methods

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course is designed to provide the concept of numerical computational procedures for solving various engineering problems

Course Objectives:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. understand the concept for numerical solution of various engineering problems
2. understand the algorithms and programs of different methods used for numerical solution

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Introduction:** [3]
- 1.1 Introduction to numerical methods, and its importance
 - 1.2 Review of calculus, continuity, differentiability and mean value theorem
 - 1.3 Error and causes of error. Truncation error and round off error, absolute error and relative error
- Unit 2. Solution of non-linear equations:** [12]
- 2.1 Introduction to non-linear equations
 - 2.2 Methods of solution of non-linear equations
 - 2.3 Iterative methods; Bracketing and non-bracketing methods
 - 2.4 Bisection method
 - 2.5 False position method
 - 2.6 Secant method
 - 2.7 Newton's method
 - 2.8 Fixed point iteration
 - 2.9 Horner's rule and zeros of polynomial
- Unit 3. Linear algebraic equations:** [12]
- 3.1. Matrices and their properties
 - 3.2. Existence of solution
 - 3.3. Solution by using Gauss elimination method
 - 3.4. Pivoting and its necessity
 - 3.5. Gauss elimination with pivoting
 - 3.6. Gauss Jordan method
 - 3.7. Matrix factorization (LU decomposition); Crout / Dolittle algorithm
 - 3.8. Need and scope of iterative solution of linear equations
 - 3.9. Gauss-Seidel method
- Unit 4. Interpolation and Approximation:** [12]
- Introduction to interpolation and its necessity
 - Polynomial interpolation
 - Lagrange interpolation polynomial
 - Newton's interpolation and divided difference
 - Forward and backward difference table

Spline interpolation and cubic spline interpolation
Introduction to least squares methods of fitting data or functions
Fitting linear equations and transcendental equations
Fitting polynomial function

Unit 5. Numerical Differentiation and Integration: [8]

- 5.1 Numerical differentiation formulas
- 5.2 Differentiating tabulated functions
- 5.3 Trapezoidal rule and composite trapezoidal rule
- 5.4 Simpson's 1/3 rule and composite Simpson's 1/3 rule
- 5.5 Simpson's 3/8 rule and composite Simpson's 3/8 rule
- 5.6 Gaussian integration formulas

Unit 6. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: [9]

- 6.1 Introduction to differential equation
- 6.2 Initial value problems and boundary value problems
- 6.3 Euler's method for solving first order differential equation
- 6.4 Heun's method
- 6.5 Runge-Kutta methods (second and fourth order)
- 6.6 Systems of differential equations

Unit 7. Solution of partial differential equations: [4]

Introduction to partial differential equations and their applications
]Numerical solution of partial differential equations
Laplace's and Poisson's equations

Practical: [45]

The practical exercise shall cover the preparation of algorithm, flow chart and source code for various methods that discussed in theory classes. Students shall compile and execute their codes to solve given mathematical problems in practical classes.

The lab work should include following practical classes:

- Solving non-linear equations using bisection method
- Solving non-linear equations using false position / secant methods
- Newton's method for solving non-linear equations
- Finding zeros of polynomial using Horner's rule
- To solve linear algebraic equations using Gauss elimination method / Gauss Jordan method
- Matrix factorization (LU decomposition)
- Lagrange's interpolation
- Newton's interpolation
- Least squares method of fitting linear function/data
- Numerical differentiation
- Numerical integration
- To solve initial value problem using Runge-Kutta methods

Reference books:

1. Applied Numerical Analysis, by Curtis F. Gerald, Patrick O. Wheatley
2. Numerical Methods, by E Balagurusamy
3. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, by S S Sastry
4. Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, by M. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar, R. K. Jain

(j) Enterprise Resource Planning

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

The course is designed to expose the students about enterprise wise integration of various management functions through open data base, EDI and communication network. It deals with the requirement engineering for the organizational transformation, enterprise system history and rationale for acquisition and implement ERP.

Course Objectives:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. develop motivation; reinforce entrepreneurial traits and the spirit of the enterprises
2. facilitate decision making process for setting up new enterprise via application of IT
3. facilitate successful and profitable operation of the enterprise
4. promote new enterprise creation and development

Course Contents:

Unit 1. Introduction to EFP	[12]
1.1 Basic issues-traditional approach- benefits ERP	
1.2 Integrated management information seamless integration	
1.3 Supply chain management	
1.4 Integrated data model	
1.5 Business engineering and ERP	
1.6 Definition of business engineering	
1.7 Principle of business engineering	
1.8 Business engineering with information technology	
Unit 2. Business modeling for ERP	[12]
2.1 Building the business model-an overview	
2.2 ERP implementation	
2.3 Role of consultant	
2.4 Vendors and users	
2.5 Customization	
2.6 Precautions	
2.7 ERP Post implementation options	
Unit 3. ERP and the competitive advantage	[8]
3.1. ERP domain	
3.2. Industrial and financial systems	
3.3. Baan IV SAP	
3.4. Market dynamics	
3.5. Dynamic strategy	
Unit 4. Rationale for acquiring ERP system	[9]
Description	
Multi-client server solution	
Open technology	

User interface
Application integration
Transaction in ERP System

Unit 5. Architecture [9]

Basic architectural concepts
The system control interfaces
Services
Presentation interface
Database interface

Unit 6. Global ERP application (implementation) [10]

Major challenges associated with global perspective
Implementation strategy and steps
System implementation alternatives
Multiple security requirement involved with ERP
Case studies in ERP implementation

Practical: [45]

Internship exercises would be the server case studies in Business Industries who have been using a high level infrastructure of IT.

Textbooks and Readings:

1. Concepts in Enterprise Resource Planning, Brady, Monk and Wagner, Course Technology, Inc., 2001.
2. ERP: Making it Happen-The Implementers' Guide to Success with Enterprise Resource Planning, Wallace and Kremzar, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2001.
3. Vinod Kumar Garg and N.K. Venkita Krishnan, "Enterprise Resources Planning- Concepts and Practice", PHI, 1998.

(k) Business Information Systems

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

The course structure has three major segments that are viewed as integral parts of a logical and cohesive systems approach to manage information and information technology within a business:

Course Objectives:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. explain fundamentals of business operations and methodology of information systems
2. list and describe the information technology components: hardware, software, database and telecommunications networks
3. manage information systems within a business

Course Contents:

- | | | |
|----------------|--|------------|
| Unit 1. | Foundations of Information Systems in Business: | [6] |
| | 1.1 The major roles of information systems | |
| | 1.2 Information technology | |
| | 1.3 Information system | |
| | 1.4 Information versus data | |
| | • IS resources: | |
| | • Hardware resources | |
| | • Software resources | |
| | • Network resources | |
| | • Data resources | |
| | 1.6 Transaction processing system | |
| | 1.7 Process control system | |
| | 1.8 Electronic Business (E-Business) | |
| | 1.9 Electronic Commerce (E-Commerce) | |
| Unit 2. | Data Resource Management: | [5] |
| | 2.1 Data structure (logical data contents) | |
| | 2.2 Data and database administration | |
| | 2.3 Data modeling | |
| | 2.4 Data dictionary | |
| | 2.5 Database management system (DBMS) | |
| | 2.6 Query language and report generator | |
| | 2.7 Data warehouse | |
| | 2.8 Data mining | |
| | 2.9 Relational database | |
| | 2.10 Distributed database | |
| Unit 3. | Telecommunications and Networks: | [5] |
| | 3.1 Digital versus analog network | |
| | 3.2 Modem | |
| | 3.3 Bandwidth | |
| | 3.4 Network architecture | |

	3.5	Network standards and open systems	
	3.6	Network topology	
	3.7	Local Area Network (LAN) and Wide Area Network (WAN)	
	3.8	Fiber optic cable	
	3.9	Virtual private network	
	3.10	Network management system	
Unit 4.		Introduction to e-Business Systems:	[5]
	4.1	Batch processing	
	4.2	Online (real-time) systems	
	4.3	Inventory control	
	4.4	Cross-functional enterprise applications	
	4.5	Collaboration systems	
	4.6	Computer aided design (CAD) and Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM)	
	4.7	Application (systems) architecture	
	4.8	Financial management systems	
Unit 5.		Enterprise e-Business Systems:	[5]
	5.1	Direct business model	
	5.2	Supply Chain Management (SCM)	
	5.3	Challenges of SCM	
	5.4	Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)	
	5.5	Challenges of ERP	
	5.6	Customer Relationship Management (CRM)	
	5.7	Challenges of CRM	
	5.8	Outsourcing	
	5.9	Business value of IT/IS	
Unit 6.		Electronic Commerce Systems:	[5]
	6.1	Internet, intranet and extranet	
	6.2	B2B E-Commerce	
	6.3	B2C E-Commerce	
	6.4	C2C E-Commerce	
	6.5	Electronic payment systems	
	6.6	Electronic funds transfer	
	6.7	Workflow system	
	6.8	Access control, security and Firewall	
Unit 7.		Decision Support Systems:	[5]
	7.1	Decision structure	
	7.2	Decision support system versus management reporting	
	7.3	Data mining	
	7.4	Online Analytical Processing (OLAP)	
	7.5	Expert system	
	7.6	Artificial intelligence and neural network	
	7.7	Virtual reality	
Unit 8.		Developing Business/IT Strategies:	[7]
	8.1	Competitive advantage and strategies	
	8.2	Strategic information systems	
	8.3	Business vision and Business tactics	
	8.4	Reengineering business processes	
	8.5	Strategic planning	
	8.6	SWOT analysis	
	8.7	Total Quality Management (TQM)	
	8.8	Change management	
	8.9	Information systems architecture	
	8.10	Planning methodology	
	8.11	IT organization	

8.12 Implementation

Unit 9. Developing Business/IT Solutions:	[6]
9.1 Feasibility study	
9.2 Cost/benefit analysis	
9.3 Functional requirements	
9.5 Prototype	
9.6 Systems development life cycle	
9.7 Conversion methods	
9.8 Tangible versus intangible benefits	
9.9 Post implementation review	
9.10 Documentation	
Unit 10. Security and Ethical Challenges:	[6]
10.1 Audit trail	
10.2 Backup files	
10.3 Computer crime	
10.4 Encryption	
10.5 Fault tolerant	
10.6 Procedural controls	
10.7 Ergonomics	
10.8 Disaster recovery	
10.9 Spamming	
10.10 Software piracy	
Unit 11. Enterprise and Global Management of Information Technology:	[5]
11.1 Centralization or decentralization of IT	
11.2 Chief information officer	
11.3 Chief technology officer	
11.4 Downsizing	
11.5 Operations management	
11.6 Outsourcing IT operations	
11.7 Information and development center	

Practical: [45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

Textbooks and Readings

1. Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm (9th Edition) by Kenneth C. Laudon, Jane P. Laudon .
2. *Management Information Systems: Managing IT in the Business Enterprise*, 6th Edition, by James A. Obrien, Irwin McGraw-Hill, 2004.
3. Business: Its Legal, Ethical, and Global Environment by Marianne M. Jennings
4. Analysis & Design of Information System by James A. Senn
5. Essential of Management Information Systems by Laudson
6. Information Technology for Management by Efraim Turban

(I) Decision Support System

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course deals with an overview of management support systems, decision making, system modeling and support, data warehousing, access analysis, mining & visualization, modeling and analysis, group support system and enterprise decision support system.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the students will be able to equip students with the knowledge of DSS in terms of its components, its relation with data warehouses, modeling, analysis, and as a tool for helping decision makers utilize both data and model to solve unstructured problems.

Course Contents:

- Unit 1. Management support systems: An overview: [6]**
- 1.1 Managers and decision making, Managerial decision making and information systems, Managers and computerized support, The need for computerized decision support systems, A framework for decision support, The concept of decision support systems, Group support systems, Executive Information systems, Expert systems and intelligent agents, Artificial neural networks, Knowledge management systems, Supporting enterprise resource planning, Hybrid support systems, Data mining, Data visualization, Business intelligence and the web
- Unit 2. Decision making, systems modeling and support: [8]**
- 2.1 Decision making: Introduction and definitions, Systems and models, Modeling process, Decision making: the intelligence phase, the design phase and the choice phase, Evaluation: Multiple goals, sensitivity analysis, what-if analysis and goal seeking, Implementation phase of decision making, Alternative decision-making models, Personality types, gender, human cognition and decision styles, Decision makers
- Unit 3. Decision support systems: An overview: [6]**
- 3.1 Configurations of DSS, Definition of DSS, Characteristics of DSS, Components of DSS, The data management subsystem, The model management subsystem, The knowledge-based management subsystem, The user interface (dialog) subsystem, DSS hardware, Differences between DSS and MIS, DSS classifications
- Unit 4. Data warehousing, access, analysis, mining and visualization: [8]**
- 4.1 Data warehousing, access, analysis and visualization, The nature and sources of data, Data collection, problems and quality, The internet and commercial database services, Database management systems in DSS, Database organization and structures, Data warehousing, OLAP

- Unit 5. Modeling and analysis:** [8]
5.1 Modeling for MSS, Static and dynamic models, Treating certainty, uncertainty and risk, Influence diagrams, DSS modeling in spreadsheets, Decision analysis of a few alternatives, Optimization, Heuristic programming, Multidimensional modeling-OLAP, Model base management
- Unit 6. DSS development:** [8]
6.1 Introduction to DSS development, The traditional system development life cycle, Alternate development methodologies, Prototyping, DSS technology levels and tools, DSS development platforms, DSS development tool selection, Team-developed DSS, End user-developed DSS, Developing DSS, DSS research directions and the DSS of the future
- Unit 7. Collaborative computing technologies: Group Support Systems:** [8]
7.1 Group decision making, communication and collaboration, Communication support, Collaboration support, Group support systems, Group support systems technologies, Group systems, The GSS meeting process, GSS and collaborative computing issues and research
- Unit 8. Enterprise decision support systems:** [8]
Enterprise systems: concepts and definitions, The evolution of enterprise information systems, The evolution of EIS, Executive's roles and their information needs, Characteristics and capabilities of Executive Support Systems, Comparison of EIS and DSS, Integration of EIS and DSS, EIS, data access, OLAP and the web, Including soft information in enterprise systems, Organizational DSS, Supply and value chains and decision support, Supply chain problems and solutions, Frontline DSS, The future of executives and Enterprise Support Systems

Practical: [45]

The practical should contain all features mentioned above.

References books:

1. Efrain Turban and Jay E. Aronson, Decision Support Systems and Intelligent Systems, Pearson Education Asia.

(m) Telecommunication

EG 3204 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: 4 hours/week
Tutorial: 1 hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course covers introduction to basic telephone communication, switching system, traffic system and Integrated Services Digital Network. Similarly, cellular phone system is also included.

Course Objectives:

After completing this course the student will able to:

1. explain Telephone communication
2. explain different types of telephone
3. able to explore switching system used in Telecommunication industry
4. able to explore signal switching from a systems approach
5. explain Integrated Services Digital Network and cellular system

Course Content:

- Unit 1. Introduction to Telephone:** [8]
- 1.1 Basic Telephone communication
 - Basic switching system
 - Transmission bridge
 - Manual Telephony
 - LB exchange
 - CB exchange
 - Subscriber's line circuit
 - Line circuit
 - CB cord circuit
 - Busy test
 - Junction working
- Unit 2. Electromechanical System:** [8]
- 2.1 Rotary dial Telephone
 - 2.2 Signaling tones
 - 2.3 Strowger switching system
 - 2.4 Principles of crossbar switching
 - Crossbar switch configuration
 - Crossbar exchange organization
 - 2.5 EMD switching system
- Unit 3. Switching System:** [8]
- 3.1 Principles of common control
 - 3.2 Touch tone dial telephone
 - 3.3 Cross point technology
 - No. 1 ESS
 - Japanese D-10

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Metaconta 	
	3.4 100-line switching system, 1000-line blocking exchange, 10,000 line exchange	
Unit 4.	Signal Switching:	[10]
4.1	Stored program control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Software architecture • Application software • Centralized SPC and Distributed SPC 	
4.2	Service Networks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two stage Networks • Three stage Networks • N Stage Networks 	
4.3	Basic time division space switching and Time multiplexed space switching	
4.4	Basic time division time switching and Time multiplexed time switching	
4.5	Combination switching	
Unit 5.	Telephone Traffic System:	[10]
5.1	Network traffic load and parameters	
5.2	Grade of service and blocking probability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blocking models • loss estimation and delay system 	
5.3	Incoming traffic and service time characterization	
5.4	Subscriber loop systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switching hierarchy and routing • Transmission plan 	
5.5	Signaling techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In channel signaling • Common channel signaling. 	
Unit 6.	Integrated Services Digital Network:	[8]
6.1	Motivation for ISDN and New services	
6.2	Network and protocol architecture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transmission channels • User network interfaces • Numbering and addressing 	
6.3	ISDN standards	
6.4	Broadband ISDN and Voice data integration.	
Unit 7.	Cellular Mobile Telephone:	[8]
7.1	Basic cellular system	
7.2	Mobile radio environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trunking • Efficiency • Performance criteria 	
7.3	Operation of cellular systems	
Practical:		[45]
	1. Study of Basic telephone System	
	2. Study of Subscriber's line circuitit	
	3. Study of cross bar switch	
	4. Study of PABX system	
	5. Study of basic Mobile set	
	6. Study visit of telephone company.	

Text books:

1. N.N. Biswas : Principles of Telephony
2. M.T. Hills : Telecommunication Switching Principles
3. T. Viswanathan : Telecommunication Switching Systems and Networks
4. W.C.Y. Lee : Mobile Cellular Telecommunication

Reference books:

1. J.Y. Bryce : Using ISDN
2. J.C. Bellamy : Digital Telephony.

Social and Professional Issues in IT

EG 3205 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 3 hour /week
Lecture: hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical: hours/week
Lab: 3 hours/week

Course Description:

This course is designed to develop understanding of the social and professional issues that arise in the context of computing to the students. Professionals also need to understand the basic cultural, social, legal, and ethical issues inherent in the discipline of computing. They should understand where the discipline has been, where it is, and where it is heading. They should also understand their individual roles in this process, as well as appreciate the philosophical questions, technical problems, and aesthetic values that play an important part in the development of the discipline.

Course Objectives:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to develop the ability to ask serious questions about the social impact of computing and to evaluate proposed answers to those questions. It

1. tend the students to be aware of the basic legal rights of software and hardware vendors and users, and they also need to appreciate the ethical values that are the basis for those rights
2. help the students to understand their own limitations as well as the limitations of their tools
all practitioners must make a long-term commitment to remaining current in their chosen specialties and in the discipline of computing as a whole
3. allow for coverage of methods and tools of analysis (SP3) prior to analyzing ethical issues in the context of different technical areas
4. assure that students who drop out early to enter the workforce will still be introduced to some professional and ethical issues

Course Contents:

Unit 1. History of Computing:	[6]
1.1 Prehistory -- the world before 1946	
1.2 History of computer hardware, software, networking	
1.3 Pioneers of computing	
Unit 2. Social Context of Computing:	[4]
2.1 Introduction to the social implications of computing	
2.2 Social implications of networked communication	
2.3 Growth, control, and access to the Internet	
2.4 Social audits and institutionalizing ethics	
2.5 Gender-related issues	
2.6 International issues	
Unit 3. Methods and Tools of Analysis:	[3]
3.1 Making and evaluating ethical arguments	
3.2 Identifying and evaluating ethical choices	
3.3 Understanding the social context of design	
3.4 Identifying assumptions and values	

Unit 4.	Professional and Ethical Responsibilities:	[5]
4.1	Community values and the laws by which we live	
4.2	The nature of professionalism in IT	
4.3	Various forms of professional credentialing and the advantages and disadvantages	
4.4	The role of the professional in public policy	
4.5	Maintaining awareness of consequences	
4.6	Ethical dissent and whistle-blowing	
4.7	Codes of ethics, conduct, and practice (IEEE, ACM, SE, AITP, and so forth)	
4.8	Dealing with harassment and discrimination	
4.9	"Acceptable use" policies for computing in the workplace	
Unit 5.	Risks and Liabilities of Computer-Based Systems:	[4]
5.1	Historical examples of software risks (such as the Therac-25 case)	
5.2	Safety and the engineers	
5.3	Implications of software complexity	
5.4	Risk assessment and management	
5.5	Risk-Benefit analysis	
Unit 6.	Intellectual Property:	[5]
6.1	Foundations of intellectual property	
6.2	Copyrights, patents, and trade secrets	
6.3	Software piracy	
6.4	Software patents	
6.5	Transnational issues concerning intellectual property	
Unit 7.	Privacy and Civil Liberties:	[4]
7.1	Ethical and legal basis for privacy protection	
7.2	Privacy implications of massive database systems	
7.3	Technological strategies for privacy protection	
7.4	Freedom of expression in cyberspace	
7.5	International and intercultural implications	
Unit 8.	Computer Crime:	[5]
8.1	History and examples of computer crime	
8.2	"Cracking" ("hacking") and its effects	
8.3	Computer fraud, Harassment &stalking, Cyber-terrorism	
8.4	Viruses, worms, and Trojan horses	
8.5	Crime prevention strategies	
Unit 9.	Economic Issues in Computing:	[3]
9.1	Monopolies and their economic implications	
9.2	Effect of skilled labor supply and demand on the quality of computing products	
9.3	Pricing strategies in the computing domain	
9.4	Differences in access to computing resources and the possible effects thereof	
Unit 10.	Philosophical Frameworks:	[6]
10.1	Philosophical frameworks, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Utilitarianism theories • Deontological theories 	
10.2	Problems of ethical relativism	
10.3	Scientific ethics in historical perspective	
10.4	Differences in scientific and philosophical approaches	

Recommended books:

1. Social, Legal and Ethical Issues for Computers and the Internet by Sara Baase.
2. Ethics of Computing: Codes, spaces for discussion and law by Jacques Berleur and Klaus Brunnstein Chapman & Hall.
3. Tom Forester and Perry Morrison, Computer Ethics: Cautionary Tales and Ethical Dilemmas in Computing (2nd ed), MIT Press.

4. Deborah Johnson, Ethical Issues in the Use of Computers (3rd Ed), Wadsworth Publishing Company.
5. Joseph Migga Kizza, Ethical and Social Issues in the Information Age
6. Ethics in Information Technology by Springer-Verlag and George Reynolds, Thomson

Major Project

EG 3206 CT

Year: III
Semester: II

Total: 8 hour /week
Lecture: hours/week
Tutorial: hours/week
Practical: 8 hours/week
Lab: hours/week

Course Description:

This course is to introduce to plan and complete project work related with Information technology under the supervision of an instructor or a supervisor.

Course Objectives:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. develop the ability of a student to tackle, individually, a selected problem to a reasonable depth of understanding
2. develop the ability of a student to organize and produce a professional product using an engineering approach
3. develop the ability of a student to produce technical documentation to a high standard
4. develop the ability of a student to produce an analytical report which communicates the work carried out in the project and evaluates the final product and the student's contribution

Description of the Project Work:

The work carried out must be a practical, problem-solving project. It should be a realistic project in the sense that the product should be useful practically as far as possible.

The project should:

- be intended to develop an IT solution to a practical problem
- be carried out using an engineering approach
- emphasize design
- be carried out individually
- Normally result in the production of a piece of software
- include appropriate technical documentation
- be fully described from inception to completion in a written report produced to a good level of professional competence

Procedure:

1. A detailed project proposal to be submitted to the supervisor or project supervisor for the approval of project work. (10 percent marks for the proposal.)
2. A progress report to be submitted to the supervisor. An oral presentation of about 15 minutes must be given regarding the project work.(35 percent mark)
3. A final written report will be submitted at the end of project work. The report will be evaluated by the project coordinator, the supervisor and the external examiner nominated by the project coordinator. (10 percent project coordinator 20 percent supervisor and 25 percent external examiner.)

Experts involved:

Content Experts:

1. Bikash Bahadur Shrestha, IOE Pulchok Campus
2. Daya Sagar Baral, IOE Pulchok Campus
3. Deepan Chapagain, IOE Pulchok Campus
4. Diwakar Raj Pant, IOE Pulchok Campus
5. Dr. Subarna Shakya, National Information Technology Centre
6. Jaya Ram Timsina, IOE Pulchok Campus
7. Jeetendra Kumar Manandhar, IOE Pulchok Campus
8. Jeevan Kumar Pant, IOE Pulchok Campus
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13. Purushottam Sigdel, IOE Pulchok Campus
14. Rajendra lal Rajbhandari, IOE Pulchok Campus
15. Ram Krishna Maharjan, IOE Pulchok Campus
16. Sanjeeb Prasad Panday, IOE Pulchok Campus
17. Sharad Kumar Ghimire, IOE Pulchok Campus
18. Uttam Mali, IOE Pulchok Campus